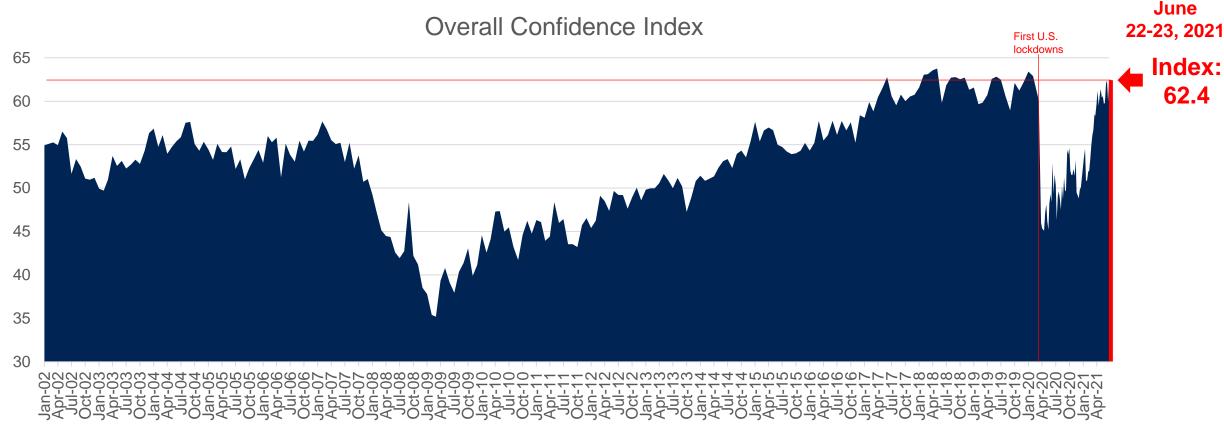
IPSOS-FORBES ADVISOR U.S. CONSUMER CONFIDENCE WEEKLY TRACKER

June 25, 2021



CONSUMER CONFIDENCE RECOVERS AFTER DIP

At 62.4, the Overall Confidence Index reaches its pandemic high recorded two weeks prior





ALL SUB-INDICES EXPERIENCE GROWTH

The Current, Expectations, and Investment sub-indices each post increases greater than 3 points

June 22-23, 2021

National Index	Sub-indices							
Overall Consumer	Current: Financial	Expectations: Outlook	Investment: Purchasing	Jobs: Job security				
Confidence	situation; local economy;	about personal financial	and investment	confidence, job loss				
	purchasing, employment	situation, community	confidence, personal	experience and				
	and investment	economy and	financial situation and	employment outlook				
	confidence	employment	outlook					
New: 62.4	New: 56.7	New: 71.2	New: 58.7	New: 68.9				
Change vs.	Change vs.	Change vs.	Change vs.	Change vs.				
Last week: +2.4	Last week: +3.1	Last week: +3.5	Last week: +3.2	Last week: +1.8				
Early March 2020: +2.3	Early March 2020: +3.3	Early March 2020: +7.6	Early March 2020: +4.1	Early March 2020: -0.8				
Pandemic average*: +9.8	Pandemic average*: +12.8	Pandemic average*: +6.5	Pandemic average*: +10.8	Pandemic average*: +12.4				
Historical average**: +9.8	Historical average**: +12.0	Historical average**: +9.5	Historical average**: +10.8	Historical average**: +10.4				

^{*}since mid-March 2020



^{**} since January 2002

CONSUMER OUTLOOK REBOUNDS AFTER SLIGHT DIP

After experiencing a 2.4 drop last week, the national outlook is now back to its pandemic high of 62.4.

Demographic groups seeing the greatest increase in sentiment include those making under \$50k (+4.8 points), 18–34-year-olds (+4.5 points), and urban dwellers (+4.3 points).

In fact, nine of the demographic groups post a gain of 3 points or more.

This week, none of the groups show a meaningful decrease in consumer sentiment.

