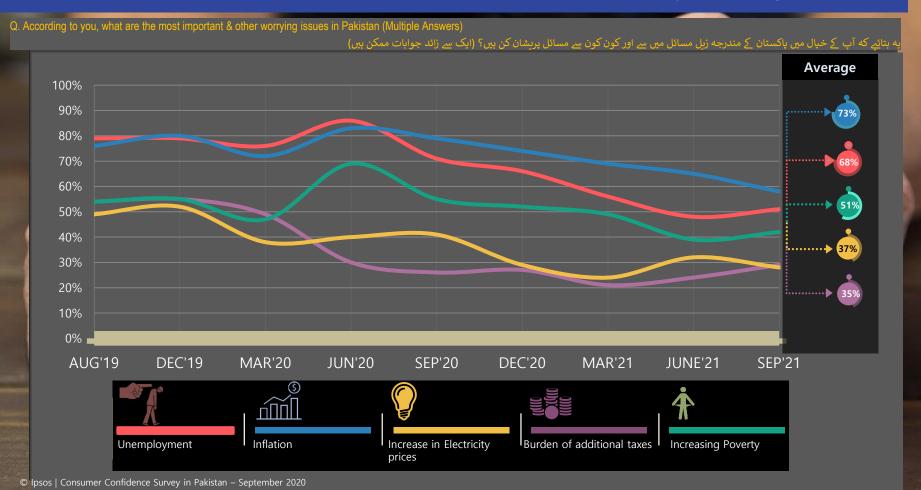




Only 1 in 3 Pakistanis considers that the country is heading in the right direction. It's highest positive sentiment in last 2 years. Not to forget; acute majority i.e. 66% still think otherwise.



Personal financial issues have been top concerns for Pakistanis consistently, since Aug. '19



While inflation remains on top, but the number of Pakistanis who call it a top concern have decreased over the past one year

Q. According to you, which of the following is the MOST worrying issue in Pakistan? (Single Answer only)

یه بتائیے که آپ کے خیال میں پاکستان کے مندرجه زیل مسائل میں سے سب سے زیادہ پریشان کن مسئله کونسا سے؟ (صرف ایک جواب ممکن سے)

			Compared with Sep'20		
	Increase in inflation	26%	▼ -10%		
JOB _	Unemployment	18%	▼ -5%		
Q	Coronavirus	11%	5%		
	Increasing poverty	8%	▼ -2%		
	Burden of additional taxes	6%	<u> </u>		
	Interference of state departments in each other matters	6%	<u> </u>		
+	Increase in electricity price	4%	1 %		
	Disclamation behavior in implementation of law & Justice	3%	<u> </u>		
	Lack of facilities in healthcare & treatment	3%	1 %		
	Decreasing value of rupee	*Top of Mind or First Mention refer to the first concern that comes to Pakistani's minds when thinking of	1 %		
	Electricity load shedding	their concerns.(Single response)	▼ -2%		

Coronavirus, burden of additional taxes and interference of state departments in each other matters; are top 3 concerns which increased in last one year.

matters; are top 3 concerns which increased in last one year.

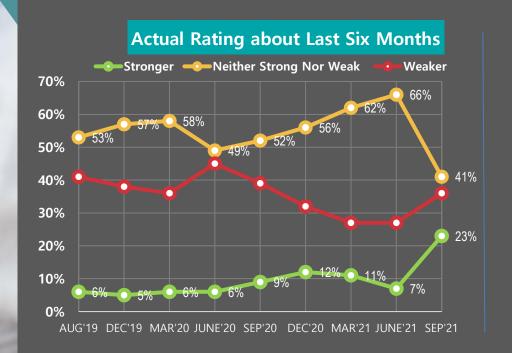
Q. According to you, what are the most important & other worrying issues in Pakistan (Multiple Answers)

