

Core Political Data



These are findings from an Ipsos poll conducted <u>September 22-23, 2021.</u> A sample of <u>1,005</u> Americans ages 18+ were interviewed online for this survey.

This included 436 Democrats, 354 Republicans, and 123 independents

The precision of the Reuters/Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus the following percentage points:

3.5 for All Adults, 5.4 for Democrats, 5.9 for Republicans, and 10.1 for independents

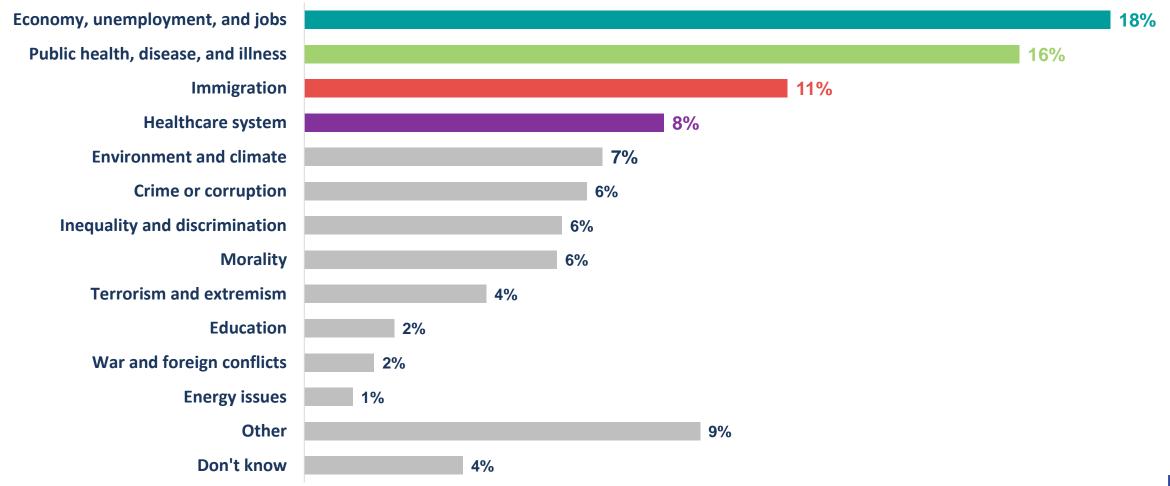
The data from this survey was weighted to the U.S. current population data using Gender, Age, Education, Ethnicity, and Region

- **Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online polls**
- All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error
- Figures marked by an asterisk (*) indicate a percentage value of greater than zero but less than one half of one per cent
 Where figures do not sum to 100, this is because of rounding



Most Important Problem Facing America

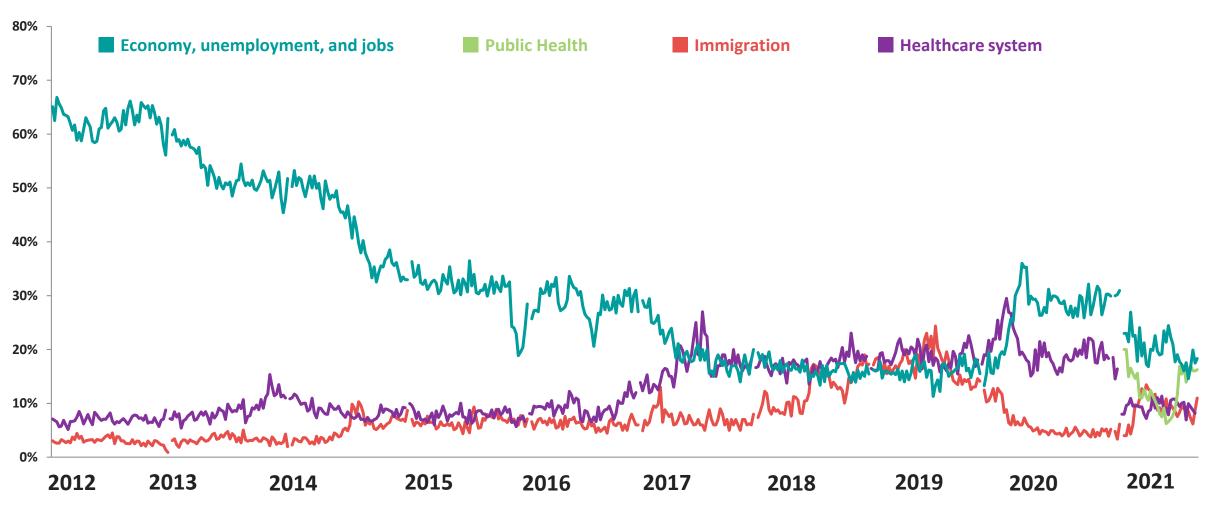
In your opinion, what is the most important problem facing the U.S. today?





