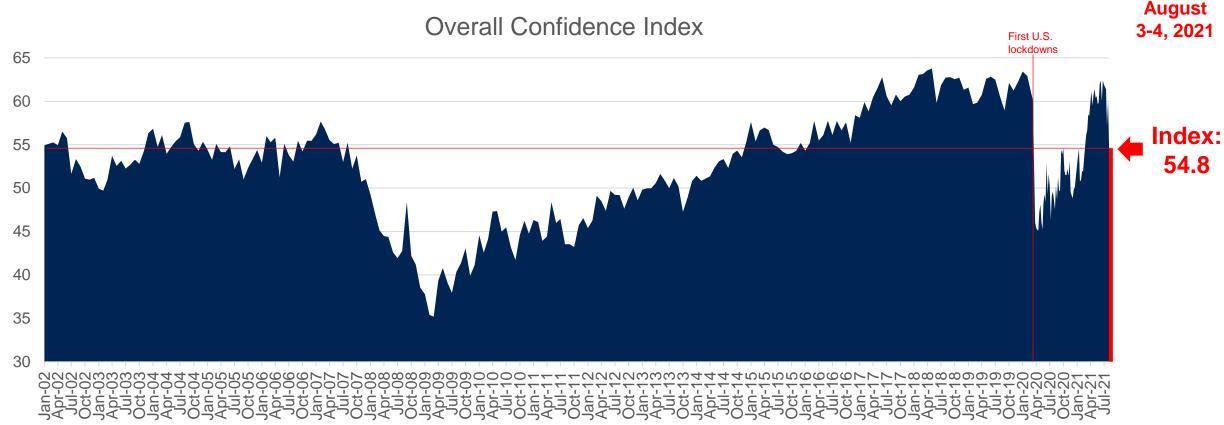
# IPSOS-FORBES ADVISOR U.S. CONSUMER CONFIDENCE WEEKLY TRACKER

August 5, 2021



## CONSUMER CONFIDENCE FALLS BELOW MARCH 2020 LEVELS

At 54.8, the Overall Confidence Index experiences a sudden drop of 5.3 points – but remains more than 1 point above the pandemic average





## SUB-INDICES FALL BACK TO LEVELS LAST SEEN AT THE START OF 2021

Investment and Current sub-indices experience the most meaningful decline

August 3-4, 2021

National Index	Sub-indices					
Overall Consumer	Current: Financial	Expectations: Outlook	Investment: Purchasing	Jobs: Job security		
Confidence	situation; local economy;	about personal financial	and investment	confidence, job loss		
	purchasing, employment	situation, community	confidence, personal	experience and		
	and investment	economy and	financial situation and	employment outlook		
	confidence	employment	outlook			
New: <b>54.8</b>	New: <b>48.4</b>	New: <b>62.0</b>	New: <b>50.8</b>	New: <b>61.3</b>		
Change vs.	Change vs.	Change vs.	Change vs.	Change vs.		
Last week: -5.3	Last week: -6.3	Last week: -4.1	Last week: -6.3	Last week: -5.3		
Early March 2020: -5.3	Early March 2020: <b>-5.0</b>	Early March 2020: <b>-1.6</b>	Early March 2020: -3.8	Early March 2020: -8.4		
Pandemic average*: +1.6	Pandemic average*: +3.7	Pandemic average*: -3.0	Pandemic average*: <b>+2.2</b>	Pandemic average*: +4.0		
Historical average**: +2.1	Historical average**: +3.6	Historical average**: +0.2	Historical average**: +2.8	Historical average**: +2.6		

<sup>\*</sup>since mid-March 2020



<sup>\*\*</sup> since January 2002

### CONSUMER OUTLOOK WORSENS

Consumer confidence continues to experience volatility, falling 5.3 points after last week's rebound.

Across regions, Westerners see the greatest drop in sentiment from last week (-9.8), followed by, Southerners (-5.2) and Midwesterners (-4.1).

Other groups with a typically more robust outlook also experience a notable decrease in consumer confidence from last week. This is the case among retired Americans (-9.3) and those earning more than \$100k (-3).

