



Global Advisor

Views on Aging

February 2019

Key Findings

U.S. Findings

- Overall, working-age Americans (18-64) fall slightly above the global average in terms of optimism about aging and are right in line with the average in what age is considered to be old.
- The older working-age Americans get, the more they prioritize spending time with loved ones and de-emphasizing work.
- Working-age Americans are the most worried about not having enough money to live on, being unable to do things they once could, and losing memory.
- The U.S. has one of the highest proportions of people who believe there is a lack of respect toward the elderly, but working-age Americans are less inclined to believe that the elderly lack political clout.

Global Findings

- Globally, only a third are looking forward to old age, although there is considerable variation between surveyed countries.
- The global average for when we think old age begins is at 66, although this number varies according to respondent age; younger people believe it happens earlier while older people believe old age happens later.
- A majority expect to be fit and healthy in old age and believe it is possible for people to prepare for old age.



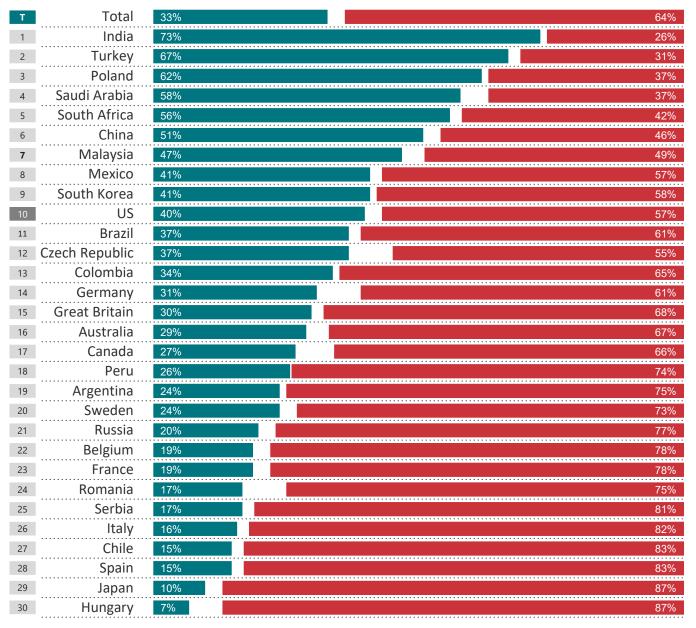
OPTIMISM OF AGING

% who are looking forward

to old age







Base: 20,788 adults aged 16-64 in 30 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018

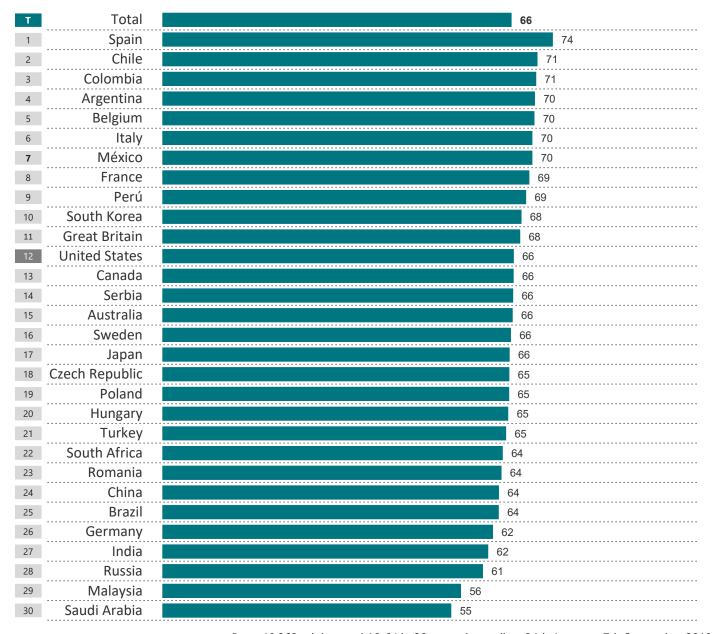
HOW OLD IS OLD?

