SHOPPING-DURING THE PANDEMIC

A Global Advisor survey

21 January, 2021

SHOP

https://www.ipsos.com/en/how-shopping-and-eating-out-has-changed-during-pandemic

GAME CHANGERS

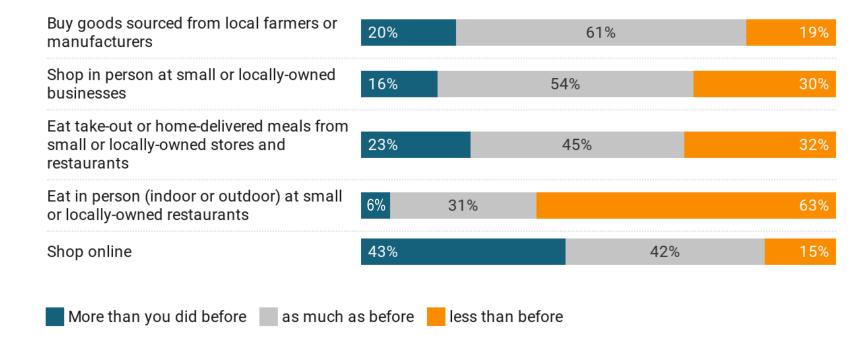


OVERVIEW

GLOBALLY, PEOPLE DID NOT CHANGE THEIR SHOPPING HABITS AT SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED BUSINESSES **DURING THE** PANDEMIC, EXCEPT FOR EATING IN-PERSON AT RESTAURANTS.

HOWEVER, THEY MASSIVELY WENT SHOPPING ONLINE.

All countries



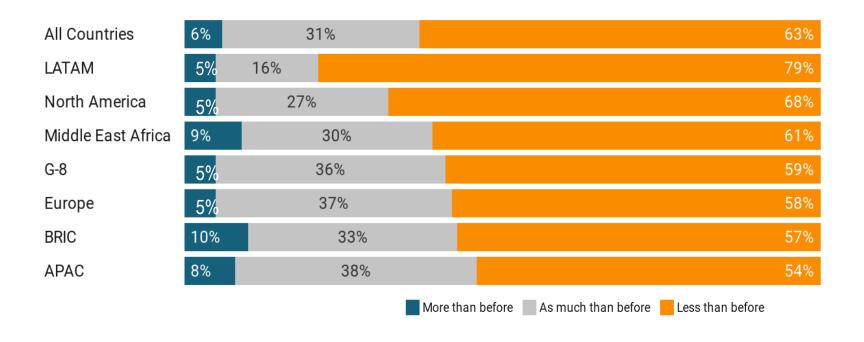
Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before



1.

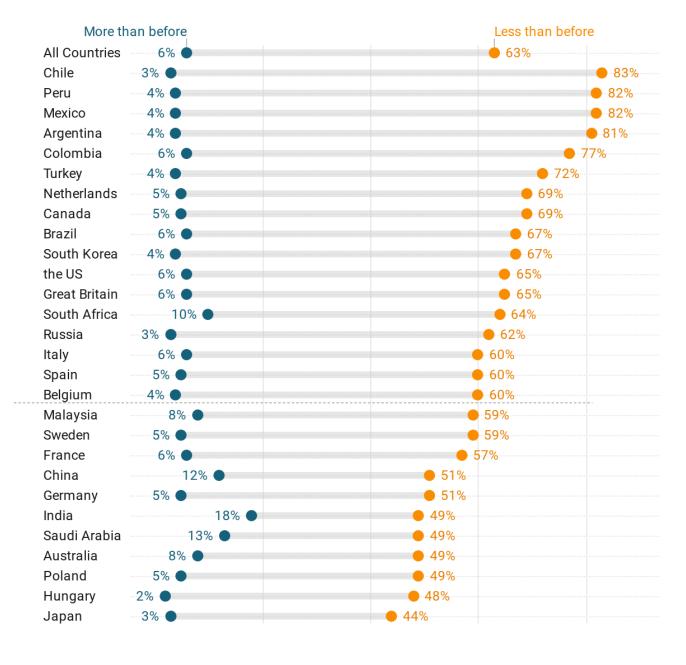
EATING IN-PERSON AT SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED RESTAURANTS

PEOPLE HAVE BEEN EATING IN-PERSON AT SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED RESTAURANTS SIGNIFICANTLY LESS SINCE THE COVID OUTBREAK, **ESPECIALLY IN** LATAM AND NORTH AMERICA.



Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Eat in-person (indoor or outdoor) at small or locally-owned restaurants..



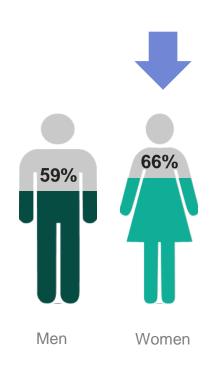


MORE THAN 80% OF PEOPLE IN CHILE, PERU, MEXICO, AND ARGENTINA SAY THEY'VE EATEN LESS IN-PERSON (INDOOR OR OUTDOOR) AT SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED RESTAURANTS.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Eat in-person (indoor or outdoor) at small or locally-owned restaurants

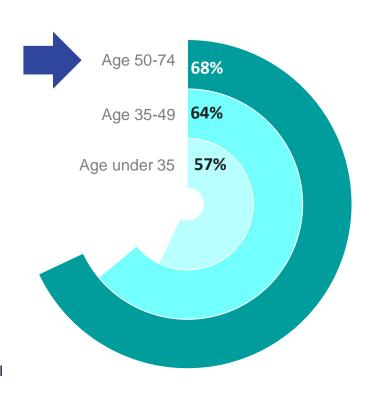


WORLWIDE, 68% OF THOSE AGED 50-74 AND 66% OF WOMEN SAY THEY'VE BEEN EATING LESS IN-PERSON AT SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED RESTAURANTS.



Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Eat in-person (indoor or outdoor) at small or locally-owned restaurants..

Base: 20,504 online adults aged 16-74 across 28 countries, 20 November – 4 December 2020



All, all countries: 63%

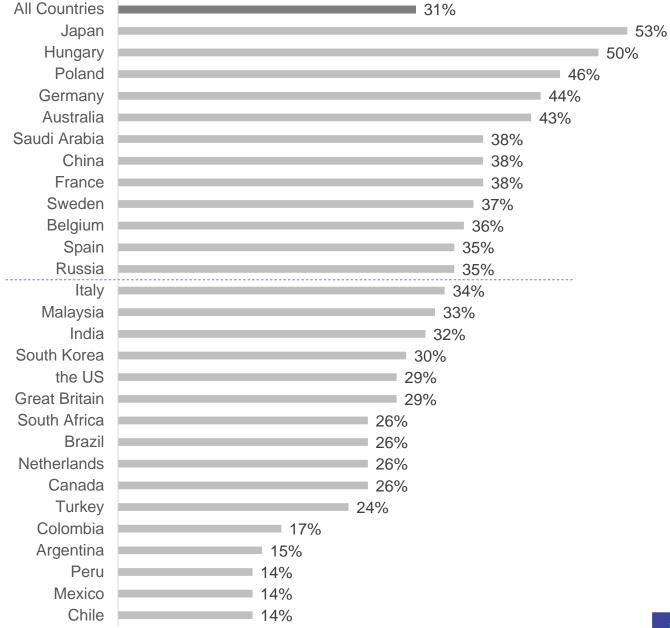




GLOBALLY, 31% SAY
THEY'VE EATEN INPERSON AT SMALL OR
LOCALLY-OWNED
RESTAURANTS AS MUCH
THAN BEFORE SINCE
THE COVID OUTBREAK.

53% OF THE JAPANESE HAVE NOT CHANGED THEIR EATING-OUT HABITS.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Eat inperson (indoor or outdoor) at small or locallyowned restaurants - as much as before.



