



PRESS RELEASE

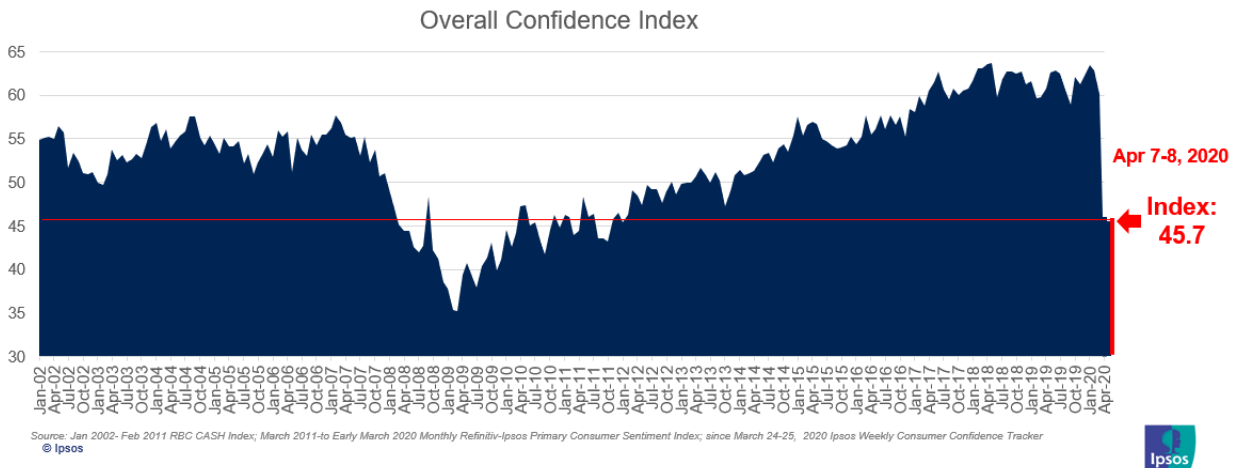
As Americans are staying put, consumer confidence is not moving

After a precipitous fall, U.S. consumer sentiment has barely changed over the past two weeks

Washington, DC, April 9, 2020 -- A new Ipsos survey conducted on April 7-8 finds that U.S. consumer sentiment is nearly unchanged from the past two weeks, following a drop of almost 15 points witnessed earlier in March. The apparent stability of the overall consumer confidence hides two opposite trends: a continued slump in confidence about the jobs situation and outlook, combined with a rebound of confidence in investments and future expectations.

Detailed Findings

1. With an index score of 45.7 this week, overall consumer confidence has barely budged from its levels of last week (45.4) and two weeks ago (46.0).
 - However, consumer confidence is almost 18 points lower than it was at the beginning of the year (63.4) and almost 15 points lower than it was barely a month ago (60.1).



2. Confidence in the jobs situation and outlook continues to decline significantly as the Jobs sub-index fell by 2.3 points over the past week and is now 22.3 points lower than in early March and 11.6 points below the historical average based on 18 years of tracking.
 - In contrast, sub-indices indicative of sentiment about the investment climate and, notably, for future expectations are showing signs of a slight rebound.