		National	Current	Expectations	Investment	Jobs
	Total	54.8	48.4	62	50.8	61.3
Gender	Male	57.8	54.1	62.2	56.3	60.9
	Female	52	43	61.9	45.5	61.7
Age	18-34	52.3	49.9	59.6	52.5	51.2
	35-54	56.5	50.3	62.5	52.7	64.5
	55+	55.4	43.9	64.5	45.7	69.2
Household Income	Under \$50K	47.7	38.3	60	40.8	54.4
	\$50K-<\$100K	55.4	49	60.8	51.8	63.5
	\$100K+	64.6	62.7	67.2	64.1	68
Davis	Northeast	58.9	52.4	64.9	53.8	68.7
	Midwest	55.2	49	60.3	50.4	64.1
Region	South	52.6	46.4	59.7	49.1	58.1
	West	54.8	48.2	65.1	51.4	58.4
Children in Household	Yes	55.4	51.2	61.6	54.6	58.7
Ciliaren in nousenoia	No	54.6	47.4	62.2	49.3	62.3
Education	No college degree	50.7	42.9	59.7	45.5	57.9
	College degree	64.5	61.7	67.7	63.3	69.4
	Full Time	57.5	54.5	61.3	56.6	62.2
Employment Status	Part Time	52.3	47.2	62.3	48.1	54
	Not Emp.	49.6	38.3	64.5	42.6	55.9
	Retired	55.1	44.1	60.8	45.7	70.5
Marital Status	Married	59	52.5	64.8	54.6	68.3
	Other	50.8	44.6	59.4	47.1	54.6
Race	White	56.5	49.1	63.2	50.7	66.7
	Other	51.9	47.2	60	50.9	51.8
Party ID	Republican	53.1	46.5	57.4	49.1	64.6
	Democrat	58.3	52.3	66.8	54.8	60.8
	Independents	56.1	51.4	62.3	51.9	63.1
LIV	Rural	49.4	39.8	60.1	41.5	59
	Suburban	56.7	50.4	62.3	52.9	64.7
	Urban	56.1	52.3	63.2	54.8	57.3

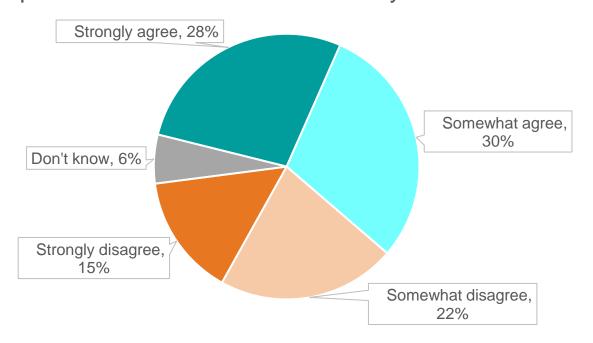


## ABOUT SIX IN TEN AMERICANS AGREE BUSINESSES SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO REOPEN

Percent who agree that businesses should be allowed to reopen is consistent with last week

We should restart the economy and allow businesses to open even if the virus is still not fully contained





Total Agree: 58% (+0 vs. last week, +21 vs. late April)

Total Disagree: 37% (+1 vs. last week, -21 vs. late April)

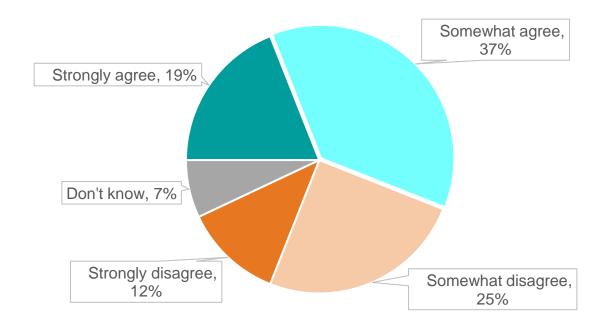


#### EXPECTATIONS OF A QUICK ECONOMIC RECOVERY REMAIN UNCHANGED FROM LAST WEEK

Just under six in ten Americans continue to believe the economy will recover quickly post-pandemic