At what age do you think

people can be considered old



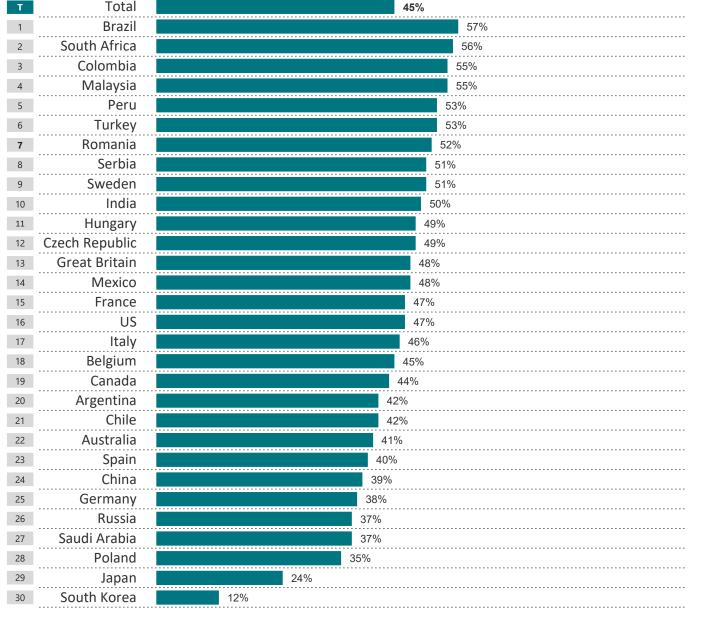




Base: 18,262 adults aged 16-64 in 30 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018

OF FRIENDS

% who have friends who are 15 years older than them

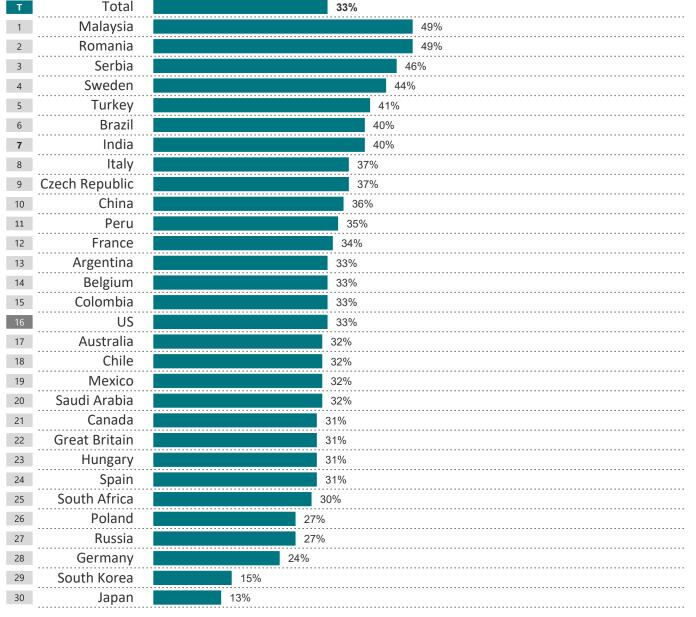




Base: 20,788 adults aged 16-64 in 30 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018

OF FRIENDS

% who have friends who are 15 years younger than them





Base: 20,788 adults aged 16-64 in 30 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018

