

Press Release

Ipsos poll: Canadian Attitudes on Automobiles

Canadians like driving and are receptive to electric vehicles, but worry about their viability

Washington, DC, March 28, 2018 — As technology and electronics integrate further into society, Ipsos seeks to understand how receptive Canadian consumers are to these changes. In order to do this, Ipsos has polled 1,000 Canadians on their views of self-driving or electric cars and how these burgeoning industry changes will affect their lives.

Canadians seem very attached to their cars. For many, a car is more than a vehicle to move from location to location: it is a reflection of their personality or self. 77% of Canadians agree with the sentiment that their car reflects who they are, and 59% consider themselves as passionate about cars, trucks, motorcycles, or other vehicles.

Given this attachment to their cars, it is unsurprising that Canadians prefer to continue driving their cars manually. Canadians are split on whether their view of a self-driving car is positive (55%) or negative (45%). If given the choice between a self-driving car or a manual car at equivalent cost, a strong majority (69%) would prefer to continue using the vehicle they personally drive. Cost is a factor in this decision, however. If offered a self-driving car that costs less to own and maintain than a car today, only 44% would still prefer to continue using their personal vehicle.

Canadians are reluctant to give up the human element of a car, however, a majority seem to understand the impact cars have on our environment. In recent years, electric cars have been put forth as a method of reducing car emissions, and the public seems receptive to the idea. 72% agree that they have a generally positive opinion of electric cars. Despite this, the general approval of electric cars has not seemed to translate into a desire for action as only 5% of Canadians responded that they were interested in buying an electric car when they next purchase a car with 28% saying they might.

The main obstacles explaining the difference in approval of electric cars and desire to own one center around the logistics of personally owning an electric car rather than a gas powered one. If they owned an electric car, 88% of Canadians demonstrated concern over their ability to find a charging station when out in public. Since electric vehicles are a newer technology, a similarly high percentage (84%) are concerned with finding a mechanic to help keep their electric cars on the road. Other high concern issues center on increased electricity bills at home when charging their cars (81%), durability (78%), reliability (79%), and safety features (65%).

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What is the make of the vehicle you currently drive most often?

| | Total, n = 1,000 respondents |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Toyota | 12% |
| Chevrolet | 11 |
| Honda | 9 |
| Ford | 9 |
| Dodge | 7 |
| Hyundai | 6 |
| Nissan | 4 |
| Mazda | 4 |
| Кіа | 4 |
| Jeep | 3 |
| GMC | 2 |
| Subaru | 2 |
| Volkswagen | 2 |
| Audi | 1 |
| Mercedes-Benz | 1 |
| Chrysler | 1 |
| Buick | 1 |
| Mitsubishi | 1 |
| Acura | 1 |
| Lincoln | 1 |
| BMW | 1 |
| Volvo | 1 |
| Ram | * |
| Cadillac | * |
| Lexus | * |
| Infiniti | * |
| Fiat | * |
| Scion | * |
| Porsche | * |
| Other | 3 |
| Do not drive | 15 |

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What is the model year of this vehicle?

| | Total |
|-------------------|-------|
| Earlier than 2013 | 58% |
| 2013-2014 | 14 |
| 2015-2016 | 16 |
| 2017-2018 | 8 |
| Don't know | 4 |

1. How much, if at all, do you feel that the car you drive reflects your personality or self?

| | Total |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Reflects a great deal | 20% |
| Reflects somewhat | 36 |
| Reflects a little | 21 |
| Does not reflect at all | 23 |
| Reflects (Net) | 77% |

2. Do you consider yourself a car person or someone who is passionate about cars, trucks, motorcycles, or other vehicles you drive yourself?

| | Total |
|----------------|-------|
| Yes, very much | 13% |
| Yes, somewhat | 22 |
| Yes, a little | 25 |
| No, not at all | 41 |
| Yes (Net) | 59% |

3. Thinking about where you live, which of the following places/locations would it be easy for you to walk to?

| | Total |
|--|-------|
| Public park | 61% |
| Grocery store | 58 |
| Public transportation (bus stop, rail station, etc.) | 54 |
| Restaurants | 50 |
| School | 42 |
| Retail shopping center | 32 |
| Sports fields/arenas | 31 |
| Place of worship | 29 |

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| A gym/fitness center | 28 |
|--------------------------------|----|
| Entertainment centers (movie | 16 |
| theaters, concert halls, etc.) | 10 |
| Work/your job | 15 |
| None of these | 14 |

4. And of this same list, which of the following places do you currently actually walk to?

| | Total |
|---|-------|
| Public park | 40% |
| Grocery store | 36 |
| Public transportation (bus stop, rail station, etc.) | 26 |
| Restaurants | 26 |
| Retail shopping center | 19 |
| Sports fields/arenas | 13 |
| School | 11 |
| Work/your job | 10 |
| A gym/fitness center | 8 |
| Place of worship | 7 |
| Entertainment centers (movie theaters, concert halls, etc.) | 7 |
| None of these | 31 |