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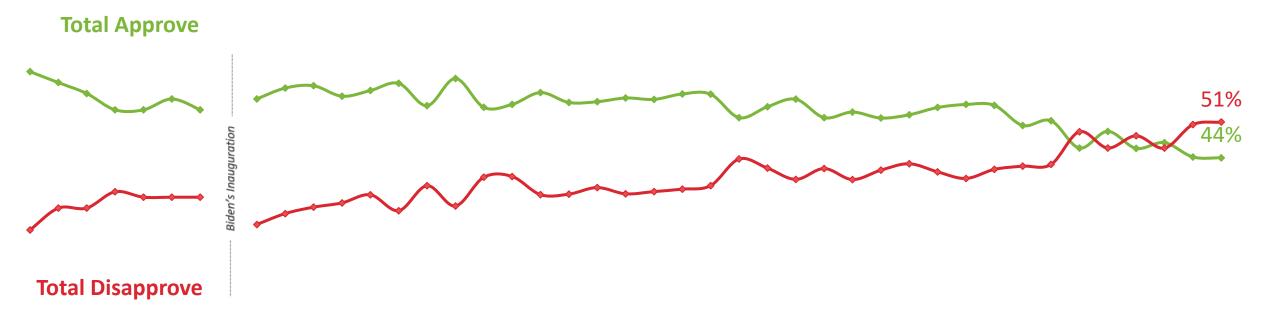
	Democrats	Republicans	Independents
Economy, unemployment, and jobs	17%	20%	21%
War and foreign conflicts	1%	2%	2%
Immigration	3%	24%	5%
Terrorism and extremism	2%	6%	5%
Healthcare system	11%	3%	11%
Public health, disease, and illness	22%	8%	23%
Energy issues	1%	2%	0%
Morality	4%	8%	4%
Education	2%	1%	3%
Crime or corruption	6%	8%	4%
Environment and climate	10%	3%	6%
Inequality and discrimination	11%	1%	5%
Other	7%	12%	7%
Don't know	2%	2%	5%

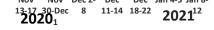


Joe Biden's Weekly Approval



Overall, do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling his job as President (previously president-elect)?





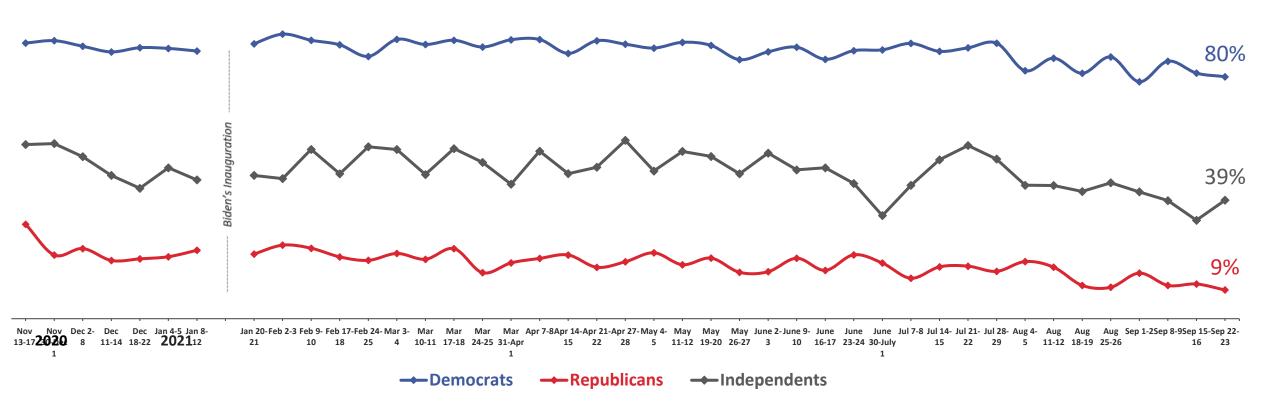




Partisan Biden Approval



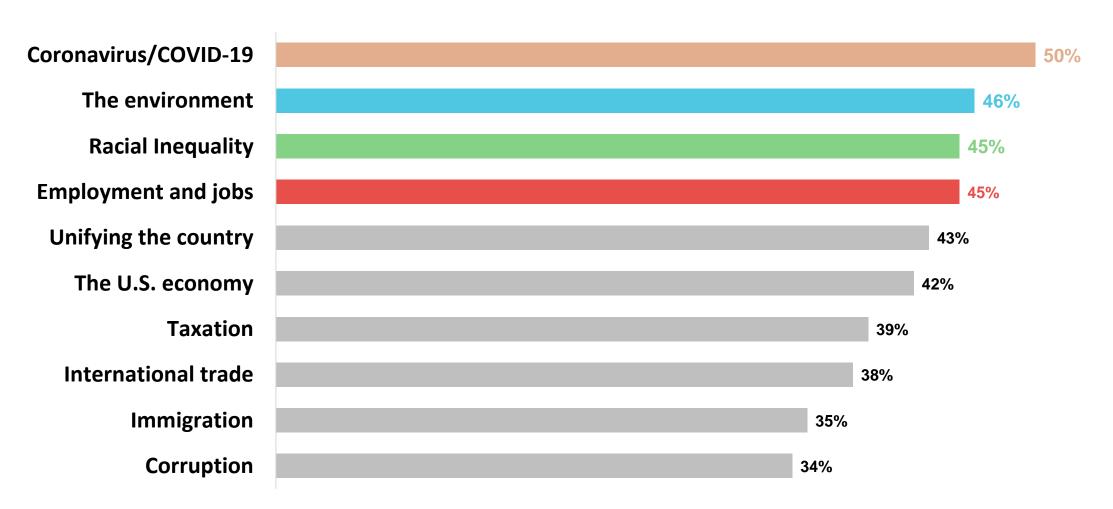
Overall, do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling his job as President (previously president-elect)?