WHAT'S BEST

ABOUT GETTING OLD

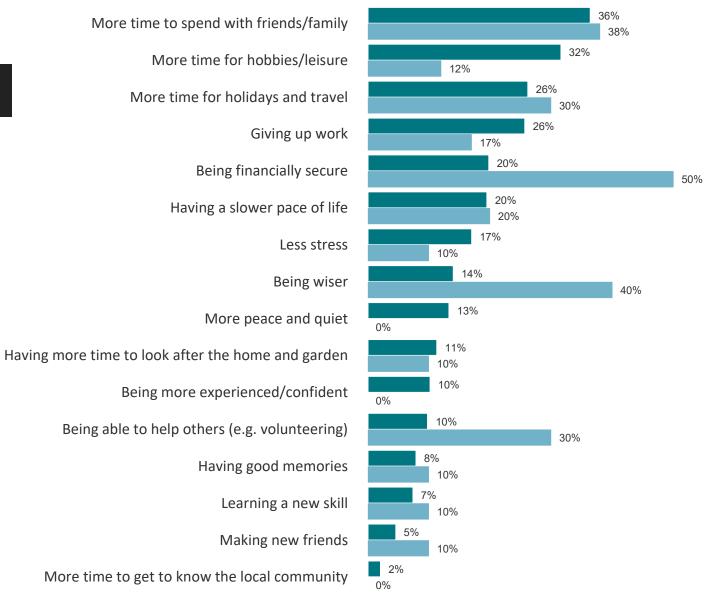
which two / three of the following

best describe the good things

about getting old







Base: Global 20,788 adults aged 16-64, online, US 1,000 adults aged 18-64, 24th August – 7th September 2018

WHAT'S THE WORST

THING ABOUT

GETTING OLD

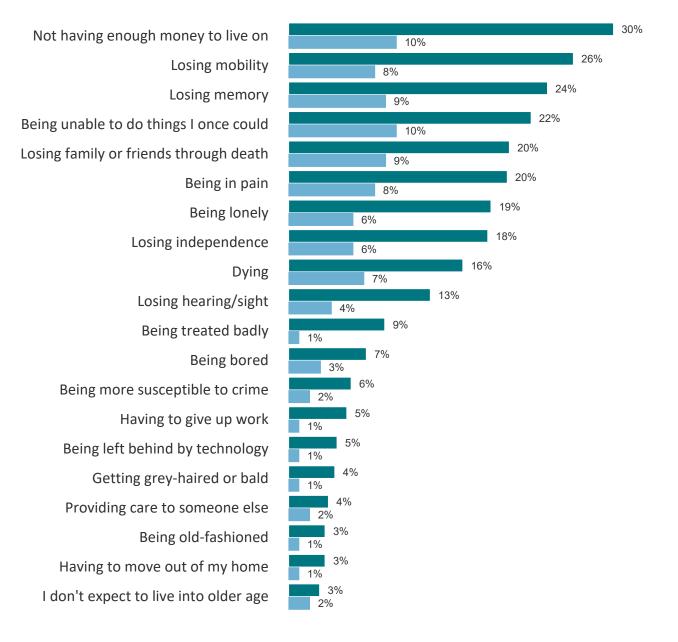
which two / three of the following

personally worry you about

getting old







Base: Global 20,788 adults aged 16-64, online, US 1,000 adults aged 18-64, 24th August – 7th September 2018