	اِبات ممکن ہیں)	زائد جو	ایک سے	ن کن ہیں؟ (سائل پریشار	ئون کون <u>سے</u> م	له زیل مسائل میں <u>سے</u> اور ک	کستان کے مندرج		
	Most Worrying Issue		Other Worrying Issues				Compared with Sep'20 wave			
	Increase in inflation		26%				32%	58%	▼	-21%
	Unemployment		18%			33%		51%	~	-20%
	Coronavirus	13	1%		28%			39%	_	4%
S (•	Increasing poverty	8%	6		34%			42%	•	-13%
	Burden of additional taxes	6%		23%				29%	_	3%
	Interference of state departments in each other matters	6%	10	%				16%	_	7%
	Increase in electricity price	4%		24%				28%	•	-13%
Pi	sclamation behavior in implementation of law & Justice	3%	13%					16%	_	1%
<u></u>	Lack of facilities in healthcare & treatment	3%	13%					16%	•	-5%
	Decreasing value of rupee	3%	2	20%				23%		0%
*	Electricity load shedding	2%	179	%				19%	•	-15%
Š	Terrorism ;	2%	11%					13%	•	-8%
F	Corruption, bribery, adulteration & Nepotism	2%	14%					16%	•	-7%
	Freedom of speech & censorship on media	2% 8	3%					10%	_	1%
	Unavailability of water for domestic usage 1	1% 1	1%					12%	•	-3%
((:	Increase in extremist thoughts & behaviors 1	1% 8	%					9%	•	-1%



1 in 4 Pakistanis rates its current personal financial situation as strong, ever highest read since Aug. '19 However, one-third still consider it weak, and one half expecting it to be even weaker in next 6 months

- Q. . Rate your current financial situation, using a scale from 1 to 7, where 7 means your personal financial situation is very strong today and 1 means it is very weak.
- Q. Looking ahead six months from now, do you expect your personal financial situation to be much stronger, somewhat stronger, about the same, somewhat weaker, or much weaker than it is now?

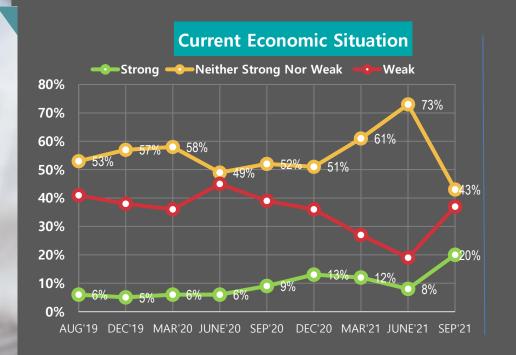


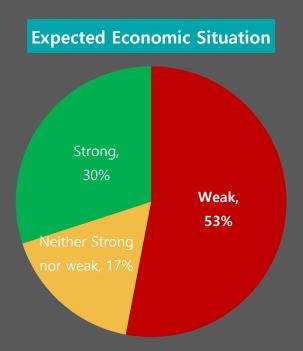




1 in 5 Pakistanis rated Pakistan's economic situation as strong; again most 'optimistic' in last 2 years. Caution here that 1 in 3 still believe it as weak, and more than half foresee it getting worse in next 6 months

- Q. Rate the current state of the economy in your local area using a scale from 1 to 7, where 7 means a very strong economy today and 1 means a very weak economy.
- Q. Looking ahead six months from now, do you expect the economy in your local area to be much stronger, somewhat stronger, about the same, somewhat weaker, or much weaker than it is now?







Overwhelming majority, 3 in 4 Pakistanis continue to be less confident about their job security. However, for the first time since Aug. 19, over 20% Pakistanis now feeling confident in their job security.

Q. Compared to 1 year ago, are you NOW more or less confident about job security for yourself, your family and other people you know personally? یه بتائے که گذشته ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ اپنی یا اپنے گھرانے کے افراد یا جان پہچان والے افراد کے ذریعه معاش مثلاً ملازمت، کاروبار وغیرہ کے باقی رہنے کے حوالے سے مجموعی طور پر کس حد تک کم یا زیادہ پراعتماد ہیں؟



2 in 5 Pakistanis reported witnessing themselves or people known to them personally losing their jobs in the past one year; this situation was even worse a year ago.