5. And again of this same list, which of the following places would you like to be able to walk to?

| | Total | |
|--------------------------------|-------|--|
| Grocery store | 45% | |
| Restaurants | 41 | |
| Public park | 36 | |
| Retail shopping center | 36 | |
| Work/your job | 31 | |
| Entertainment center (movie | 30 | |
| theaters, concert halls, etc.) | | |
| Public transportation (bus | 23 | |
| stop, rail station, etc.) | 23 | |
| A gym/fitness center | 22 | |
| Sports field/arenas | 19 | |
| School | 16 | |
| Place of worship | 13 | |

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| | None of these | 18 |
|--|---------------|----|
|--|---------------|----|

6. How necessary is it for you to have a car to get to work?

| | Total, n = 1,000 |
|---|------------------|
| I definitely need to have a vehicle to | 56% |
| get to work | 5070 |
| I could probably get to work without | 24 |
| a vehicle if I needed to | 24 |
| I don't need a vehicle at all to get to | 20 |
| work | 20 |

7. Now please think about features of cars in the future. Imagine that your car could suggest things to you as you are driving around town, based on the places you are passing along your route. – *Total answering useful.*

| | Total |
|---|-------|
| Letting you know you are nearing a gas or charging station if you are low on gas or battery | 81% |
| Reminders about appointments (such as doctor visits) | 67 |
| Telling you about specials or sales at stores you've shopped at | 51 |
| Reminding you about services that you do on a regular basis (like dry cleaning or haircuts) | 38 |
| Asking you in the morning if you'd like to stop by a coffee shop you've been to before | 31 |
| Pointing out stores that you've shopped at before | 31 |
| Notifications that you're passing restaurants you've been to before | 30 |

8. Again thinking about cars in the future, manufacturers are working now on self-driving cars. Have you seen, read, or hear anything about self-driving cars in the news?

| | Total |
|--------------------|-------|
| Yes, a great deal | 20% |
| Yes, a little | 62 |
| No, nothing at all | 18 |
| Yes (Net) | 82% |



9. And what is your view of self-driving cars?

| | Total |
|-------------------|-------|
| Very positive | 12% |
| Somewhat positive | 43 |
| Somewhat negative | 32 |
| Very negative | 14 |
| Positive (Net) | 55% |
| Negative (Net) | 45 |

10. Assuming the cost of self-driving cars is comparable to what it costs to your own car now, which would be your preference:

| | Total |
|---|-------|
| To continue using a vehicle that you personally drive | 69% |
| To switch to using a self-driving vehicle | 31 |

11. And if self-driving cars cost **much less** to own and maintain than it costs to own and maintain a car today, what would be your preference?

| | Total |
|---|-------|
| To continue using a vehicle that you personally drive | 44% |
| To switch to using a self-driving vehicle | 56 |

12. Imagine for a moment that the self-driving cars are proven to be completely safe and that the cost is the same as today's cars. In this scenario, would you favor or oppose **only** allowing self-driving cars on the road.

| | Total |
|-----------------|-------|
| Strongly favor | 16% |
| Somewhat favor | 39 |
| Somewhat oppose | 27 |
| Strongly oppose | 19 |
| Favor (Net) | 54% |
| Oppose | 46 |



13. In your opinion, how likely or unlikely is each of the following scenarios? – Total answering likely.

| | Total |
|--|-------|
| In the near future, the safety of self-driving | |
| vehicles will mean that auto insurance is cheaper | 54% |
| if you own a self-driving vehicle | |
| In 10 years time, there are the same number of | |
| self-driving vehicles on the streets as vehicles | 49 |
| people drive themselves | |
| In the near future, auto companies will stop | |
| producing vehicles people drive themselves and | 34 |
| only produce self-driving vehicles | |
| In the near future, state and federal governments | 30 |
| will pass laws requiring vehicles to be self-driving | 50 |

14. How many road trips, where you drive a significant distance do you take in a typical year?

| | Total |
|-----------|-------|
| 5 or more | 33% |
| 4 | 8 |
| 3 | 10 |
| 2 | 19 |
| 1 | 15 |
| None | 14 |

15. If you had regular access to a self-driving car, rather than having to drive yourself, would you:

| | Total |
|--|-------|
| Take more road trips | 35% |
| Travel longer distances by vehicle, instead of flying | 31 |
| Go to different places than if you had to drive yourself | 30 |
| Travel with different types of entertainment other than just the vehicle radio | 30 |
| Take a different/more scenic route | 29 |
| Change what time of day you plan to travel | 24 |
| Go to more events/destinations that you do now | 22 |
| Stop at more places along the way | 16 |



| Travel with more people in the vehicle | 16 |
|--|----|
| None of these | 33 |

16. Electric cars are cars that need to be charged, and then run on electricity. What is your view of electric cars?

| | Total |
|-------------------|-------|
| Very positive | 25% |
| Somewhat positive | 47 |
| Somewhat negative | 21 |
| Very negative | 7 |
| Positive (Net) | 72% |
| Negative (Net) | 28 |