WORDS TO DESCRIBE

PEOPLE IN OLD AGE

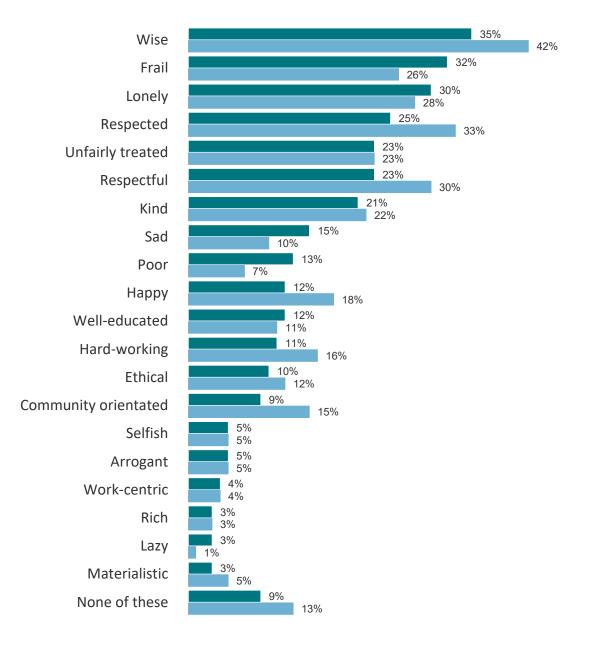
which of these words would you

use to best describe people

in old age







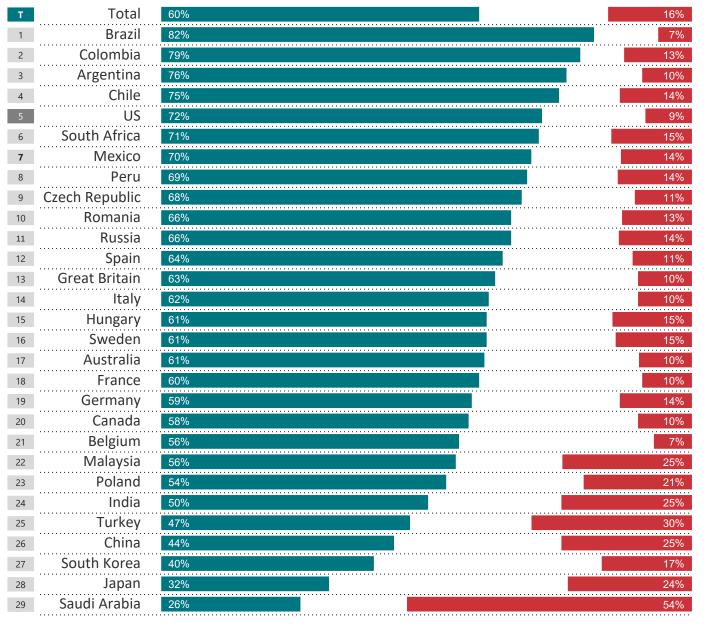
Base: Global 20,788 adults aged 16-64, online, US 1,000 adults aged 18-64, 24th August – 7th September 2018

LACK OF RESPECT TOWARDS THE ELDERLY

% Agree or disagree that people don't respect old people as much as they should







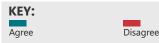
Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August - 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

OF THE ELDERLY

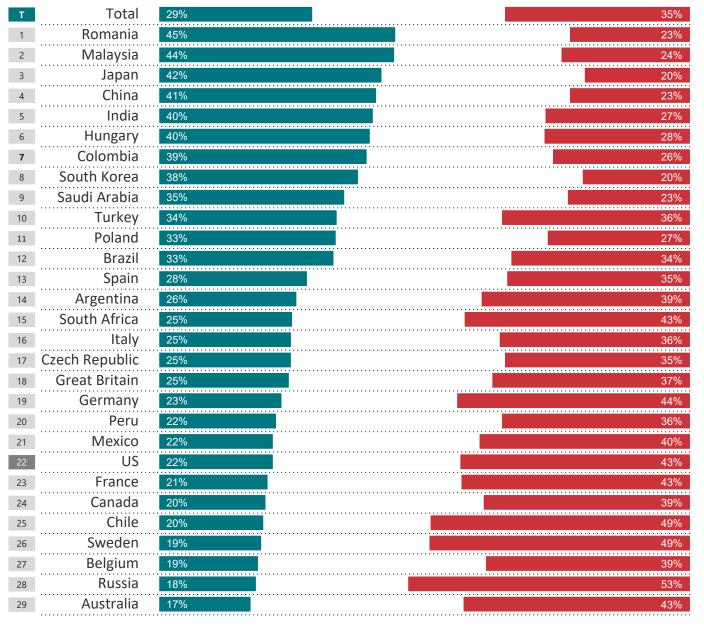
% Agree or disagree that old

people have too much

political influence







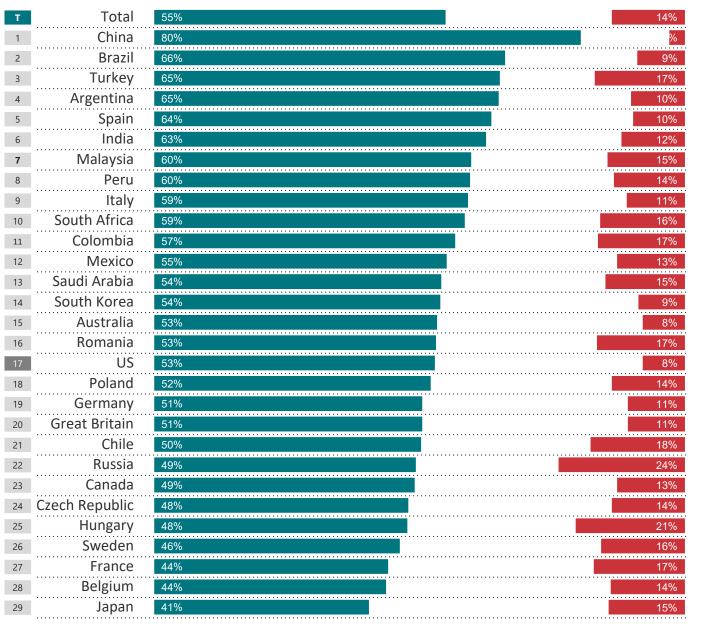
Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