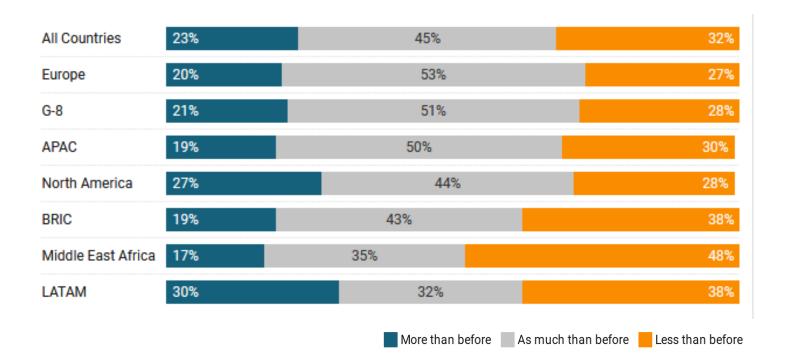


2.

EAT TAKE-OUT OR HOME-DELIVERED MEALS FROM SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED STORES AND RESTAURANTS

USAGE OF TAKE-OUT AND HOME-DELIVERY MEALS FROM SMALL OR LOCAL RESTAURANTS HAS STAYED THE SAME OR INCREASED IN ALL REGIONS.

THE INCIDENCE OF CONSUMERS REPORTING A DECREASE IS HIGHEST IN MIDDLE EAST- AFRICA, LATAM AND BRICS.

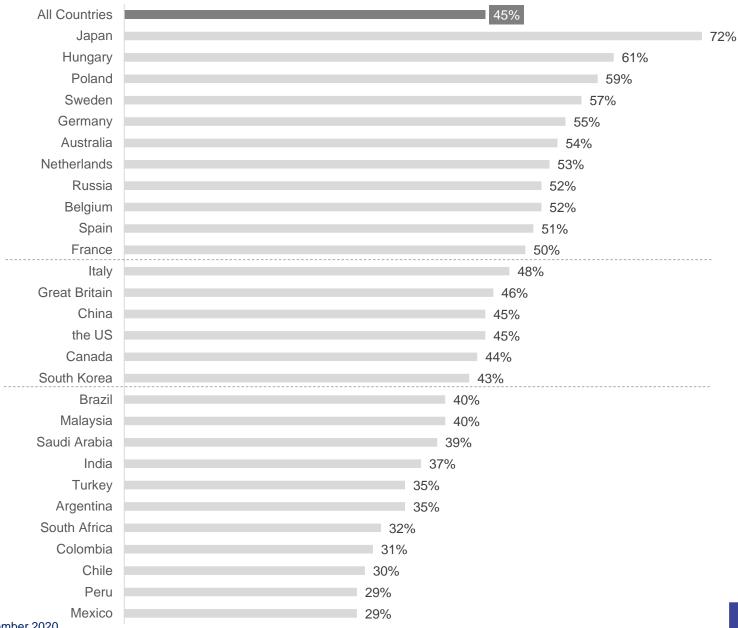


Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Eat take-out or home-delivered meals from small or locally-owned stores and restaurants

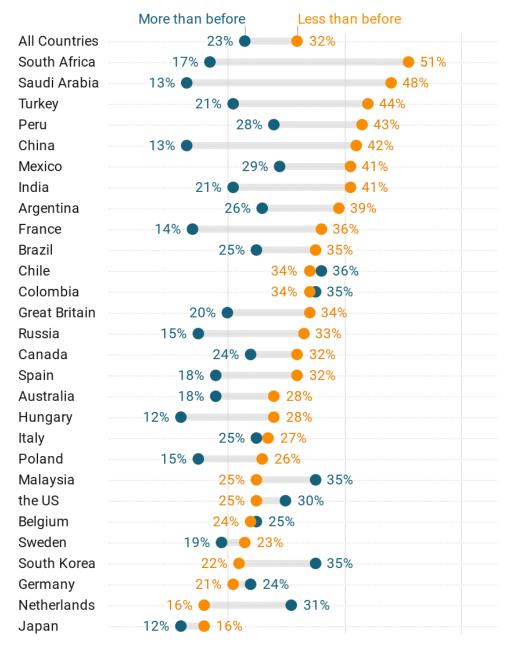


GLOBALLY 45% SAY
THEY'VE EATEN AS
MUCH AS BEFORE AT
TAKE-OUT OR HOMEDELIVERED MEALS
FROM SMALL OR
LOCALLY-OWNED
STORES AND
RESTAURANTS.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Eat take-out or home-delivered meals from small or locally-owned stores and restaurants – as much as before





