COMMUNITIES PILOT

Pulse check on Kenyans and COVID

An Ipsos UU presentation

22 February 2022



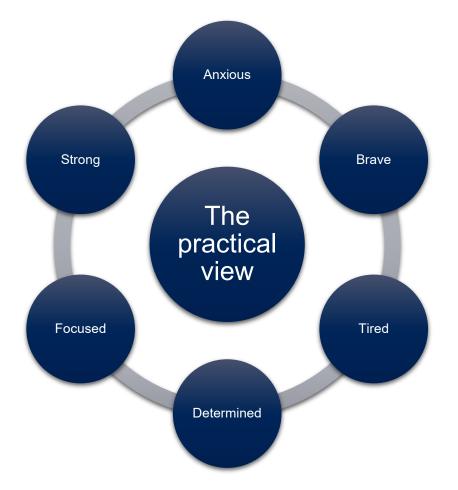
GENERAL FEELINGS



AT THIS POINT IN TIME, THE KENYAN MINDSET CAN BE SPLIT INTO TWO MAIN CATEGORIES

The conceptual view is a representation of the traditional Kenyan mindset – hopeful and optimistic – while the practical view is an honest expression of the recent and current struggles that have plagued Kenyans







COVID HAS HAD A STRONG NEGATIVE IMPACT ON MANY AREAS OF KENYAN LIFE

From the financial to the emotional – the COVID pandemic took a toll on all levels of Kenyan society

Financial

The pandemic had devastating impact on the Kenyan economy with many workers facing loss of jobs and/or loss of wages. Kenyans, like many others in the world, were forced to downsize their budget, cut out non-essentials and make do with less. Some found themselves unable to continue their studies or to pay bills, rent and loan repayments – in some cases they had to move back with their parents

Personal loss

Though the death toll in Kenya was not as staggering as in other parts of the world, many Kenyans have lost friends and/or relatives to COVID or to its complications. Some others, though they survived the disease, faced a long road to recovery. This significant personal loss affected all levels of Kenyan society and had a negative impact on the collective mental health

Social isolation

With social distancing and health protocols in place, many Kenyans found themselves isolated from their social group and even from their family. The subsequent feelings of anxiety and loneliness had a severe impact on mental health with many reporting a state of depression and even the occasional suicide affecting the community



HOWEVER FOR SOME KENYANS, THERE IS A SILVER LINING TO THE RECENT STRUGGLES

Some Kenyans were able to leverage the forced isolation and loss of opportunity – developing new skills and taking a more creative outlook on life

Move towards technology

As the pandemic forced many Kenyans to move to the online sphere and leverage IT tools to remain connected with the outside world, some young adults successfully adapted to the new normal and developed strong skills. For these individuals, there is a clear advantage to this evolution as IT skills have become very marketable and have enabled them to look for alternative ways of learning and earning.

Family bonding

Some Kenyans reporting having to move back in and isolate with their families. Though this was in a context of personal loss and financial stress, this also afforded them the opportunity to form stronger bond with their families or immediate communities. Facing these tough times together allowed Kenyans to take stock and appreciate their families. Some even adopted new habits – exercising together, playing family games etc – to foster this bond and pass the time

Personal growth

Some Kenyans were able to channel their free time, limited expenditure and isolation into personal growth initiatives – some took up exercising and eating healthier, others worked on their spirituality and belief system. For these individuals, the pandemic acted as a forced reset and successfully challenged them to turn this free time into personal growth



IN THEIR OWN WORDS...



How I am feeling in 3 words: just survived through

Musembe, 30 years

Since I wasn't prepared, the pandemic hit different... I had to go back home, minimize my spending and have a strong relationship with my family. The situation was hard but thank God I managed

