ITALY IN THE TIME OF COVID-19

Update no. 8 | 6 April 2020



In summary

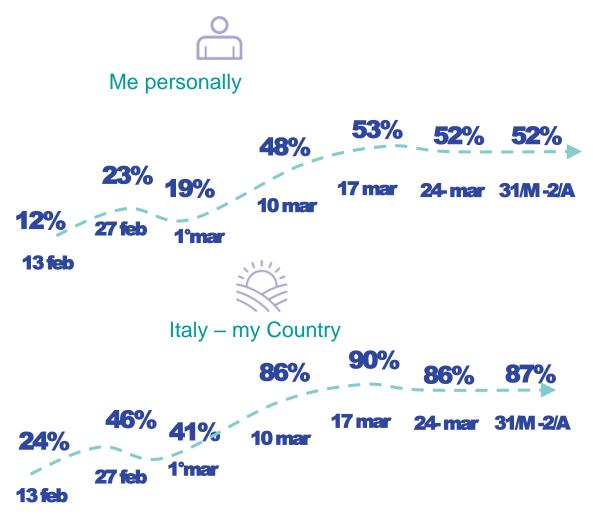
- Levels of perceived threat have not changed over one week. Italians are keeping their guard high, despite talk
 about the curve of infections starting to decline.
- Italians are more united than divided against the emergency. The idea of division convinces only about one fourth of public opinion. However, only a minority believe there is full compliance on rules and directions on social distancing.
- Worries on income, occupation and savings are growing, although concern for personal health, or that of a loved one, is still the top worry for 7 in 10 Italians.
- Self employed workers and small businesses employees are seen as the most disadvantaged categories in the economic fallout; pensioners and large companies employees are seen as more protected in this instance.
- Public economic aid should be directed primarily towards households, says a majority of Italians, to protect and support consumption.
- Half of Italians say the **peak of the crisis has been reached**, while the consensus around a further deterioration of the crisis is shrinking significantly, down to one third.
- The three main institutions ECB, Commission and Parliament are criticised by 50% of citizens and only a scarce majority approves of their intervention.

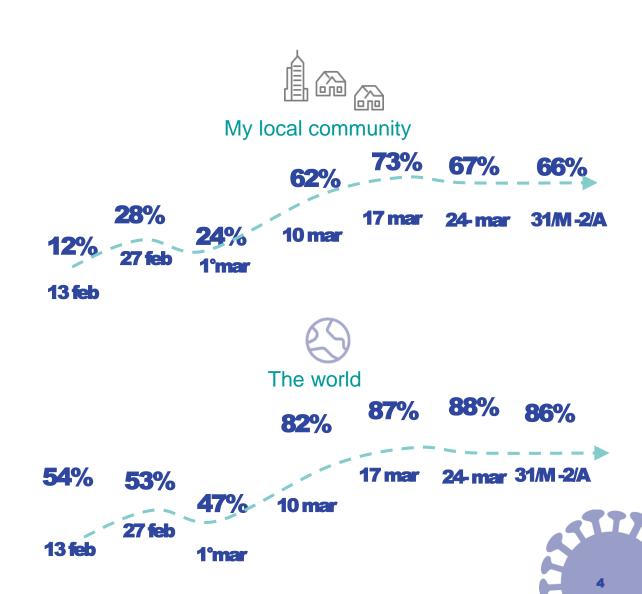


Stop for the growth curve: the perception of threat reaches a plateau



Trend 13 Feb - 2 April





Italians united against the emergency for 7 people in 10

68 Very + fairly united

24-26 March Poll

+1%

26 Poorly + not at all united

-5%



...although compliance to rules and directions is recognised to be a marginal behaviour

30 Italians are proving their sense of civic duty and compliance to rules

There are too many violations, Italians haven't totally understood the importance of staying at home and of obeying the rules



Growing worries around the loss of income, jobs and savings

17-19 March Poll

70

More worried to get the infection, either themselves or family/relatives

-7%

22

More worried for the loss of jobs, income, savings

+6%

8



Negative economic situation will mostly impact selfemployment and small businesses sectors

42 SELF-EMPLOYED WORKERS

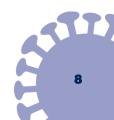
7 ENTREPRENEURS

22 SMALL BUSINESSES EMPLOYEES

2 LARGE COMPANIES EMPLOYEES

11 UNEMPLOYED

1 PENSIONERS



Public economic aid should primarily be aimed at supporting households and their consumption

Primarily to households, to support consumption

29 Primarily to companies, to avoid layoffs



We've reached the peak of the crisis, says a majority. Less than 1/3 believe we are not there, yet

27 The worst has yet to come

17-19 March Poll

-28%

We are now at the peak of the emergency

+20%

6 The worst is over

+4%



EUROPE failure: negative opinions aligned for the three major EU institutions

% positive opinion (v much +fairly)

% negative opinion (fairly + v much)

11 European Central Bank

51

14 European Commission

50

12

European Parliament

50



IPSOS

For more information:

Nando Pagnoncelli - nando.pagnoncelli@ipsos.com

Chiara Ferrari - chiara.ferrari@ipsos.com