Q. Thinking of the last 1 year, have you, someone in your family or someone else you know personally lost their job as a result of economic conditions?
یه بتائیے که کیا گذشته ایک سال کے دوران آپ یا آپ کے گھرانے کے کسی فرد یا آپ کے کسی جاننے والے کو معاشی صورتحال کے باعث اپنے ذریعه معاش مثلاً ملازمت، کاروبار وغیرہ سے ہاتھ دھونا پڑا؟

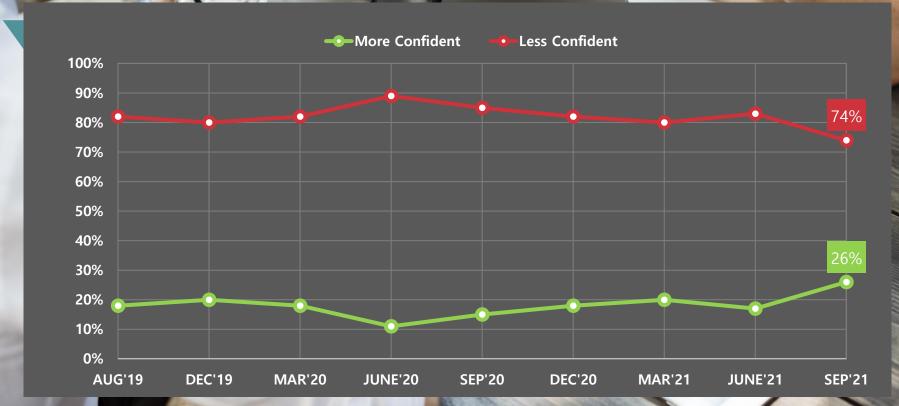




3 out of 4 Pakistanis are now feeling less confident about their ability to save money and invest in their future, However 26% of Pakistani are more comfortable which is at its highest level since 2019.

Q. Compared to 1 year ago, are you NOW more or less confident to invest in the future, including your ability to save money for your retirement or your children's education?

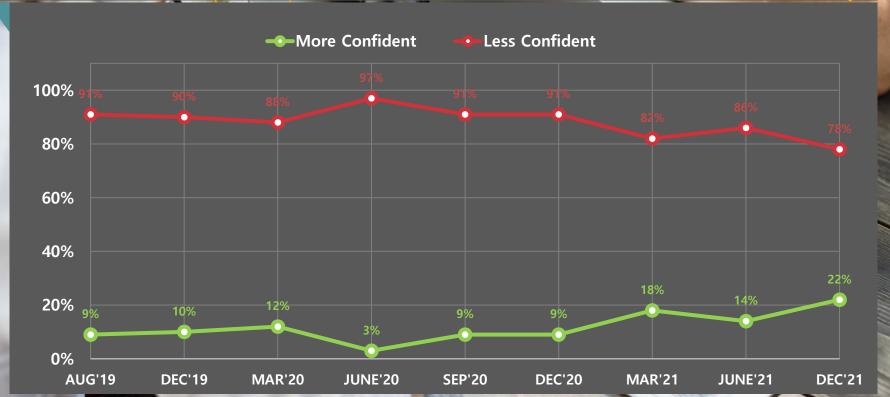
یه بتائیے که گذشته ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ اس حوالے سے کس حد تک کم یا زیادہ پراعتماد ہیں که آپ میں مستقبل مثلاً ریٹائرمنٹ کے بعد یا اپنے بچوں کی تعلیم، شادی وغیرہ کے اخراجات کے لئے پیسه بچانے کی صلاحیت موجود بے؟



Thinking in comparison to a year ago, 4 in 5 Pakistanis are feeling less comfortable for purchasing major items like cars, homes etc. This percentage was 97% in June'20

Q. Compared to 1 year ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making a major purchase, like a home or car?

یه بتائے که گذشته ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ کے لئے کوئی بڑی خریداری کرنا مثلاً جائیداد، گاڑی یا نئے کپڑے وغیرہ خریدنا آسان ہوگیا ہے یا مشکل ہوگیا ہے؟



Similarly, 78% Pakistanis are feeling less comfortable while purchasing other household items. Bit of improvement since June'20, when 94% were not comfortable doing so

Q. Compared to 1 year ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making other household purchases?

یہ بتائیے که گذشته ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ کے لئے عام گھریلو یا ذاتی استعمال کی اشیاء کی خریداری کرنا آسان ہوگیا ہے یا مشکل ہوگیا ہے؟





INTRODUCING THE GLOBAL CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX (GCCI)*

Ipsos Global Consumer Confidence Index (GCCI) is a national survey of consumer attitudes on the current and future state of the local economy, personal financial situation, as well as confidence to make large investments and ability to save.