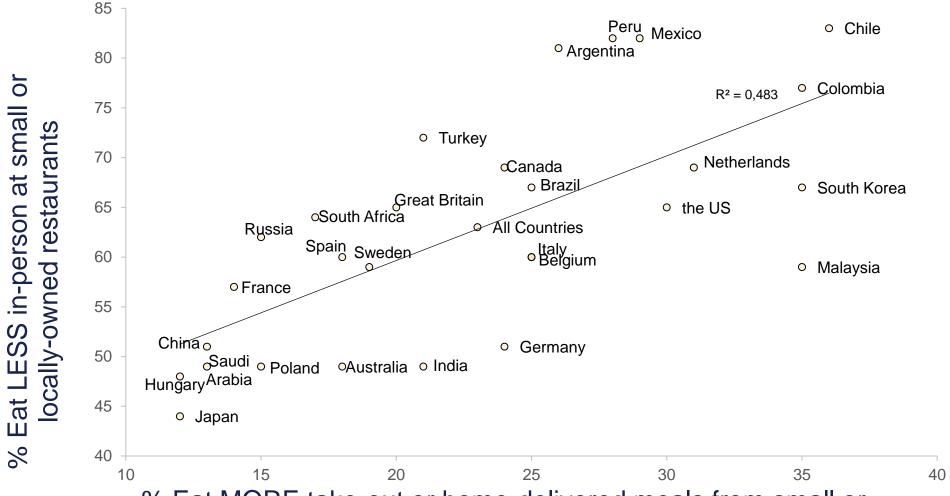


GLOBALLY, 32% SAY THEY'VE EATEN TAKE-OUT OR HOME-DELIVERED MEALS FROM SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED STORES AND RESTAURANTS LESS OFTEN THAN BEFORE, BUT BEHAVIOURS VARY A LOT FROM ONE COUNTRY TO ANOTHER.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Eat take-out or home-delivered meals from small or locally-owned stores and restaurants



THE LESS PEOPLE EAT IN-PERSON AT SMALL/LOCALLY-OWN RESTAURANTS, THE MORE THEY GET TAKEOUT/DELIVERY FROM THEM



% Eat MORE take-out or home-delivered meals from small or locally-owned stores and restaurants



