

Eight in 10 Australians Favour Allowing Abortion: Ipsos Global Advisor Survey

Sydney, **August 17**, **2020** — Eight in ten adults surveyed in Australia (78%) and 70% globally say abortion should be permitted, according to a new Ipsos Global Advisor survey of nearly 17,500 men and women from 25 countries.

In Australia, 57% say abortion "should be permitted whenever a woman decides she wants one" and 21% say it "should be permitted under certain circumstances, such as if a woman has been raped." Only 3% say that abortion should not be permitted under any circumstances.

Globally, 44% say abortion "should be permitted whenever a woman decides she wants one" and 26% say it "should be permitted under certain circumstances, such as if a woman has been raped." Only 5% say that abortion should not be permitted under any circumstances.

Ipsos Australia Director, Jess Elgood, said: "The findings show that among the majority of Australians – and particularly Australian women – a woman's right to an abortion is broadly accepted and this acceptance has remained at consistently high levels over the last six years. However, the survey also highlights that this is still a very contentious issue in many countries. The study reveals that in some countries – such as South Korea, Russia and Mexico – there have been significant shifts in public attitudes over recent years towards greater acceptance of abortion. In contrast, in countries such as South Africa and Turkey, public opinion is becoming less supportive of abortion."

A woman's right to have an abortion is most widely accepted in Europe, with 80% saying it should be permitted. Sweden tops the ranking with an 88% acceptance rate, followed by Belgium (87%), France (84%), and Great Britain, the Netherlands, and Spain (83% in all three countries). Outside of Europe, abortion is most widely accepted in South Korea (79%), Australia (78%) and Canada (77%).

Latin America shows lower acceptance rates with 62% of adults surveyed across the region saying abortion should be permitted. Only 26% of respondents across five Latin American countries agree a woman may have an abortion whenever she wants, while 36% accept that it may happen under certain circumstances, such as rape. Overall acceptance of abortion in the region ranges from just 48% in Peru and 53% in Brazil to 72% in Argentina – the only Latin American country surveyed where acceptance is above the global average.

Among all 25 countries in the survey, Malaysia is the one where abortion is least accepted. Only 24% of Malaysians polled say it should be permitted either whenever a woman wants it or in certain circumstances such as a rape. Malaysia shows the largest proportion of survey respondents saying abortion "should not be permitted, except when the life of the mother is in danger" (48% vs. a global average of 12%).

Women in general and adults with a higher education level show greater acceptance, particularly in saying abortion is a woman's decision.



Ipsos has been tracking global views on abortion since 2014. Results have remained steady through the years in most countries, although abortion acceptance has increased significantly in South Korea, Russia and Mexico.

Later this year, Argentina's Congress is expected to vote on a new abortion bill and, in accordance with a court ruling, abortion should be legalised in South Korea. On March 8th this year, women actively fought for their rights in Chile, Argentina and Mexico, as well as other Latin American countries, to mark International Women's Day.

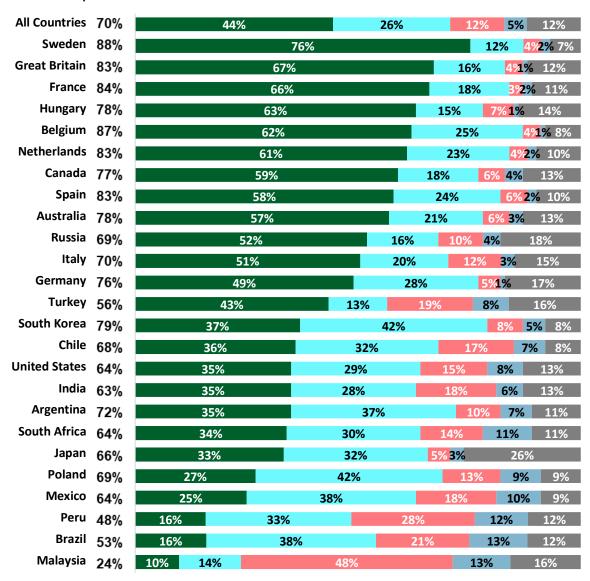
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Total % SHOULD be permitted



- Abortion SHOULD be permitted whenever a woman decides she wants one
- Abortion SHOULD be permitted in certain circumstances, such as if a woman has been raped
- Abortion should NOT be permitted under any circumstances, except when the life of the mother is in danger
- Abortion should NEVER be permitted, no matter what circumstance exists
- Don't know/Prefer not to say



About the Study

These are the results of a survey conducted by Ipsos on the Global Advisor platform. Ipsos interviewed a total of 17,997 adults aged 18-74 in United States, Canada, Malaysia, South Africa, and Turkey, and 16-74 in 20 other countries on its Global Advisor online survey platform, between May 22 and June 5, 2020.

This study did not have any external sponsors or partners. It was initiated and run by Ipsos, because we are curious about the world we live in and how citizens around the globe think and feel about their world.

The sample consists of approximately 1,000 individuals in each of Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, Spain, and the U.S., and 500 individuals in each of Argentina, Belgium, Chile, Hungary, India, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Peru, Poland, Russia, South Africa, South Korea, Sweden, and Turkey.

The samples in Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Great Britain, Hungary, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Poland, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, and the U.S. can be taken as representative of these countries' general adult population under the age of 75. The samples in Brazil, Chile, India, Malaysia, Mexico, Peru, Russia, South Africa and Turkey are more urban, more educated, and/or more affluent than the general population. The survey results for these countries should be viewed as reflecting the views of the more "connected" segment of these population.

The data is weighted so that each country's sample composition best reflects the demographic profile of the adult population according to the most recent census data.

The report shows results of previous survey waves conducted each year from 2014 to 2019 in most of the countries covered in 2020. In previous survey waves, the same question was asked on the same Global Advisor platform of sample of similar sizes in all countries. However, until 2018, the maximum age of adults surveyed in all countries was 64. In 2019, the age range in all countries was extended up to 74. Therefore, 2020 results are only truly comparable to 2019 results. Tracking going back to 2014 is only indicative.

Where results do not sum to 100 or the 'difference' appears to be +/-1 more/less than the actual, this may be due to rounding, multiple responses or the exclusion of don't knows or not stated responses.

The precision of Ipsos online polls are calculated using a credibility interval with a poll of 1,000 accurate to +/- 3.5 percentage points and of 500 accurate to +/- 4.8 percentage points. For more information on the Ipsos use of credibility intervals, please visit the Ipsos website.



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About Ipsos

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Our passionately curious research professionals, analysts and scientists have built unique multispecialist capabilities that provide true understanding and powerful insights into the actions, opinions and motivations of citizens, consumers, patients, customers or employees. We serve more than 5000 clients across the world with 75 business solutions.

Founded in France in 1975, Ipsos is listed on the Euronext Paris since July 1st, 1999. The company is part of the SBF 120 and the Mid-60 index and is eligible for the Deferred Settlement Service (SRD).

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