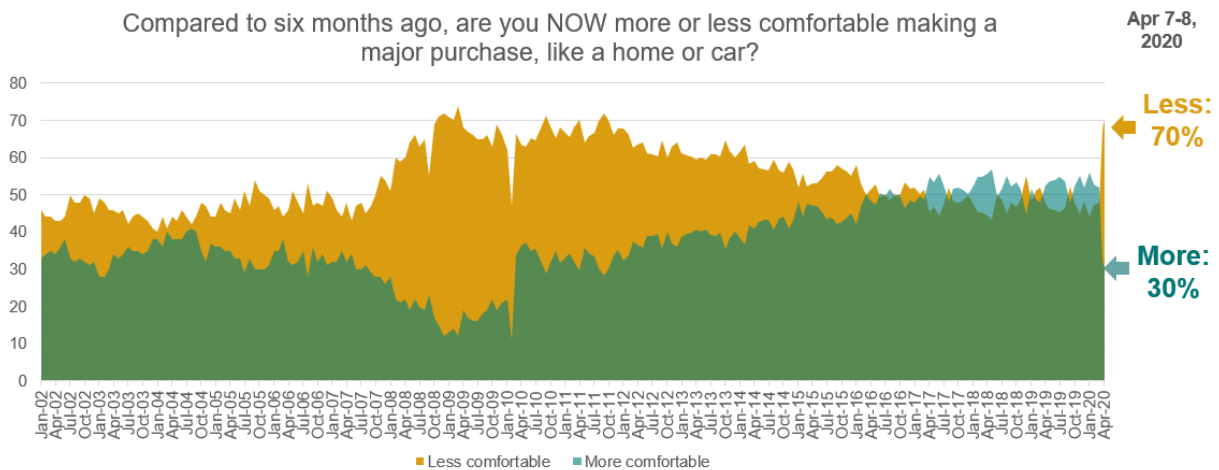




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Sub-indices			
Current: Financial situation; local economy; purchasing, employment and investment confidence	Expectations: Outlook about personal financial situation, community economy and employment	Investment: Purchasing and investment confidence, personal financial situation and outlook	Jobs: Job security confidence, job loss experience and employment outlook
New (4/7-8): 35.6	New (4/7-8): 59.1	New (4/7-8): 41.4	New (4/7-8): 47.4
Change vs. Last week: +1.1 Early March: -17.8 Historical average: -9.2	Change vs. Last week: +2.8 Early March: -4.5 Historical average: -1.7	Change vs. Last week: +2.0 Early March: -13.2 Historical average: -6.4	Change vs. Last week: -2.3 Early March: -22.3 Historical average: -11.6

- Today, 70% say they are less comfortable making a major purchase, like a home or car, compared to six months ago.
 - This is up 22 points from three weeks ago (48%), but almost unchanged from last week (69%)



Sources: Jan 2002- Feb 2011 RBC CASH Index; March 2011-to date Monthly Refinitiv-Ipsos Primary Consumer Sentiment Index; since March 24-25, 2020 Ipsos Weekly Consumer Confidence Tracker

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- Almost two thirds (64%) say they are less comfortable making other household purchases now, compared to six months ago.
 - This is up 21 points from three weeks ago (43%), but down three points from last week (67%)

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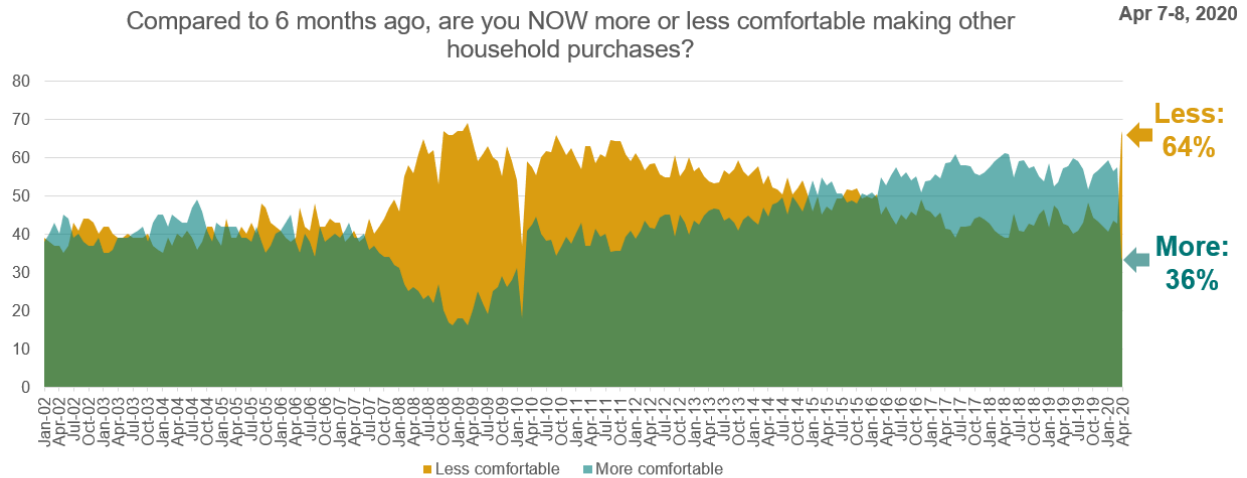
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GAME CHANGERS





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Source: Jan 2002- Feb 2011 RBC CASH Index; March 2011-to date Monthly Refinitiv-Ipsos Primary Consumer Sentiment Index; March 25 2020 Ipsos Weekly Consumer Confidence Tracker
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Questions

