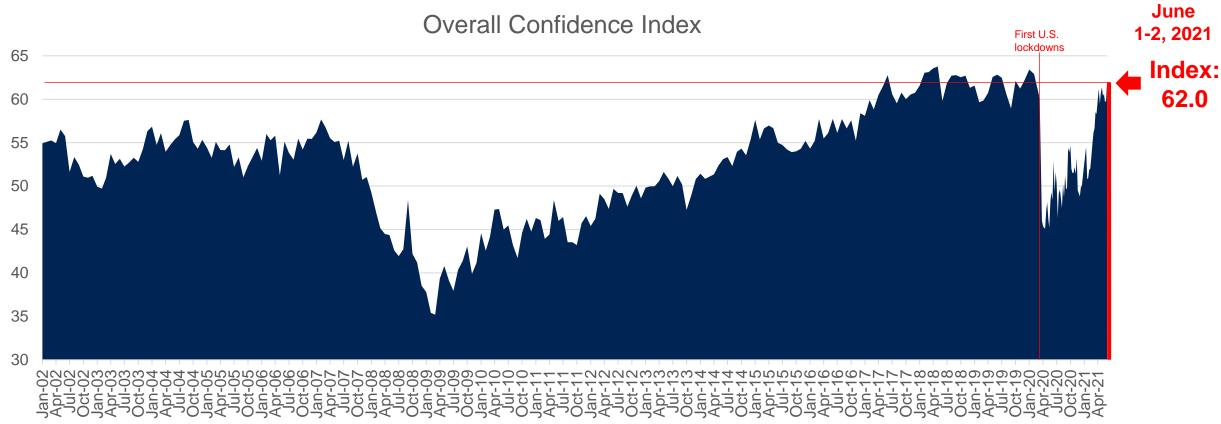
IPSOS-FORBES ADVISOR U.S. CONSUMER CONFIDENCE WEEKLY TRACKER

June 3, 2021



CONSUMER CONFIDENCE HITS NEW PANDEMIC RECORD

At 62, the Overall Confidence Index increases 2.2 points from last week





JOBS AND EXPECTATIONS SUB-INDEX DRIVE INCREASE

The Jobs sub-index reaches highest point of the pandemic

June 1-2, 2021

National Index	Sub-indices						
Overall Consumer	Current: Financial	Expectations: Outlook	Investment: Purchasing	Jobs: Job security			
Confidence	situation; local economy;	about personal financial	and investment	confidence, job loss			
	purchasing, employment	situation, community	confidence, personal	experience and			
	and investment	economy and	financial situation and	employment outlook			
	confidence	employment	outlook				
New: 62.0	New: 55.3	New: 70.0	New: 57.2	New: 69.5			
Change vs.							
Last week: +2.2	Last week: +1.5	Last week: +3.1	Last week: +0.9	Last week: +4.4			
Early March 2020: +1.9	Early March 2020: +1.9	Early March 2020: +6.4	Early March 2020: +2.6	Early March 2020: -0.2			
Pandemic average*: +9.8	Pandemic average*: +12.0	Pandemic average*: +5.5	Pandemic average*: +9.8	Pandemic average*: +13.6			
Historical average**: +9.5	Historical average**: +10.8	Historical average**: +8.4	Historical average**: +9.4	Historical average**: +11.1			

^{*}since mid-March 2020



^{**} since January 2002

CONSUMER OUTLOOK SOARS

Consumer confidence surges to a new pandemic record this week, driven by gains in the Expectations and Jobs sub-index.

Across demographic groups, outlook more often trends positive than not this week.

Across regions, consumer confidence gained 5.6 points in the West, 4.3 points in the Northeast and 4.1 points in the Midwest. It fell 1.8 points in the South.

Other demographic groups experiencing a notable improvement in sentiment include those earning between \$50k-\$100k (+4.2), Republicans (+4.1) and suburbanites (+4.1).