-James, 24 years

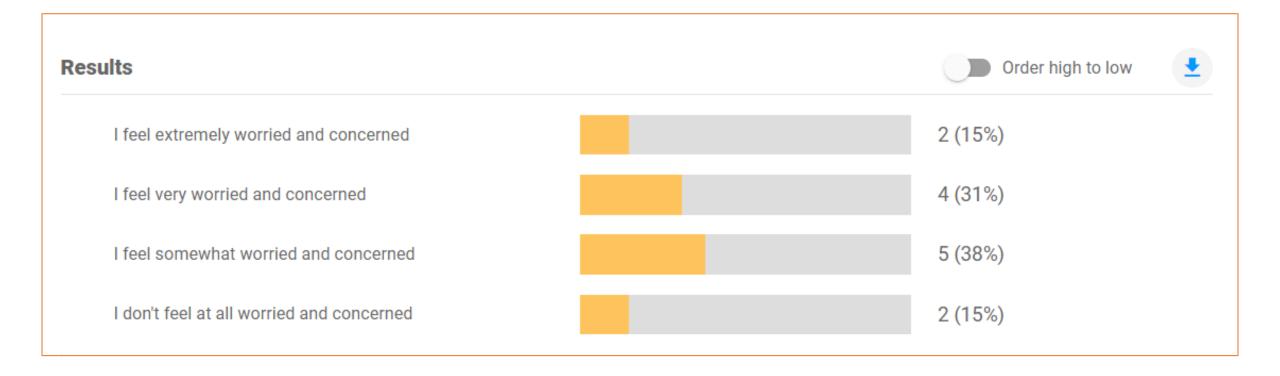
I have learnt a lot about myself. Self care sums up my good, bad and ugly. I have achieved great milestones in my pursuit of wellness. However I have faced many challenges in adopting the discipline of new healthy physical, mental and spiritual habits and routines. There have been setbacks in practice and relapses of old behaviors but overall I am a better person for it.

--Malaika, 36 years



2 YEARS INTO THIS COVID PANDEMIC, MOST KENYANS REMAIN WORRIED ABOUT THEIR CURRENT AND FUTURE SITUATION

Kenyans show strong awareness of the current crisis both at a local and global level and therefore show signs of anxiety and worry





GENERAL HABITS AND PURCHASES





THE FORCED RESET OF THE PANDEMIC HAS LED TO SOME LIFESTYLE CHANGES FOR MANY KENYANS

Many have switched to living a more interior life, living more frugally and pursuing healthy habits

Habits continued

- Hustling and looking for income
- Aggressively saving
- Staying at home
- Cooking at home

Habits stopped

- Unnecessary purchases
- Unnecessary activities
- Socializing and partying

New habits

- Online businesses
- Aggressively saving
- Staying at home
- Cooking at home
- Dieting and eating healthy
- Exercising

Activities increased

- Hygiene practices
- Staying at home
- Cooking at home
- Dieting and eating healthy
- Exercising

Activities missed

- Going to church
- Family meetings and activities
- Socializing and partying
- Traveling



PANDEMIC COLLAGE

Pandemic life has been different as illustrated by the below pictures provided by respondents



Working from home -Andrew, 28 years

This certificate is awarded to

Jeffe

for the successful completion of the course

Child Safeguarding Policy: from Policy to Practice

Started doing online programs and as a result a earned a certificate

-Jeffe, 30 years

This is the kind of hustle we embarked with my friends to earn a meal. Offloading of animal manure from a vehicle just to earn a living.

-Musembe, 30 years



PANDEMIC COLLAGE

Pandemic life has been different as illustrated by the below pictures provided by respondents



My new side hustle which I focused on during the pandemic -Valerie, 30 years

This is me visiting a friend who has become paranoid because of the pandemic. I have to mask everywhere even though I am not comfortable but I have to -Naman, 38 years

I have become very self sufficient. I can make many useful items including footwear.

-Malaika, 36 years

This is the kind of Hustle I embarked on since I lost my job job. Selling first camera women shoes and bags.

-Noela, 36 years

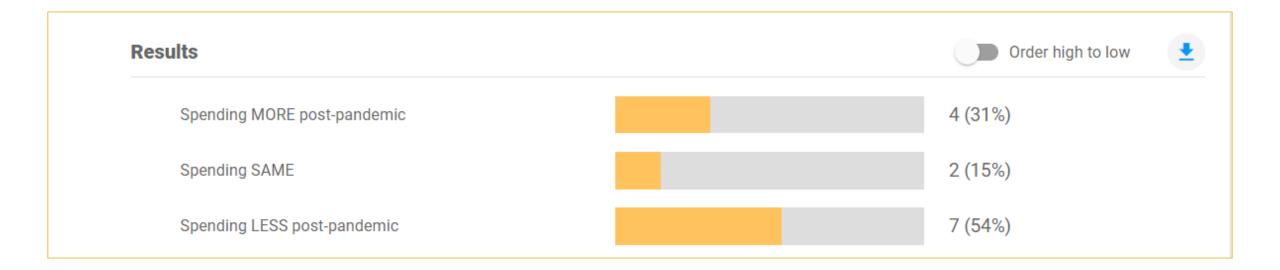
I started selling soap products
-Russel, 20 years