The economy will recover quickly as restrictions to control the coronavirus pandemic are relaxed

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Total Agree: 56% (+0 vs. last week, +9 vs. late April)

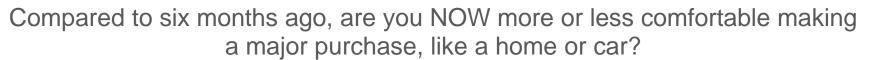
Total Disagree: 37% (+1 vs. last week, -12 vs. late April)



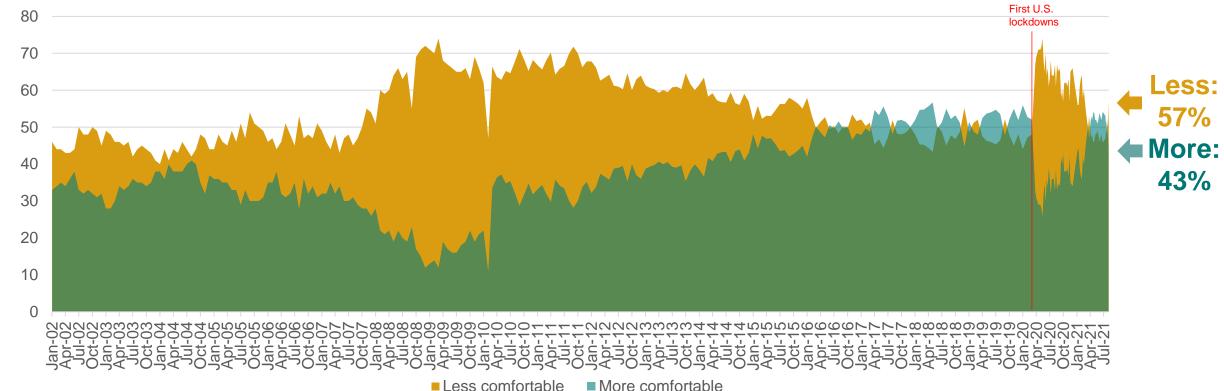
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### COMFORT WITH MAKING MAJOR HOUSEHOLD PURCHASES EXPERIENCES 10-POINT DECLINE

43% say they are more comfortable making major household purchases compared to six months ago, down 10 points from last week



August 3-4, 2021



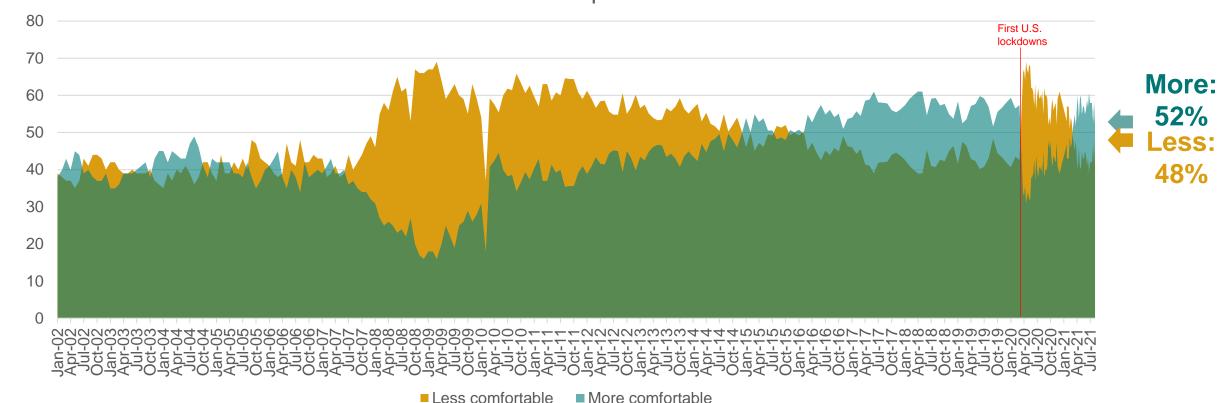


## COMFORT WITH MAKING OTHER HOUSEHOLD PURCHASES FALLS

52% say they are more comfortable making other household purchases compared to six months ago, down 7 points from last week

Compared to six months ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making other household purchases?