		National	Current	Expectations	Investment	Jobs
	Total	62	55.3	70	57.2	69.5
Gender	Male	61.1	55.3	68.5	57.3	66.5
	Female	62.9	55.4	71.4	57.1	72.3
Age	18-34	63.1	59.1	71.5	62.3	64.7
	35-54	59.4	52.4	67.7	53.7	68.3
	55+	64.2	54.9	71.1	55.8	76.6
Household Income	Under \$50K	55.6	46.9	66.4	48.5	62.8
	\$50K-<\$100K	62.7	56.1	69.7	57.7	71.6
	\$100K+	69	64.6	74.6	67.1	74.5
Region	Northeast	65.9	58.5	75	59.5	74
	Midwest	63.4	57.3	69.8	59	72.2
	South	59.1	53	66.3	55.1	65.1
	West	62.7	55	72.3	57.1	70.8
Children in	Yes	60.7	56.4	68.1	58.5	66.5
Household	No	62.5	54.9	70.7	56.7	70.6
Education	No college degree	59.7	52.5	68.1	54.4	67.6
	College degree	67.5	62.1	74.2	63.8	73.7
Employment Status	Full Time	64.3	59.5	70	61.6	71.3
	Part Time	67.9	64.7	74.7	65	71.4
	Not Emp.	52.3	42	66.3	44	59.3
	Retired	66.4	57.4	72.5	59.2	78.5
Marital Status	Married	64.4	59.2	69.8	60.6	73
	Other	59.6	51.5	70.1	53.7	65.8
Race	White	62.8	55	70.3	56.6	73.3
	Other	60.7	55.9	69.4	58.2	62.6
Party ID	Republican	59.6	53.7	64.7	56	68.8
	Democrat	66.1	59.3	77.6	60.9	70
	Independents	59.8	52.4	64.4	53.4	71.2
LIV	Rural	59	51.9	64.8	53.2	70.1
	Suburban	63.8	56.8	72.4	58.7	71.6
	Urban	61.7	56.4	71	59	63

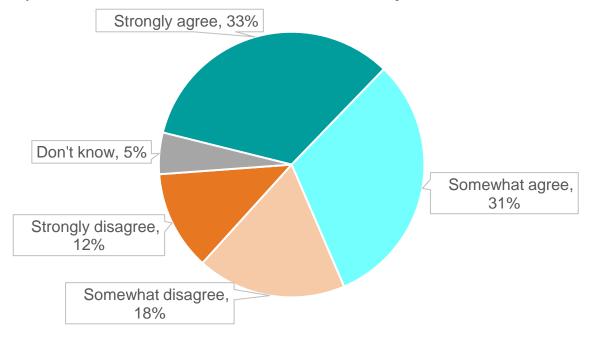


GROWING MAJORITY SUPPORT REOPENING BUSINESSES

Percent who agree that businesses should be allowed to reopen grows 4 points from last week

We should restart the economy and allow businesses to open even if the virus is still not fully contained





Total Agree: 65% (+4 vs. last week, +28 vs. late April)

Total Disagree: 30% (-3 vs. last week, -28 vs. late April)

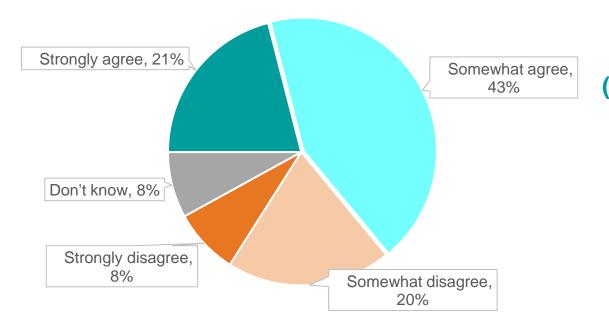


VIEWS ON A QUICK POST-PANDEMIC ECONOMIC REBOUND ARE UNCHANGED

Six in ten agree

The economy will recover quickly as restrictions to control the coronavirus pandemic are relaxed

June 1-2, 2021



Total Agree: 64% (unchanged vs. last week, +17 vs. late April)

Total Disagree: 28% (-1 vs. last week, -21 vs. late April)



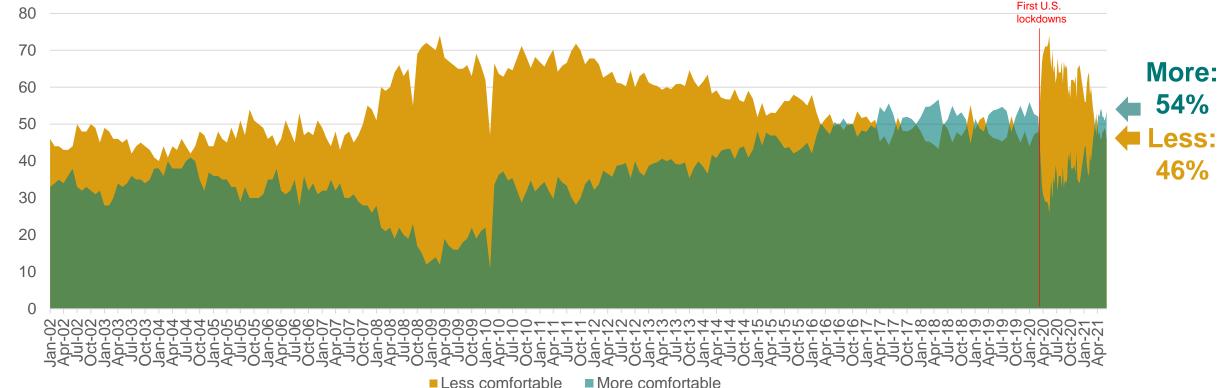
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OVER HALF EXPRESS COMFORT WITH MAKING A MAJOR PURCHASE

54% say they are more comfortable making major household purchases compared to six months ago, up 2 points from last week

Compared to six months ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making a major purchase, like a home or car?