MOST KENYANS ARE PLANNING ON SPENDING LESS POST-PANDEMIC

The economic crises has made many Kenyans more aware of their budgeting and pushed them to seek financial stability in case of future crises





RECENT PURCHASING TRENDS HEATMAP

Total Responses: 13

	Product Category	More than before	Same as before/no change	Less than before	Not applicable/don't use this product	Total
Detergent	1 (8%)	8 (62%)	3 (23%)	2 (15%)	0 (0%)	13 100%
Bleach	1 (8%)	7 (54%)	2 (15%)	3 (23%)	1 (8%)	13 100%
Bar soap	1 (8%)	7 (54%)	3 (23%)	2 (15%)	2 (15%)	13 100%
Bathing soap	1 (8%)	8 (62%)	5 (38%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	13 100%
Disinfectant	1 (8%)	12 (92%)	1 (8%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	13 100%
Air freshener	1 (8%)	1 (8%)	9 (69%)	2 (15%)	1 (8%)	13 100%
Personal care items – lotion, cream, perfume, deodorant etc.	1 (8%)	1 (8%)	9 (69%)	3 (23%)	0 (0%)	13 100%

Strong uptick in the purchase of hygiene and cleaning products



RECENT PURCHASING TRENDS HEATMAP (CONTINUED)

Total Responses: 13

	Product Category	More than before	Same as before/no change	Less than before	Not applicable/don't use this product	Total
Toilet paper	1	8	4	1	0	13
	(8%)	(62%)	(31%)	(8%)	(0%)	100%
Food stuff – Rice, maize flour, cereals etc.	1	8	2	3	0	13
	(8%)	(62%)	(15%)	(23%)	(0%)	100%
Food additive/spices	1	3	5	6	0	13
	(8%)	(23%)	(38%)	(46%)	(0%)	100%
Bread	1	2	5	5	1	13
	(8%)	(15%)	(38%)	(38%)	(8%)	100%
Bread spread	1	2	6	5	1	13
	(8%)	(15%)	(46%)	(38%)	(8%)	100%
Breakfast cereal	1	3	7	1	2	13
	(8%)	(23%)	(54%)	(8%)	(15%)	100%
Confectionery – Chocolate, candy etc.	1	0	3	7	5	13
	(8%)	(0%)	(23%)	(54%)	(38%)	100%

Increase in purchase of essential foods but decrease in the purchase of non-essential foods such as confectionary



THE NEED TO BUDGET AND SAVE MONEY HAS LED TO CHANGES IN THE TYPES OF PURCHASES MADE

Smaller quantities, cheaper brands, a move towards the local and the homemade





The use of cocoa and drinking chocolate has reduced due to increased price and reduced income. I don't buy Yoghurt more because of income challenge. Cooking oil prices have really increased

-Musembe, 30 years

I tend to stock a lot of soaps since we wash a lot and shower a lot too -Valerie, 30 years I've switched to Jossy brand for hair and skin products. I love that their products are effective, natural, organic and locally made.

-Malaika, 36 years

We buy homemade soap, it's cheaper
-Martin, 32 years



EATING HABITS





EATING HABITS HAVE ALSO CHANGED DUE COVID

Kenyans have adapted to both the financial and health situations

Money saving strategies

Eating smaller quantities of food or reducing the number of meals per day

Cutting out expensive foodstuffs such as meats and eating more vegetables and fruits

Eating homecooked meals, avoiding restaurants and takeout

Immunity boosting strategies

Focus on foods that are rich in vitamins such as fresh fruits

Immunity boosting concoctions (ginger, garlic, lemon juice etc)

Experimenting with herbs and tinctures



BREAKFAST TYPICALLY CONSISTS OF TEA AND STARCH WITH THE OCCASIONAL PROTEIN

Kenyans have also taken up the habit of including immunity boosting beverages in their breakafst

Usual Foods

Tea – usually with large quantities of milk and some sugar, a few drink their tea black Coffee

Starch – usually potatoes, sweet potatoes, boiled arrow roots, bread Fruits – green bananas (matoke)

Protein – eggs (usually boiled), sausages

Cereals – porridge, uji

New Foods

Mixture of lemon juice, ginger and garlic

Widespread belief that it boosts immunity against COVID









LUNCH STAPLES HAVE MOSTLY REMAINED THE SAME WITH THE ADDITION OF A FEW NEW VEGETABLES AND FRUITS

Typically consists of some form of starch and protein

Usual Foods

Starch - Ugali, rice

Vegetables and greens – Sukuma, spinach, terere

Protein – locally reared chicken, beef

Arrow roots, potatoes, sweet potatoes

New Foods

Fruits such as oranges and vegetables such as broccoli

Widespread belief that it boosts immunity against COVID









THERE ARE NO NOTICEABLE CHANGES IN SNACKING HABITS EXCEPT FOR A DECREASE IN FREQUENCY

Lack of funds causing Kenyans to spend less money on food than before the pandemic