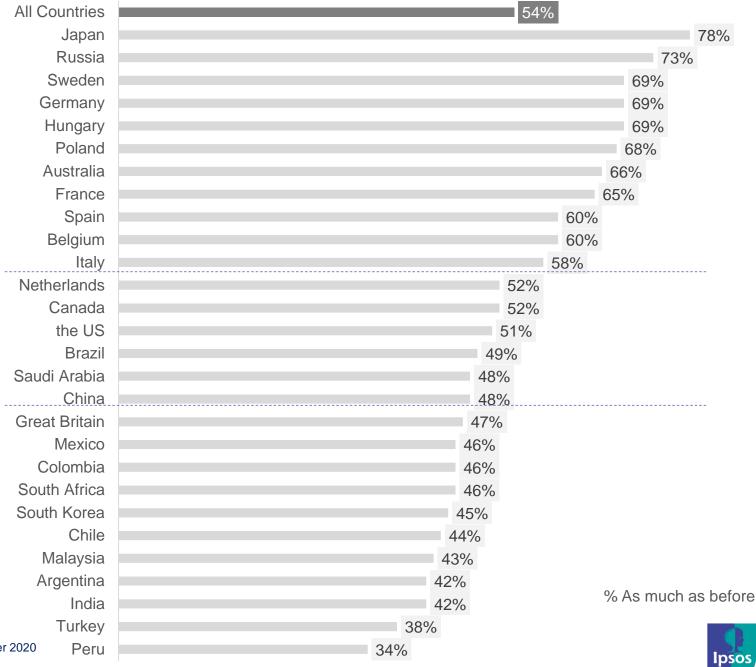
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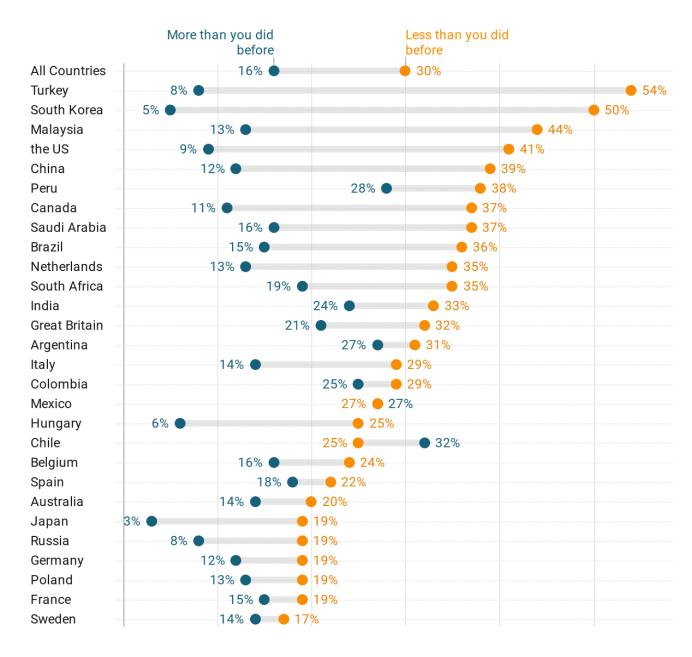
SHOPPING IN-PERSON AT SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED BUSINESSES

GLOBALLY, MORE THAN HALF (54%) HAVE NOT CHANGED THEIR HABITS OF SHOPPING IN-PERSON AT SMALL OR LOCALLY-OWNED BUSINESSES, BUT ATTITUDES DIFFER GREATLY ACROSS COUNTRIES.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – shop in-person at small or locally-owned

businesses - as much as before





IN TURKEY AND SOUTH KOREA PEOPLE SAY THEY'VE SHOPPED LESS OFTEN AT SMALL SHOPS. IT IS ALSO THE CASE, IN MALAYSIA, THE U.S. AND CHINA.

IN MOST LATAM COUNTRIES (EXCEPT BRAZIL) PEOPLE SAY THEY SHOPPED LOCALLY MORE OFTEN. IT IS ALSO THE CASE, IN SMALLER PROPORTION, IN INDIA, GREAT BRITAIN AND SOUTH AFRICA.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – shop in-person at small or locally-owned businesses



4.