WILL TECHNOLOGY MAKE AGING EASIER

% Agree or disagree that technological developments will improve old age for a lot of people







Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

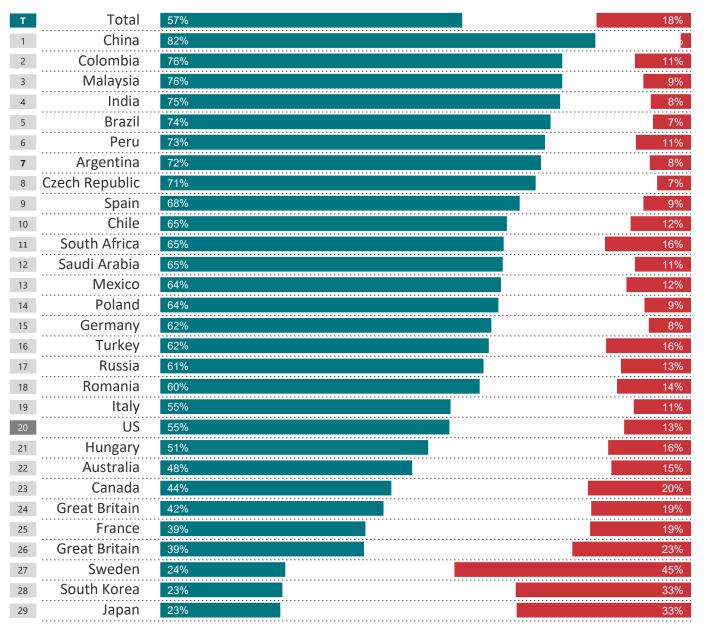
12

SHOULD THE YOUNG CARE FOR THE OLD?

% Agree or disagree that it is the job of the young to care for aging relatives for a lot of people







Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

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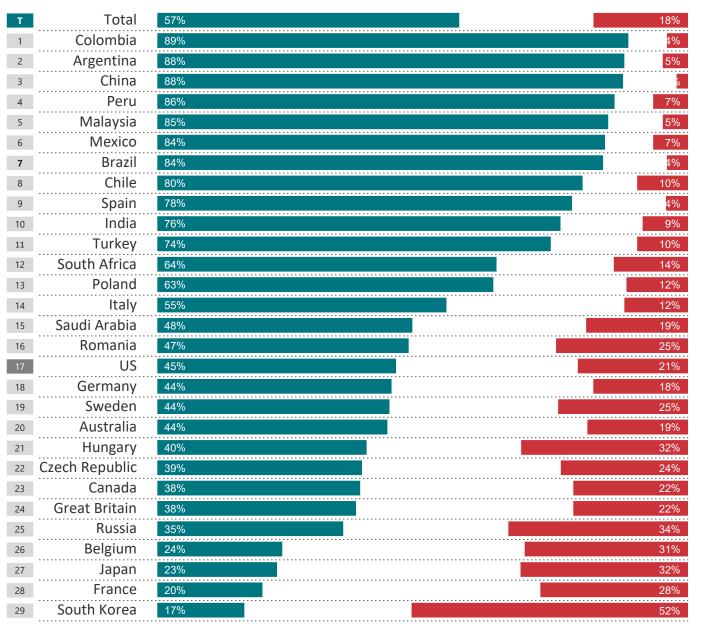
HEALTH IN OLD AGE