Usual Foods

New Foods

Grounduts

No noticeable change in snacking habits

Potato chips

Cookies, cakes, bread

Fruits



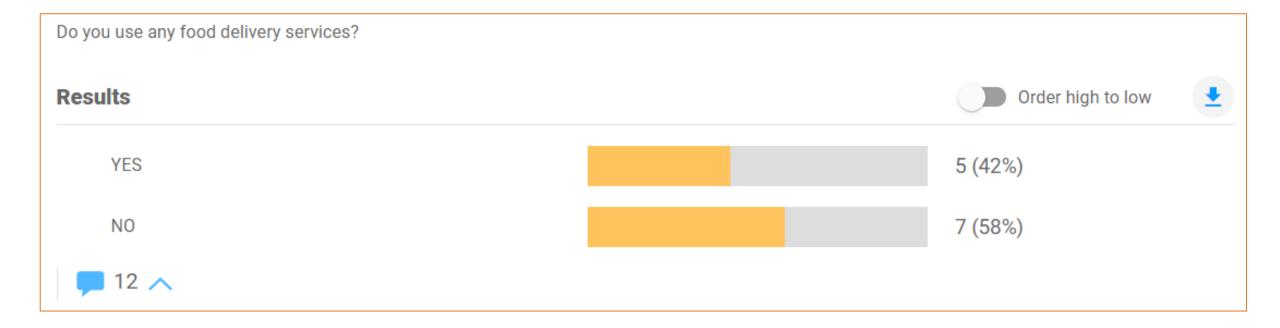






FOOD DELIVERY IS STILL RELATIVELY COMMON

The wide variety of price points available on the market means getting food delivery is still accessible to many mass market Kenyans





FOR THOSE WHO DO ORDER DELIVERY, HOWEVER, THE FREQUENCY AND AMOUNTS HAVE DECREASED

Food delivery services remain more expensive than shopping for oneself

- Due to income limitations, there has been a decline in food delivery orders among mass market Kenyans.
- Though some Kenyans never got the habit of ordering via services such as Jumia
 - Need to save money even during pre-pandemic times
 - Lack of trust of such services
 - Frequent and frustrating delays in delivery

I no longer use food delivery services often since I prefer home cooked food. I used to get some food from online food stores such and KFC, Jumia foods or Glovo. They were quite good save for instances where they would delay .-Naman, 38 years





FINANCES AND BANKING





COVID HAS HAD A VERY NEGATIVE IMPACT ON FINANCES

Loss of jobs and loss of income are rampant

Loss of job or reduction in income

Increase in side hustles to make ends meet

Some Kenyans
having to survive on
their savings and
therefore depleting
them

Downsizing in terms of lifestyle and spending to save money

Loan acquisitions to boost businesses



KENYANS ARE THEREFORE FACED WITH MANY QUESTIONS WHEN IT COMES TO FINANCES

This period of upheaval is forcing Kenyans to reconsider and reevaluate

How can I manage my debt?

What is my net worth? How should I be budgeting my income?

When is the cost of living going to come down?

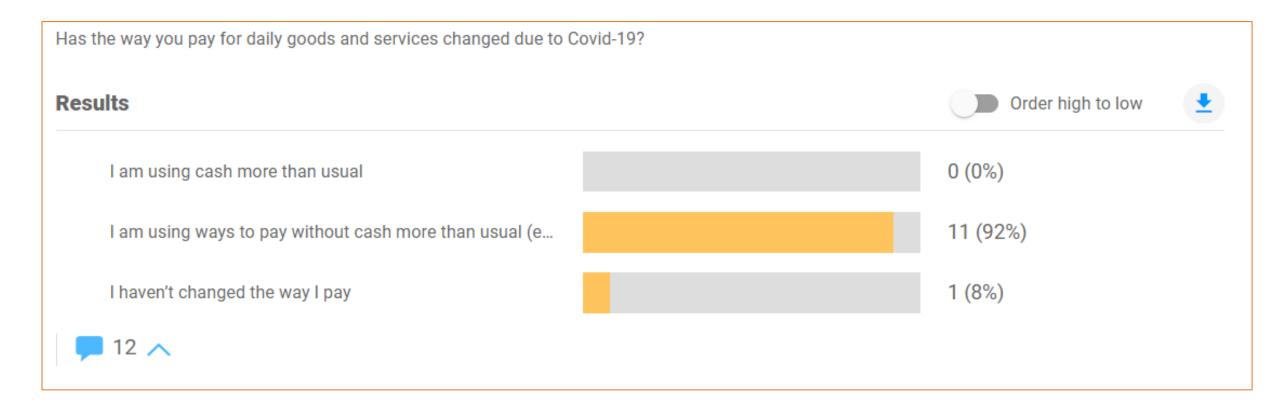
Where should I invest my money? How does the stock market work?