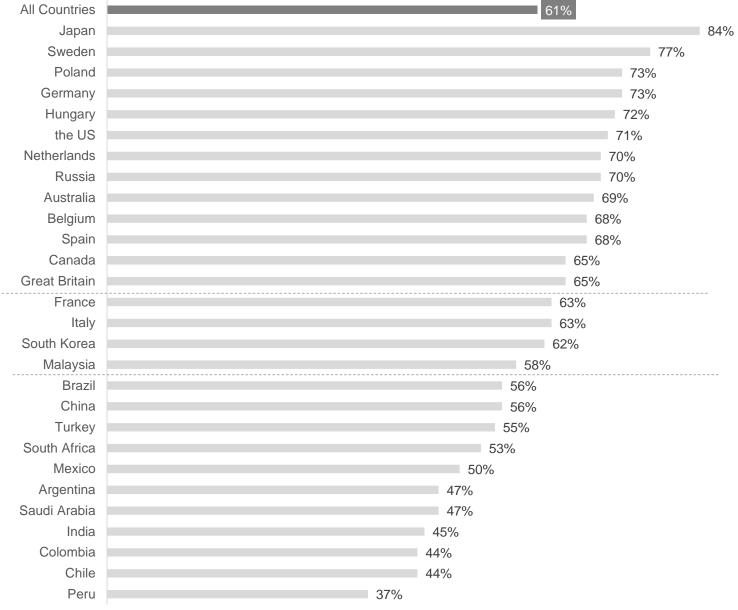
BUYING GOODS SOURCED FROM LOCAL FARMERS OR MANUFACTURERS

GLOBALLY, THE HABIT OF BUYING GOODS SOURCED FROM LOCAL FARMERS OR MANUFACTURERS HAS REMAINED STABLE (61%).

HOWEVER, TWO GROUPS OF COUNTRIES SHOW EITHER INCREASE OR DECREASE IN THIS TYPE OF PURCHASE.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Buy goods sourced from local farmers or manufacturers

Base: c. 20504 online interviews across 28 countries, 20 November – 4 December 2020.

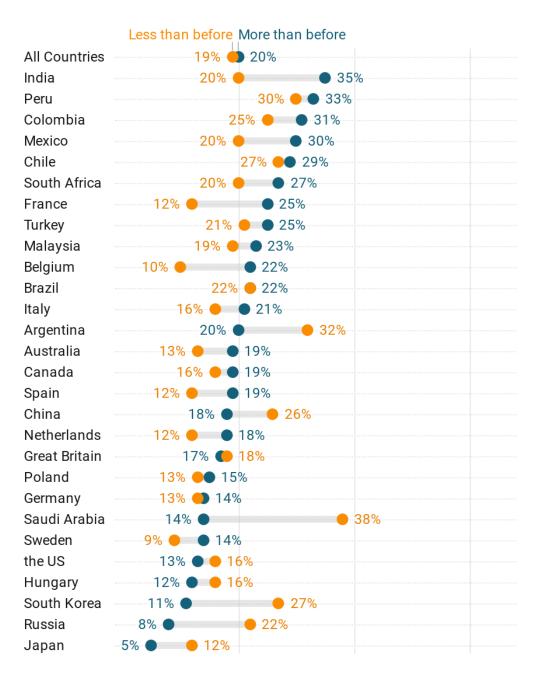




THE FREQUENCY OF BUYING GOODS SOURCED FROM LOCAL FARMERS OR MANUFACTURERS HAS INCREASED IN INDIA AND MOST LATAM COUNTRIES.

HOWEVER, IT HAS DECREASED IN SAUDI ARABIA, ARGENTINA, SOUTH KOREA, AND CHINA.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – Buy goods sourced from local farmers or manufacturers

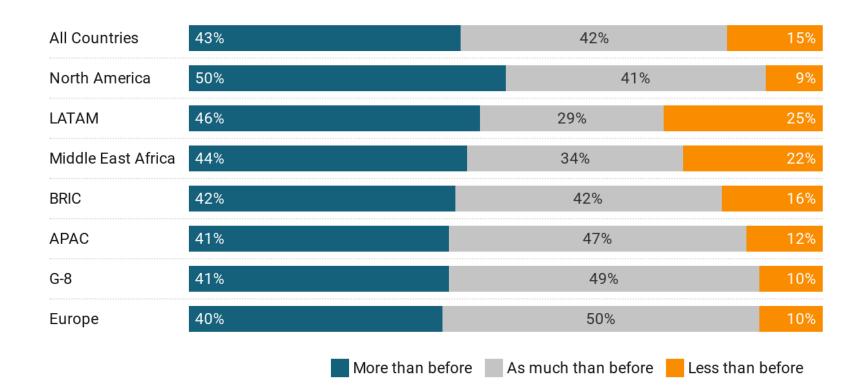




5. SHOPPING ONLINE

GLOBALLY, 43% REPORT HAVING SHOPPED ONLINE MORE OFTEN.

NORTH AMERICA AND LATAM COUNTRIES SHOW THE LARGEST INCREASES.