June 1-2, 2021



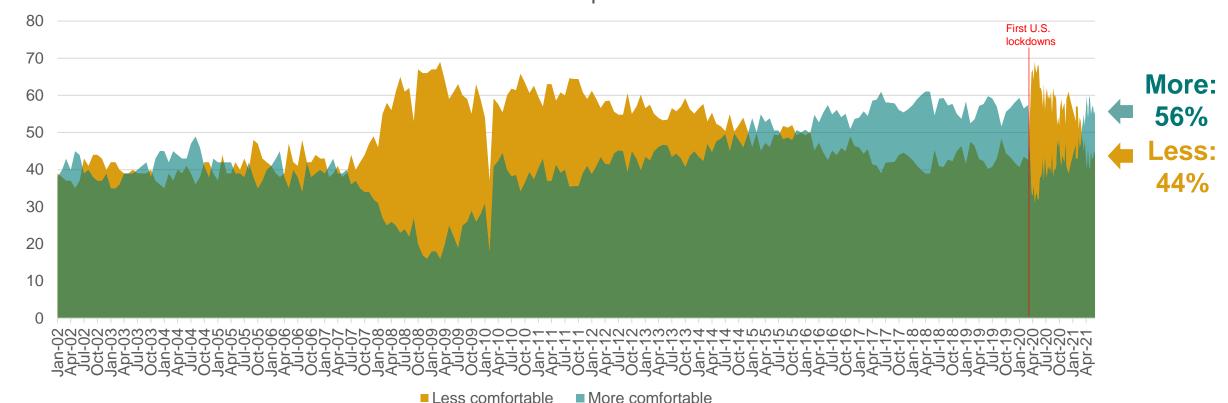


MORE THAN HALF EXPRESS COMFORT WITH MAKING OTHER HOUSEHOLD PURCHASES

56% say they are more comfortable making other household purchases compared to six months ago, up 1 point from last week

Compared to six months ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making other household purchases?

June 1-2, 2021





METHODOLOGY

These findings are based on data from an Ipsos survey conducted June 1-2, 2021, with a sample of 936 adults aged 18-74 from the continental U.S., Alaska and Hawaii who were interviewed online in English.

The sample was randomly drawn from Ipsos' online panel (see https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/2017-

<u>03/lpsos_IIS_NAAccessPanelsRecruitment_.pdf</u>), partner online panel sources, and "river" sampling (see https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/AAPOR-Online-sources-2018.pdf) and does not rely on a population frame in the traditional sense. Ipsos uses fixed sample targets, unique to each study, in drawing a sample. After a sample has been obtained from the Ipsos panel, Ipsos calibrates respondent characteristics to be representative of the U.S. population using standard procedures such as raking-ratio adjustments. The source of these population targets is U.S. Census American Community Survey data. The sample drawn for this study reflects fixed sample targets on demographics. Post-hoc weights were made to the population characteristics on gender, age, race/ethnicity, region, and education.

Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online non-probability polls. All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error. All figures do not sum to 100 due to rounding. The precision of Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus 3.7 percentage points for all respondents. Ipsos calculates a design effect (DEFF) for each study based on the variation of the weights, following the formula of Kish (1965). Here, with n=936, DEFF=1.5, the credibility interval adjusted for design effect is +/-5.2 percentage points.

Findings from March 2010 to early March 2020 are based on data from Refinitiv/ Ipsos' Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI) collected in a monthly survey on Ipsos' Global Advisor online survey platform with the same questions. For the PCSI survey, Ipsos interviews a total of 1,000+ U.S. adults aged 18-74. The Refinitiv/Ipsos Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI), ongoing since 2010, is a monthly survey of consumer attitudes on the current and future state of local economies, personal finance situations, savings, and confidence to make large investments. The PCSI metrics reported each month for each of the 24 countries surveyed consist of a "Primary Index" based on 10 questions available upon request and of several "sub-indices" each based on a subset of these 10 questions. Those sub-indices include a Current Index, an Expectations Index, an Investment Index, and a Jobs Index.

Findings for January 2002- February 2011 are based on data from the RBC CASH Index, a monthly telephone survey of 1,000 U.S. adults aged 18 and older conducted by Ipsos with a margin of error of +/- 3.1 percentage points.



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