How can I help my business make higher profits?



KENYA ALREADY HAD A STRONG CASHLESS ECONOMY PRIOR TO THE PANDEMIC

Recent COVID prevention measures, however, have cemented it – cashless payments are more common than ever





INTERACTIONS WITH BANKS REMAIN MINIMAL FOR THE MASS MARKET KENYAN

We observe a stronger focus on digital platforms however

How would you describe your relationship with your bank?

- Many young Kenyans have minimal interactions with their banks
- They often tend to describe their relationship with their bank as "average" or "normal"

How has it changed since COVID

- More digital payments, cashless transactions – virtual relationship has become more of a preference
- Higher volume of notifications due to a shift towards online and digital

Coping mechanisms

- Most communications occurring digitally, no longer face to face
- Banks have been waiving certain fees such as Bank to Mpesa transaction fees to ease the financial burden of their customers

How does it compare to pre-COVID?

- Many young Kenyans are seeing no real changes in their relationships with their banks
- Changes are limited to the platforms of interaction rather than to the heart of the interactions themselves

 more digital platforms, stronger focus on convenience etc



FOR KENYANS, THE MOST LOCAL BANKS CAN DO IS OFFER ATTRACTIVE LOANS WITH LOW INTEREST RATES

What can your bank do to support you during this pandemic period?

Offer loans to start businesses at low interest rates
.-Naman, 38 years

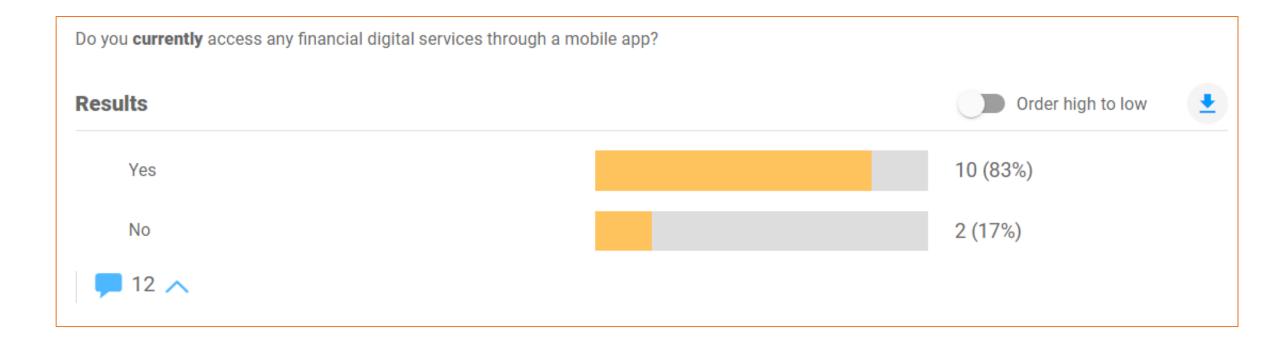
Give me loans with very low interest rates

.-Noela, 36 years



DIGITAL CHANNELS HAVE BECOME AN ESSENTIAL POINT OF ACCESS TO FINANCIAL SERVICES

Kenyans are banking via mobile apps now more than ever





DESPITE THEIR CONVENIENCE, MOBILE BANKING APPS STILL HAVE THEIR DOWNSIDES

Most frustrations seem to revolve around technical issues

Downtime and system failures

Poor integration with some smartphone models

Technical delays

Some apps have por interface

Fear of fraud and con men



INTERNET BANKING IS ALSO POPULAR AMONGST YOUNG KENYANS

Though some of the frustrations with internet banking remain the same as with mobile banking

Do you **currently** access any financial digital services through **internet banking** - TRANSACTING WITH YOUR BANK VIA THE INTERNET (BROWSER)?