17. Do you currently own an electric car (not including hybrid cars, only fully electric ones)?

| | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-------|
| Yes, I own a fully electric vehicle | 2% |
| No | 98 |

18. Do you know anyone that currently drives an electric car?

| | Total |
|-----|-------|
| Yes | 19% |
| No | 81 |

19. And do you plan to buy another/an electric car the next time you purchase a vehicle?

| | Total |
|------------|-------|
| Yes | 5% |
| Maybe | 28 |
| No | 55 |
| Don't know | 12 |

a) Of those who currently own an electric car, do you plan to buy another electric car the next time you purchase a vehicle?

| | Total, n = 29 |
|-------|---------------|
| Yes | 41% |
| Maybe | 51 |
| No | 8 |

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b) Of those who do not currently own an electric car, do you plan to buy another electric car the next time you purchase a vehicle?

| | Total, n = 971 |
|------------|----------------|
| Yes | 4% |
| Maybe | 28 |
| No | 56 |
| Don't know | 12 |

20. The government currently provides a subsidy to people who own electric cars to encourage their use. Would you still plan to buy an electric car next time you purchase a vehicle if the government took away this subsidy?

| | Total, n = 84 |
|---|---------------|
| Definitely would still purchase an | |
| electric vehicle even if there is no | 37% |
| subsidy | |
| Probably would still purchase an | |
| electric vehicle even if there is no | 39 |
| subsidy | |
| Probably would not still purchase an | 17 |
| electric vehicle if there is no subsidy | 17 |
| Definitely would not still purchase an | 7 |
| electric vehicle if there is no subsidy | / |
| Would still purchase (Net) | 76% |
| Would not still purchase (Net) | 24 |

21. How interested, if at all, are you in owning an electric car?

| | Total, n = 793 |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| Very interested | 10% |
| Somewhat interested | 34 |
| Not too interested | 29 |
| Not at all interested | 28 |
| Interested (Net) | 43% |
| Not interested (Net) | 57 |



22. How appealing are each of the following features of electric cars to you personally? – Total answering appealing.

| | Total | |
|--|-------|--|
| Electric vehicles are half the cost of gas- | 89% | |
| powered vehicles to operate | 0970 | |
| Electric vehicles can go 500 miles on a single | 83 | |
| charge | 03 | |
| Electric vehicles need service less often than | 88 | |
| gas-powered vehicles do | 00 | |
| Electric vehicle owners receive a large tax | 88 | |
| benefit from the government | 00 | |

23. How concerning, if at all, are each of the following? – Total answering concerning.

| | Total |
|--|-------|
| The ability to find a charging station when out in public | 88% |
| The increased electricity bill at my home | 81 |
| The reliability of electric vehicles | 79 |
| The ability for an electric vehicle to reach highway speeds | 72 |
| The safety features of electric vehicles | 65 |
| The durability of electric vehicles | 78 |
| Finding a mechanic who knows how to work on electric vehicles | 84 |

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About the Study

These are findings from an Ipsos poll conducted February 23 – 26, 2018. For the survey, a sample of roughly 1,000 adults age 18+.

The sample for this study was randomly drawn from Ipsos's online panel (see link below for more info on "Access Panels and Recruitment"), partner online panel sources, and "river" sampling (see link below for more info on the Ipsos "Ampario Overview" sample method) and does not rely on a population frame in the traditional sense. Ipsos uses fixed sample targets, unique to each study, in drawing sample. After a sample has been obtained from the Ipsos panel, Ipsos calibrates respondent characteristics to be representative of the Canadian Population using standard procedures such as raking-ratio adjustments. The sample drawn for this study reflects fixed sample targets on demographics. Post-hoc weights were made to the population characteristics on gender, age, race/ethnicity, region, and education.

Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online nonprobability sampling polls. All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error. Where figures do not sum to 100, this is due to the effects of rounding. The precision of Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus 3.5 percentage points for all respondents. Ipsos calculates a design effect (DEFF) for each study based on the variation of the weights, following the formula of Kish (1965). This study had a credibility interval adjusted for design effect of the following (n=1,000, DEFF=1.5, adjusted Confidence Interval=3.5).

For more information about conducting research intended for public release or Ipsos' online polling methodology, please visit our <u>Public Opinion Polling and Communication</u> page where you can download our brochure, see our public release protocol, or contact us.

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