The data used for the Consumer Confidence index and sub-indices is based on the following questions:

1. Now, thinking about our economic situation, how would you describe the current economic situation in US? Is it... very good, somewhat good, somewhat bad or very bad?
2. Rate the current state of the economy in your local area using a scale from 1 to 7, where 7 means a very strong economy today and 1 means a very weak economy.
3. Looking ahead six months from now, do you expect the economy in your local area to be much stronger, somewhat stronger, about the same, somewhat weaker, or much weaker than it is now?
4. Rate your current financial situation, using a scale from 1 to 7, where 7 means your personal financial situation is very strong today and 1 means it is very weak
5. Looking ahead six months from now, do you expect your personal financial situation to be much stronger, somewhat stronger, about the same, somewhat weaker, or much weaker than it is now?
6. Compared to 6 months ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making a major purchase, like a home or car?
7. Compared to 6 months ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making other household purchases?
8. Compared to 6 months ago, are you NOW more or less confident about job security for yourself, your family and other people you know personally?
9. Compared to 6 months ago, are you NOW more or less confident of your ability to invest in the future, including your ability to save money for your retirement or your children's education?
10. Thinking of the last 6 months, have you, someone in your family or someone else you know personally lost their job as a result of economic conditions?
11. Now look ahead at the next six months. How likely is it that you, someone in your family or someone else you know personally will lose their job in the next six months as a result of economic conditions?





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About the Study

These findings are based on data from an Ipsos survey conducted April 7-8, 2020 with a sample of 988 adults aged 18-74 from the continental U.S., Alaska and Hawaii who were interviewed online in English.

The sample was randomly drawn from Ipsos' online panel (see https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/2017-03/Ipsos_IIS_NAAccessPanelsRecruitment_.pdf), partner online panel sources, and "river" sampling (see <https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/AAPOR-Online-sources-2018.pdf>) and does not rely on a population frame in the traditional sense. Ipsos uses fixed sample targets, unique to each study, in drawing a sample. After a sample has been obtained from the Ipsos panel, Ipsos calibrates respondent characteristics to be representative of the U.S. Population using standard procedures such as raking-ratio adjustments. The source of these population targets is U.S. Census 2016 American Community Survey data. The sample drawn for this study reflects fixed sample targets on demographics. Post-hoc weights were made to the population characteristics on gender, age, race/ethnicity, region, and education.

Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online non-probability polls. All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error. Where figures do not sum to 100, this is due to the effects of rounding. The precision of Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus 3.5 percentage points for all respondents. Ipsos calculates a design effect (DEFF) for each study based on the variation of the weights, following the formula of Kish (1965). This study had a credibility interval adjusted for design effect of the following (n=970, DEFF=1.5, adjusted Confidence Interval=+/-5.0 percentage points).

Findings from March 2010 to early March 2020 are based on data from Refinitiv /Ipsos' Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI) collected in a monthly survey on Ipsos' Global Advisor online survey platform with the same questions. For the PCSI survey, Ipsos interviews a total of 1,000+ U.S. adults aged 18-74. The Refinitiv/Ipsos Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI), ongoing since 2010, is a monthly survey of consumer attitudes on the current and future state of local economies, personal finance situations, savings and confidence to make large investments. The PCSI metrics reported each month consist of a "Primary Index" based on 10 questions available upon request and of several "sub-indices" each based on a subset of these 10 questions. Those sub-indices include a Current Index, an Expectations Index, an Investment Index and a Jobs Index.

Findings for January 2002- February 2011 are based on data from the RBC CASH Index, a monthly telephone survey of 1,000 U.S. adults aged 18 and older conducted by Ipsos with a margin of error of +/- 3.1 percentage points.





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About Ipsos

Ipsos is the world's third largest market research company, present in 90 markets and employing more than 18,000 people.

Our passionately curious research professionals, analysts and scientists have built unique multi-specialist capabilities that provide true understanding and powerful insights into the actions, opinions and motivations of citizens, consumers, patients, customers or employees. We serve more than 5000 clients across the world with 75 business solutions.

Founded in France in 1975, Ipsos is listed on the Euronext Paris since July 1st, 1999. The company is part of the SBF 120 and the Mid-60 index and is eligible for the Deferred Settlement Service (SRD).

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