		National	Current	Expectations	Investment	Jobs
	Total	62.4	56.7	71.2	58.7	68.9
Gender	Male	64.6	60.9	70.4	62.6	69.4
	Female	60.4	52.7	72	55	68.4
Age	18-34	62.1	59.4	69.9	63.7	62.8
	35-54	62.2	55.3	71.6	57.1	69.7
	55+	63.1	55.4	72.2	55.1	74.9
Household Income	Under \$50K	56.2	48.2	70.1	50.9	61.2
	\$50K-<\$100K	62.4	56.9	68.4	59.7	70.2
	\$100K+	70.9	67.8	76.9	67.8	77.6
Region	Northeast	62.3	57.7	70.8	59.7	67.5
	Midwest	63.5	58.6	69.4	60.4	72.6
	South	61.7	54.8	71.6	56.1	68.3
	West	62.8	57.1	72.6	60.5	67.6
Children in	Yes	65	60.5	73.9	63.8	66.9
Household	No	61.6	55.5	70.4	57.1	69.6
Education	No college degree	59.9	53.2	70	55.2	66.8
	College degree	68.3	64.7	74	66.8	73.9
Employment Status	Full Time	65.6	61.9	71.2	64	71.5
	Part Time	61.1	55.6	72.4	57.8	67.1
	Not Emp.	56.7	47.9	70.3	51.7	61.3
	Retired	62.5	54.1	72.2	52.4	75.1
Marital Status	Married	65.3	60.5	71.5	61.6	72.8
	Other	59.6	52.9	71	55.9	65.2
Race	White	62.9	56.4	70.8	57.7	72.4
	Other	61.5	57	72	60.5	62.7
Party ID	Republican	60.4	56.2	65.5	58.4	68.4
	Democrat	68.6	63.4	79.1	65	72.4
	Independents	56.4	46.5	67.4	48.7	68
LIV	Rural	57.5	49.5	65.9	52.6	67.1
	Suburban	63.8	58.4	72.5	59.6	71.4
	Urban	64.1	59.6	73.4	62.4	65.5

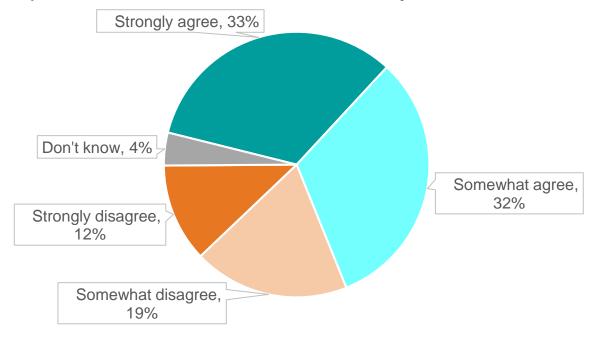


SIXTY-FIVE PERCENT SUPPORT REOPENING BUSINESSES

Percent who agree that businesses should be allowed to reopen is down 1 point from last week

We should restart the economy and allow businesses to open even if the virus is still not fully contained





Total Agree: 65% (-1 vs. last week, +28 vs. late April)

Total Disagree: 31% (+2 vs. last week, -27 vs. late April)

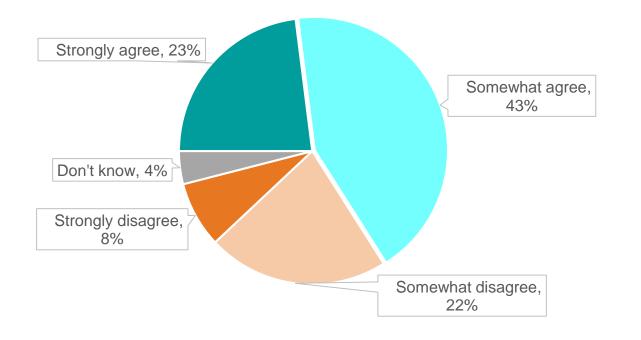


BELIEF IN QUICK ECONOMIC RECOVERY GAINS 4 POINTS

Sixty-six percent of Americans agree that the economy will recover quickly as restrictions to control the coronavirus pandemic are relaxed

The economy will recover quickly as restrictions to control the coronavirus pandemic are relaxed

June 22-23, 2021



Total Agree: 66% (+4 vs. last week, +19 vs. late April)

Total Disagree: 30% (-1 vs. last week, -19 vs. late April)



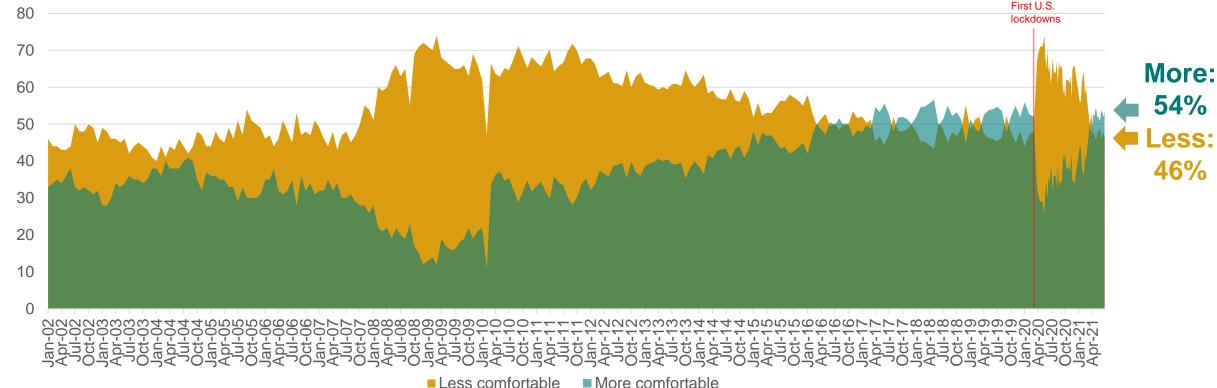
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PERCENT EXPRESSING COMFORT WITH MAKING A MAJOR PURCHASE GROWS

54% say they are more comfortable making major household purchases compared to six months ago, up 2 points from last week and back to levels seen in early June

Compared to six months ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making a major purchase, like a home or car?