% Who expect to be fit

and healthy in old age







Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

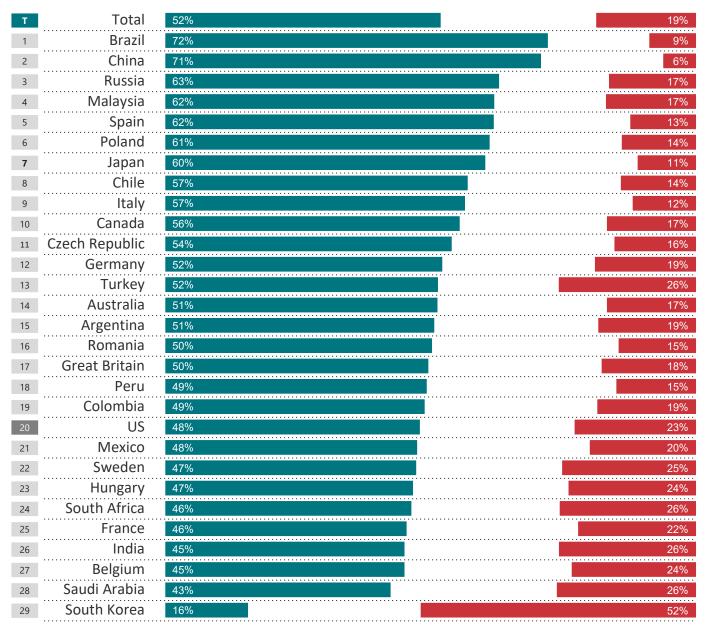
14

DO WE WORRY ABOUT GETTING OLD?

% Who worry about old age



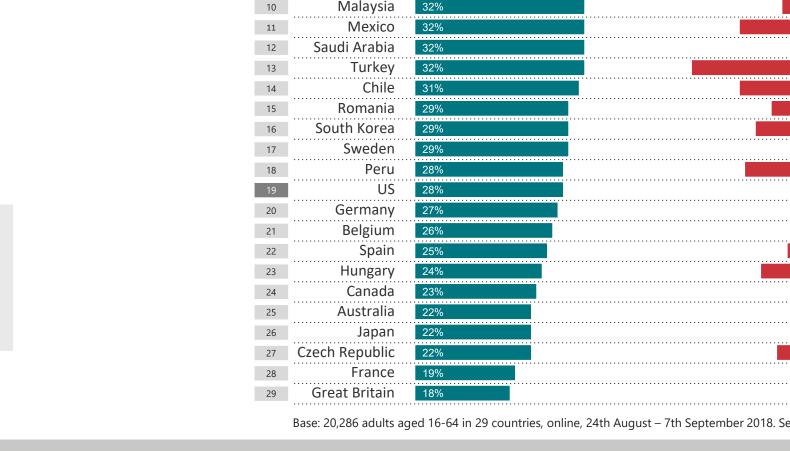




Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

IMPACT OF MEDIA ON FEELINGS ABOUT OLD AGE





South Africa

Argentina Poland Colombia

Brazil

Italy

Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August - 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