Approval of Biden's Handling of the Country's Issues

Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling the following issues? (Total Approval)

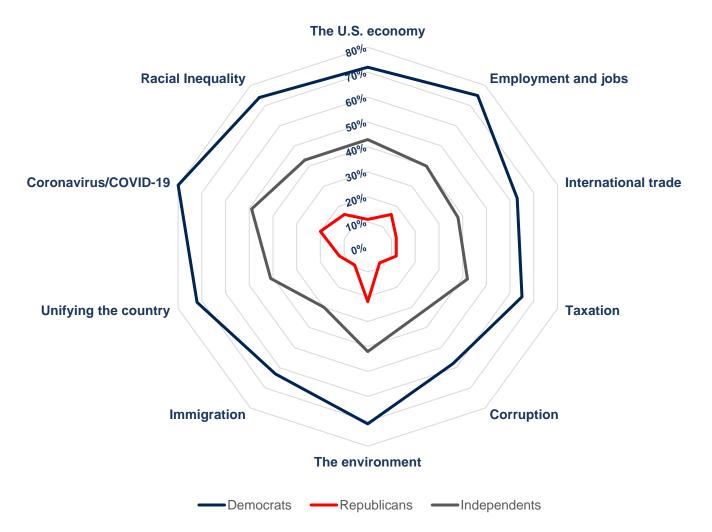






Approval of Biden's Handling of the Country's Issues

Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling the following issues? (Total Approval)



	Democrats	Republicans	Independents
The U.S. economy	72%	11%	43%
Employment and jobs	75%	16%	40%
International trade	63%	12%	38%
Taxation	65%	12%	42%
Corruption	58%	8%	34%
The environment	71%	22%	42%
Immigration	63%	9%	30%
Unifying the country	72%	12%	41%
Coronavirus/COVID-	80%	20%	49%
Racial Inequality	74%	16%	43%



How to Calculate Bayesian Credibility Intervals

The calculation of credibility intervals assumes that Y has a binomial distribution conditioned on the parameter θ \, i.E., Y | θ ^bin(n, θ), where n is the size of our sample. In this setting, Y counts the number

of "yes", or "1", observed in the sample, so that the sample mean (\overline{Y}) is a natural estimate of the true population proportion Θ . This model is often called the likelihood function, and it is a standard concept in both the bayesian and the classical framework. The bayesian¹ statistics combines both the prior distribution and the likelihood function to create a posterior distribution.

The posterior distribution represents our opinion about which are the plausible values for θ adjusted after observing the sample data. In reality, the posterior distribution is one's knowledge base updated using the latest survey information. For the prior and likelihood functions specified here, the posterior distribution is also a beta distribution $(\pi(\frac{\theta}{\gamma})^{\sim}\beta(y+a,n-y+b))$, but with updated hyper-parameters.

Our credibility interval for θ is based on this posterior distribution. As mentioned above, these intervals represent our belief about which are the most plausible values for θ given our updated knowledge base. There are different ways to calculate these intervals based on π ($\frac{\theta}{y}$). Since we want only one measure of precision for all variables in the survey, analogous to what is done within the classical framework, we will compute the largest possible credibility interval for any observed sample. The worst case occurs when we assume that a=1 and b=1 and y=n/2. Using a simple approximation of the posterior by the normal distribution, the 95% credibility interval is given by, approximately: $\overline{Y} \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$

For this poll, the Bayesian credibility interval was adjusted using standard weighting design effect 1+L=1.3 to account for complex weighting²

Examples of credibility intervals for different base sizes are below:

SAMPLE SIZE	CREDIBILITY INTERVALS
2,000	2.5
500	5.0
100	11.2



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ISIN code FR0000073298, Reuters ISOS.PA, Bloomberg IPS:FP www.ipsos.com

GAME CHANGERS

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We believe that our work is important. Security, simplicity, speed and substance applies to everything we do.

Through specialisation, we offer our clients a unique depth of knowledge and expertise. Learning from different experiences gives us perspective and inspires us to boldly call things into question, to be creative.

By nurturing a culture of collaboration and curiosity, we attract the highest calibre of people who have the ability and desire to influence and shape the future.

"GAME CHANGERS" – our tagline – summarises our ambition.