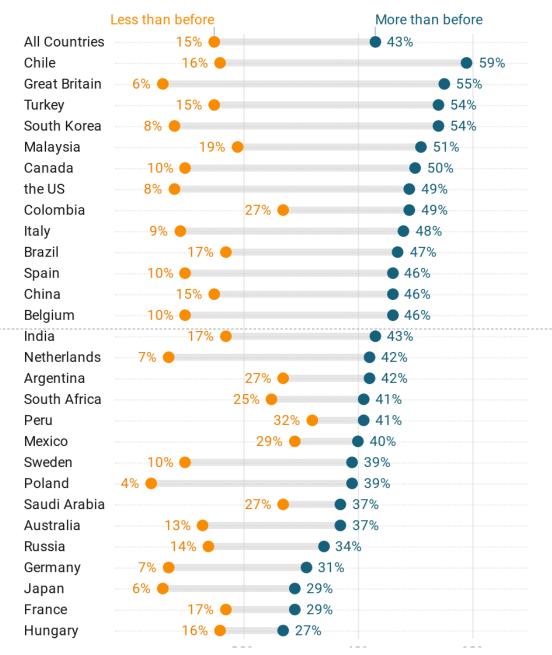


Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – shop online.



PEOPLE IN CHILE, GREAT BRITAIN, SOUTH KOREA, AND MALAYSIA ARE THOSE MOST LIKELY TO SAY THEY'VE SHOPPED ONLINE MORE THAN BEFORE SINCE THE COVID OUTBREAK.

Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – shop online.

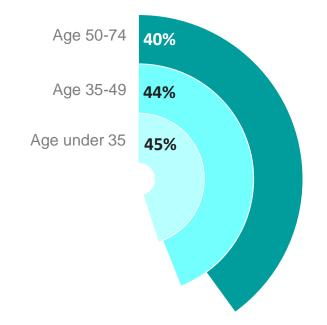


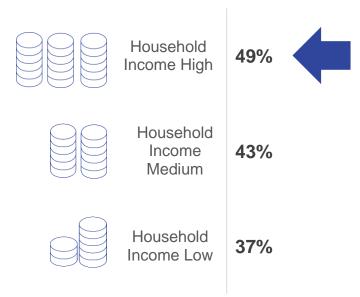


HIGH-INCOME HOUSEHOLDS SHOW THE MOST SIGNIFICANT INCREASE IN ONLINE SHOPPING.

All, all countries: 43%







Q: Since the COVID outbreak, have you been doing each of the following more often, less often, or just as often as you did before – shop online more than before.



Technical note

These are the results of a 28-market survey conducted by Ipsos on its Global Advisor online platform. Ipsos interviewed a total of 20,504 adults aged 18-74 in the United States, Canada, Malaysia, South Africa, and Turkey, and 16-74 in 22 other markets between Friday, November 20 and Friday, December 4, 2020.

The sample consists of approximately 1,000 individuals in each of Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, mainland China, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, Spain, and the U.S., and 500 individuals in each of Argentina, Chile, Hong Kong, Hungary, India, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Peru, Poland, Russia, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, South Korea, Sweden, and Turkey.

The samples in Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Great Britain, Hungary, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Poland, South Korea, Spain, Sweden, and the U.S. can be taken as representative of their general adult population under the age of 75.

The samples in Brazil, Chile, mainland China, Hong Kong, India, Malaysia, Mexico, Peru, Russia, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, and Turkey are more urban, more educated, and/or more affluent than the general population. The survey results for these countries should be viewed as reflecting the views of the more "connected" segment of their population.

The data is weighted so that each country's sample composition best reflects the demographic profile of the adult population according to the most recent census data. Where results do not sum to 100 or the 'difference' appears to be +/-1 more/less than the actual, this may be due to rounding, multiple responses, or the exclusion of "don't know" or not stated responses.

The precision of Ipsos online polls is calculated using a credibility interval with a poll of 1,000 accurate to +/- 3.5 percentage points and of 500 accurate to +/- 5.0 percentage points. For more information on Ipsos' use of credibility intervals, please visit the Ipsos website.

The publication of these findings abides by local rules and regulations.