PREPARENESS FOR

OLD AGE

% who feel it is

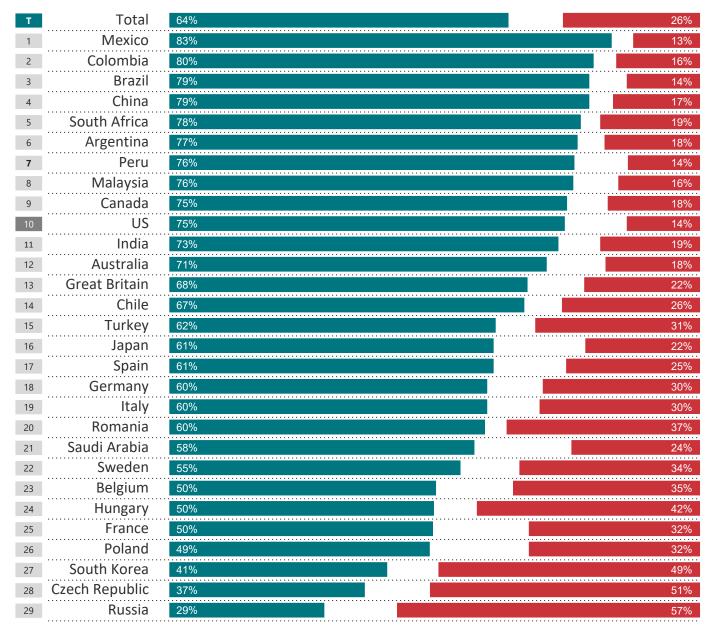
possible to prepare for

old age, or not









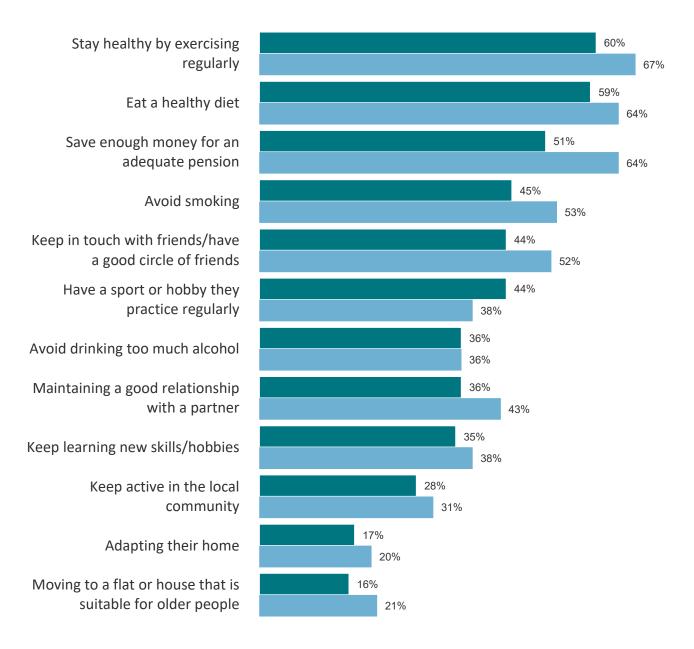
Base: 20,286 adults aged 16-64 in 29 countries, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018. Serbia is not asked in this question

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HOW SHOULD WE PREPARE FOR OLD AGE







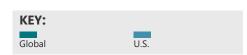
Base: Global 19,398 adults aged 16-64, US 963 adults aged 18-64, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018

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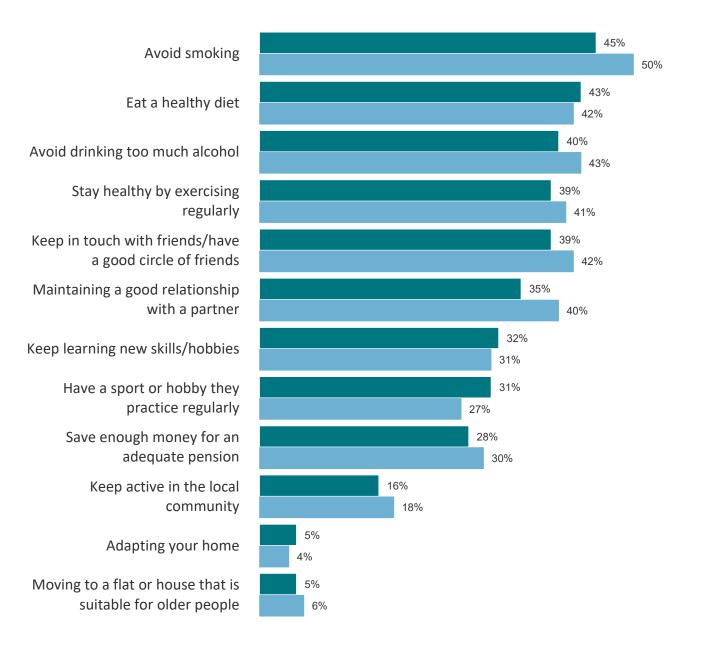
WHAT DO WE DO TO