Consumer sentiment is a key predictor of purchase trends in the market. Despite it being a lagging indicator, if consumer confidence is high, people will make more purchases and the economy will expand.

Businesses and Policy Makers can monitor changes in the index to factor the data in their decision-making processes. A wave-onwave decreasing trend suggests consumers have a negative outlook on their ability to spend. Thus, manufacturers may expect consumers to avoid retail purchases, particularly items that require financing. Likewise, banks can anticipate a decrease in lending activity, mortgage applications, and credit card usage.

* GCCI Index is also known as Primary Consumer Sentiments Index (PCSI)

Ipsos GLOBAL CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX (GCCI*)

The National index result is driven by the aggregation of four weighted sub-Indices



GCCI CURRENT INDEX:

Reflects respondents
perception of current
economic climate, ability to
make household purchases,
job security, and investment
confidence within the country.

GCCI EXPECTATION INDEX: Reflects respondents attitude regarding the future local economy, future financial situation and job loss expectation within their country.



GCCI NATIONAL INDEX

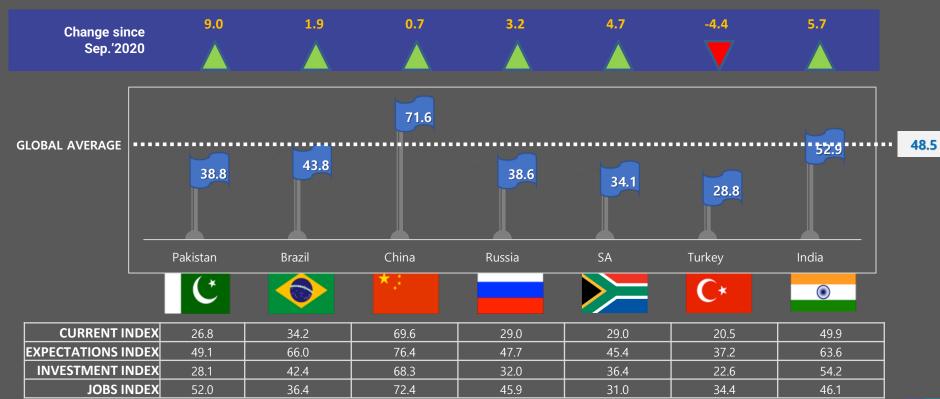
GCCI INVESTMENT INDEX:
Reflects respondents
perception of current financial
situation, future financial
situation, major purchase
comfort, household purchase
confidence within the country.

GCCI JOB INDEX:
Reflects respondents
perception regarding Job
security, job loss experience,
and job less expectation
within the country.

GCCI NATIONAL INDEX: Reflects respondents perception of current local economy, future local economy, current financial situation, future financial situation, major purchase comfort, household purchase comfort, job security, investment confidence, job loss experience and job loss expectation within their country.

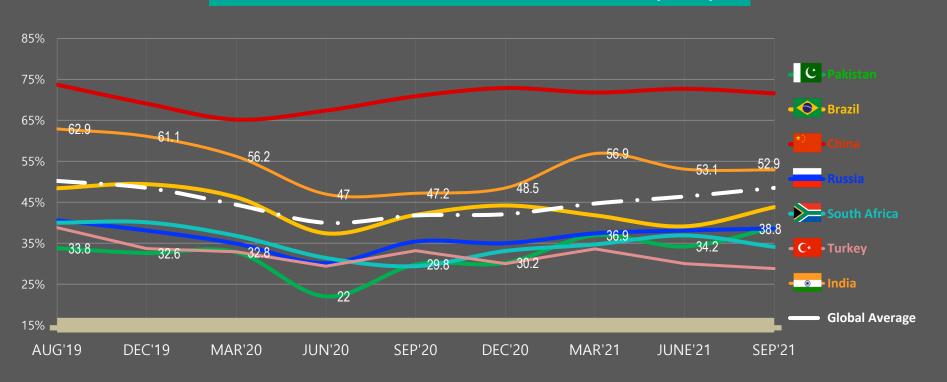


Ipsos' Pakistan consumers' confidence index increased by 9 points when compared to last year, approaching its highest level since 2019.



Pakistan has gained some momentum after June'20 but it is still significantly lower the global average

GLOBAL CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX (GCCI)





THANK YOU

For more details, subscriptions & queries on next waves

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