

### Future Care Capital – Adult Social Care Research

- Fieldwork dates: 8<sup>th</sup> – 12<sup>th</sup> September 2017
- All figures in percentages
- Base: All adults aged 16-75 in the United Kingdom
- Data have been weighted to the known population profile
- Interviews conducted online
- An asterisk represents a percentage less than 0.5 but greater than 0
- Numbers may not always add up to 100% due to computer rounding or multiple answers



### Q1

Different people have different views about who should be responsible for delivering adult social care in the United Kingdom.

Which of the following bodies do you think should be responsible for delivering adult social care in the area where you live?

And which ONE do you think should take most responsibility for delivering it?

	Any responsibility %	Most responsibility %
The UK Government	62	32
Local councils / authorities	61	21
The National Health Service (NHS)	53	13
Family and friends of individuals who require adult social care	46	11
The Scottish / Welsh / Northern Irish Government [ONLY SHOWN IN SCOTLAND, WALES & NI]	9	3
Local voluntary groups	20	1
Charities	22	1
Other	6	1
Don't know	12	18

Base: All adults aged 16-75 in the United Kingdom (n = 2,259)

### Q2

To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

	People should be required to plan and prepare financially for later life (for example, by putting money into a pension or savings account) %	People should be required to plan and prepare financially for adult social care services they might require later on in life (for example, by putting money into a pension or savings account or taking out insurance to cover any social care needs) %
Strongly agree	22	12
Tend to agree	45	37
Neither agree nor disagree	20	27
Tend to disagree	8	15
Strongly disagree	3	6
Don't know	2	3
NET Agree	67	49
NET Disagree	11	21

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# Poll Conducted for Future Care Capital

## Adult Social Care Research

### Q3

In the future, as people's life expectancy increases, it is expected that the ability for the UK Government to deliver the required level of adult social care will come under greater pressure. Below are some ways in which people have suggested that the UK Government could reduce pressure on the adult social care system in the future.

How effective, if at all, do you think each of the following would be in reducing pressure on the adult social care system?

The UK Government...

	...investing in technology and home adaptations (for example by installing stair-lifts and handles in bathrooms, etc.) to assist those who require care %	...investing in the prevention of poor health at all stages of life to try and reduce the risk of people developing greater care needs in later life %	...encouraging people to take greater responsibility for their own health %	...providing greater support for unpaid carers %	...increasing the number of people working in health and social care %	...raising the taxes you pay to help pay for more carers %
Very effective	25	27	19	34	37	14
Fairly effective	48	42	36	36	39	38
Not very effective	16	21	32	17	14	28
Not at all effective	3	3	7	5	4	10
Don't know	7	7	6	8	7	10
NET Effective	74	69	55	71	76	52
NET Not effective	19	25	38	21	18	38

Base: All adults aged 16-75 in the United Kingdom (n = 2,259)

### Q4

To increase the amount of funding available for adult social care in the United Kingdom, some people suggest increasing each rate of income tax.

If:

- The basic rate of income tax, which applies to anyone with an annual income over £11,500, increased from 20 pence in every pound to 21 pence in every pound
- The higher rate of income tax, which applies to income over £45,000 [IF ENGLAND, WALES OR NORTHERN IRELAND] / £43,000 [IF SCOTLAND], increased from 40 pence in every pound to 43 pence in every pound
- The additional rate of income tax, which applies to income over £150,000, increased from 45 pence in every pound to 50 pence in every pound

To what extent would you support or oppose increasing each rate of income tax by these amounts, in order to increase the amount of funding available for adult social care?

	The basic rate (from 20p to 21p) %	The higher rate (from 40p to 43p) %	The additional rate (from 45p to 50p) %
Strongly support	17	23	29
Tend to support	33	33	29
Neither support nor oppose	20	19	18
Tend to oppose	14	12	12
Strongly opposed	11	6	6
Don't know	6	6	6
NET Support	50	57	58
NET Oppose	25	18	18

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