PREPARE FOR

OLD AGE







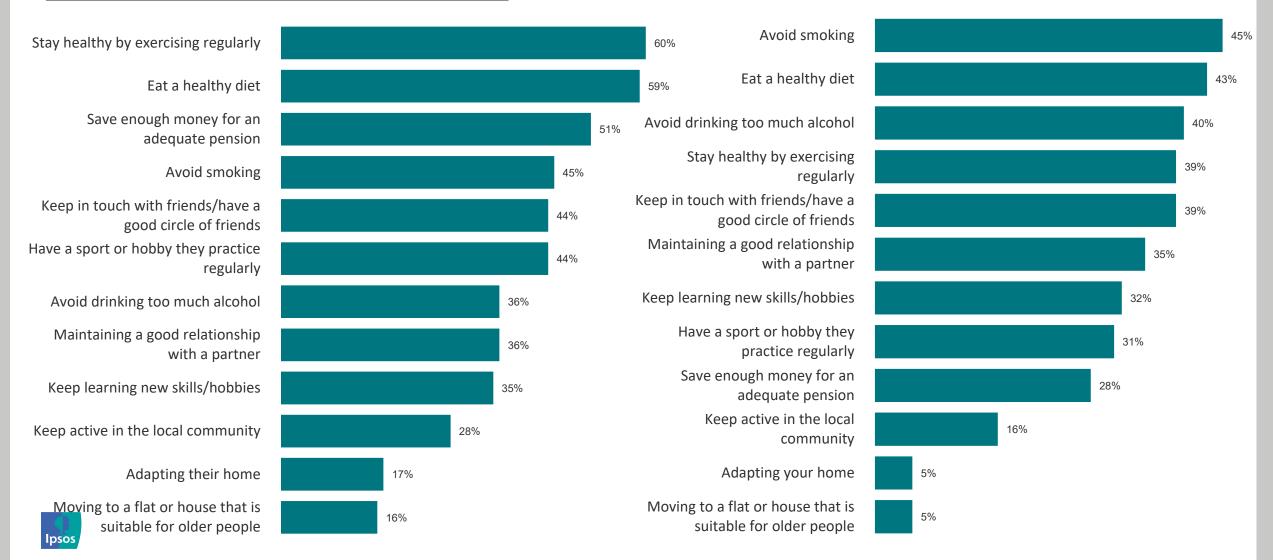
Base: Global 19,398 adults aged 16-64, US 963 adults aged 18-64, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018

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WHAT SHOULD WE DO TO TO PREPARE FOR OLD AGE



WHAT WE ARE ACTUALLY DOING



Base: Global 19,398 adults aged 16-64, online, 24th August – 7th September 2018

Methodology

- These are findings of the Global Advisor survey conducted between 24 August and 7 September 2018. Interviews were conducted using the Ipsos Online Panel system, Global Advisor, among 20,788 online adults aged 16-64 in 28 countries (Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, the Czech Republic, France, Germany, Great Britain, Hungary, India, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, Peru, Poland, Romania, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, South Africa, South Korea, Spain, Sweden and Turkey) and 18-64 in U.S. and Canada.
- Approximately 1000+ individuals participated on a country by country basis via the Ipsos Online Panel, with the exception of Argentina, Belgium, Chile, Hungary, Mexico, Peru, Poland, Romania, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, South Africa, South Korea, Sweden and Turkey, where each have a sample approximately 500+.
- Weighting was then employed to balance demographics and ensure that the sample's composition reflects that of the general adult population according to the most recent country Census data, and to provide results intended to approximate the sample universe. A survey with an unweighted probability sample of this size and a 100% response rate would have an estimated margin of error of +/-3.1 percentage points for a sample of 1,000 and an estimated margin of error of +/- 4.5 percentage points 19 times out of 20 per country of what the results would have been had the entire population of adults in that country had been polled. All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error, and measurement error.
- 15 of the 30 countries surveyed online generate nationally representative samples in their countries (Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Great Britain, Hungary, Italy, Japan, Poland, South Korea, Spain, Sweden and United States).
- Brazil, Colombia, China, Chile, Czech Republic, India, Malaysia, Mexico, Peru, Romania, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, South Africa and Turkey produce a national sample that is more urban & educated, and with higher incomes than their fellow citizens. We refer to these respondents as "Upper Deck Consumer Citizens". They are not nationally representative of their country.
- Where results do not sum to 100, this may be due to computer rounding, multiple responses or the exclusion of don't knows or not stated responses.

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Through specialisation, we offer our clients a unique depth of knowledge and expertise. Learning from different experiences gives us perspective and inspires us to boldly call things into question, to be creative.

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