June 22-23, 2021



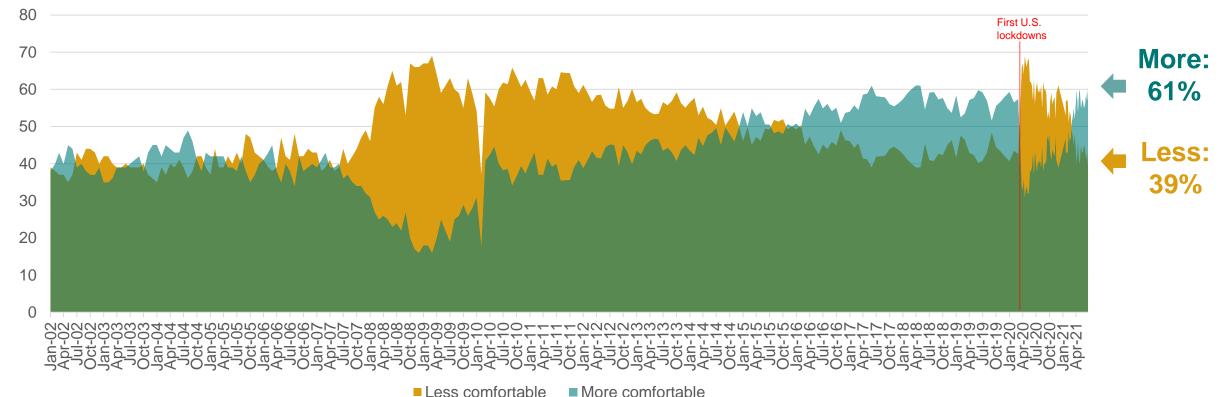


OVER SIX IN TEN EXPRESS COMFORT WITH MAKING OTHER HOUSEHOLD PURCHASES

61% say they are more comfortable making other household purchases compared to six months ago, up 4 points from last week and marking its first pandemic reading over 60%

June 22-23, 2021

Compared to six months ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making other household purchases?





METHODOLOGY

These findings are based on data from an Ipsos survey conducted June 22-23, 2021, with a sample of 938 adults aged 18-74 from the continental U.S., Alaska and Hawaii who were interviewed online in English.

The sample was randomly drawn from Ipsos' online panel (see https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/2017-

O3/lpsos_IIS_NAAccessPanelsRecruitment _.pdf), partner online panel sources, and "river" sampling (see https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/AAPOR-Online-sources-2018.pdf) and does not rely on a population frame in the traditional sense. Ipsos uses fixed sample targets, unique to each study, in drawing a sample. After a sample has been obtained from the Ipsos panel, Ipsos calibrates respondent characteristics to be representative of the U.S. population using standard procedures such as raking-ratio adjustments. The source of these population targets is U.S. Census American Community Survey data. The sample drawn for this study reflects fixed sample targets on demographics. Post-hoc weights were made to the population characteristics on gender, age, race/ethnicity, region, and education.

Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online non-probability polls. All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error. All figures do not sum to 100 due to rounding. The precision of Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus 3.6 percentage points for all respondents. Ipsos calculates a design effect (DEFF) for each study based on the variation of the weights, following the formula of Kish (1965). Here, with n=938, DEFF=1.5, the credibility interval adjusted for design effect is +/-5.1 percentage points.

Findings from March 2010 to early March 2020 are based on data from Refinitiv/ Ipsos' Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI) collected in a monthly survey on Ipsos' Global Advisor online survey platform with the same questions. For the PCSI survey, Ipsos interviews a total of 1,000+ U.S. adults aged 18-74. The Refinitiv/Ipsos Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI), ongoing since 2010, is a monthly survey of consumer attitudes on the current and future state of local economies, personal finance situations, savings, and confidence to make large investments. The PCSI metrics reported each month for each of the 24 countries surveyed consist of a "Primary Index" based on 10 questions available upon request and of several "sub-indices" each based on a subset of these 10 questions. Those sub-indices include a Current Index, an Expectations Index, an Investment Index, and a Jobs Index.

Findings for January 2002- February 2011 are based on data from the RBC CASH Index, a monthly telephone survey of 1,000 U.S. adults aged 18 and older conducted by Ipsos with a margin of error of +/- 3.1 percentage points.



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