August 3-4, 2021





#### CHILD TAX CREDIT PAYMENTS WILL GO TOWARDS FUNDING THE BASICS

#### A plurality plan to spend the tax credit on basic household needs

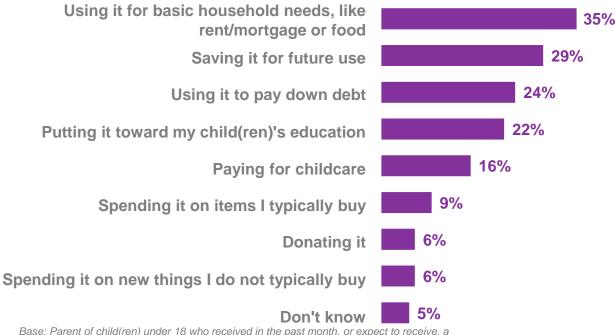
**August** 3-4. 2021

Did you receive a Child Tax Credit payment in the past month?

Yes, I received it	51%
Not yet, but I expect to	20%
No, and I don't expect to	25%
Don't know	4%

Base: Parents of child(ren) under 18, N=235

How are you using, or plan to use, your monthly Child Tax Credit payments?



Base: Parent of child(ren) under 18 who received in the past month, or expect to receive, a Child Tax Credit. N=159



#### **METHODOLOGY**

These findings are based on data from an Ipsos survey conducted August 3-4, 2021, with a sample of 907 adults aged 18-74 from the continental U.S., Alaska and Hawaii who were interviewed online in English.

The sample was randomly drawn from Ipsos' online panel (see https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/2017-

<u>03/lpsos\_IIS\_NAAccessPanelsRecruitment\_.pdf</u>), partner online panel sources, and "river" sampling (see <a href="https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/AAPOR-Online-sources-2018.pdf">https://www.ipsos.com/sites/default/files/AAPOR-Online-sources-2018.pdf</a>) and does not rely on a population frame in the traditional sense. Ipsos uses fixed sample targets, unique to each study, in drawing a sample. After a sample has been obtained from the Ipsos panel, Ipsos calibrates respondent characteristics to be representative of the U.S. population using standard procedures such as raking-ratio adjustments. The source of these population targets is U.S. Census American Community Survey data. The sample drawn for this study reflects fixed sample targets on demographics. Post-hoc weights were made to the population characteristics on gender, age, race/ethnicity, region, and education.

Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online non-probability polls. All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error. All figures do not sum to 100 due to rounding. The precision of Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus 3.7 percentage points for all respondents. Ipsos calculates a design effect (DEFF) for each study based on the variation of the weights, following the formula of Kish (1965). Here, with n=907, DEFF=1.5, the credibility interval adjusted for design effect is +/-5.2 percentage points.

Findings from March 2010 to early March 2020 are based on data from Refinitiv/ Ipsos' Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI) collected in a monthly survey on Ipsos' Global Advisor online survey platform with the same questions. For the PCSI survey, Ipsos interviews a total of 1,000+ U.S. adults aged 18-74. The Refinitiv/Ipsos Primary Consumer Sentiment Index (PCSI), ongoing since 2010, is a monthly survey of consumer attitudes on the current and future state of local economies, personal finance situations, savings, and confidence to make large investments. The PCSI metrics reported each month for each of the 24 countries surveyed consist of a "Primary Index" based on 10 questions available upon request and of several "sub-indices" each based on a subset of these 10 questions. Those sub-indices include a Current Index, an Expectations Index, an Investment Index, and a Jobs Index.

Findings for January 2002- February 2011 are based on data from the RBC CASH Index, a monthly telephone survey of 1,000 U.S. adults aged 18 and older conducted by Ipsos with a margin of error of +/- 3.1 percentage points.



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