Results

Yes

No

4 (33%)



THE HIGH CONVENIENCE OF USING INTERNET BANKING IS MITIGATED BY THE RISK OF FRAUD

Physically visiting the bank may be inconvenient, but it is also seen as safer

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
There is a high risk of being a victim of fraud when using internet banking	5 (42%)	4 (33%)	2 (17%)	1 (8%)	0 (0%)
I prefer physically transacting at the bank branch instead of using internet banking	1 (8%)	2 (17%)	3 (25%)	5 (42%)	1 (8%)
It is more efficient to transact using internet banking than physically visiting a bank	3 (25%)	5 (42%)	2 (17%)	2 (17%)	0 (0%)
It is cheaper to transact using internet banking than physically visiting a bank	3 (25%)	5 (42%)	2 (17%)	2 (17%)	0 (0%)
It is more convenient to transact using internet banking than physically visiting a bank	2 (17%)	8 (67%)	1 (8%)	1 (8%)	0 (0%)

Using the internet is faster, more efficient and more convenient but it is also less safe



MEDIA CONSUMPTION





COVID HAS LED TO AN INCREASE ON MEDIA CONSUMPTION AND ONLINE COMMUNICATIONS AMONG KENYANS

With less opportunities to go outside and spend time with friends, Kenyans have turned to media for entertainment and information

- Due to lockdown directives, many Kenyans were stuck at home with little to do other than consuming media
- Media consumed
 - Television
 - Internet: social media (Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, TikTok), entertainment apps such as Netflix, YouTube, search engines such as Google
- COVID has made Kenyans more reliant on online communication channels for human interactions since social activities were discouraged
- Some have spent more time consuming media in an effort to stay informed on COVID 19 and its impact on society

During the lock down my only entertainment was online social media I spent lots of time on facebook, TikTok, Instagram, YouTube and google. Am a silent follower of this applications For now I don't have much time as during the lockdown but during my free time I go through the apps

-Dorah, 27 years





MEDIA PLATFORMS AND COMMUNICATION CHANNELS WHICH HAVE SEEN AN INCREASE IN USAGE DURING COVID

Divided into three main categories

Social Media









Communication







TV and online channels









SOME TOPICS OF THEMES HAVE ALSO BECOME MORE POPULAR DURING THE PANDEMIC

We notice a slight uptick in health and wellness, and more specifically on the topic of COVID

Health and wellness

Politics (both local and global)

Financial and investment information (the rise of crypto)

Lifestyle, trends, gossip

COVID



WHEN IT COMES TO COVID SPECIFIC INFORMATION, KENYANS HAVE THEIR DOUBTS AS TO VALIDITY AND ACCURACY

Would you say the information relating to COVID in Kenya is...

	Yes	No	Total
Enough?	7	5	12 100%
Annumate2	(58%)	(42%)	
Accurate?	5 (42%)	7 (58%)	12 100%
Relevant?	10 (83%)	2 (17%)	12 100%



FAMILY WORK VACCINE





COVID HAS HAD BOTH POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE IMPACTS ON PERSONAL RELATIONSHIPS

Overall, feedback suggests that COVID has put significant strain on personal relationships



Has brought couples closer due to lockdowns

Extended periods of family time

Opportunity to establish new routines and traditions together

Lack of personal space has caused strain on relationships

Working from home makes it hard to keep a tidy home space

Loss of loved ones

Financial difficulties causing even more strain on relationships



OVERALL, WORKING FROM HOME DOES NOT APPEAR TO HAVE HAD MUCH OF A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON WORK PRODUCTIVITY

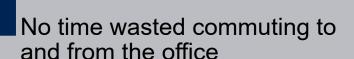
Most Kenyans feel theirs has either stayed the same or increased

How has work from home impacted your work productivity - amount of work you can do within a certain number of hours? Results Order high to low My work productivity has increased 5 (45%) My work productivity has remained the same 4 (36%) 2 (18%) My work productivity has reduced



WORKING FROM HOME HAS BOTH ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

Benefits appear to outweigh the disadvantages



Ability to work in a comfortable setting

Opportunity to be present for other aspects of life that tend to occur at home – check on kids and family

Saves the cost of transport

Ability to both work and do house chores

Too many distractions – kids, pets, significant others etc

Often makes it hard to keep the house tidy



PANDEMIC COLLAGE

Home offices





PANDEMIC COLLAGE

Home offices





REACTIONS TO THE VACCINE ARE MIXED

While some trust the scientific process, others express doubts

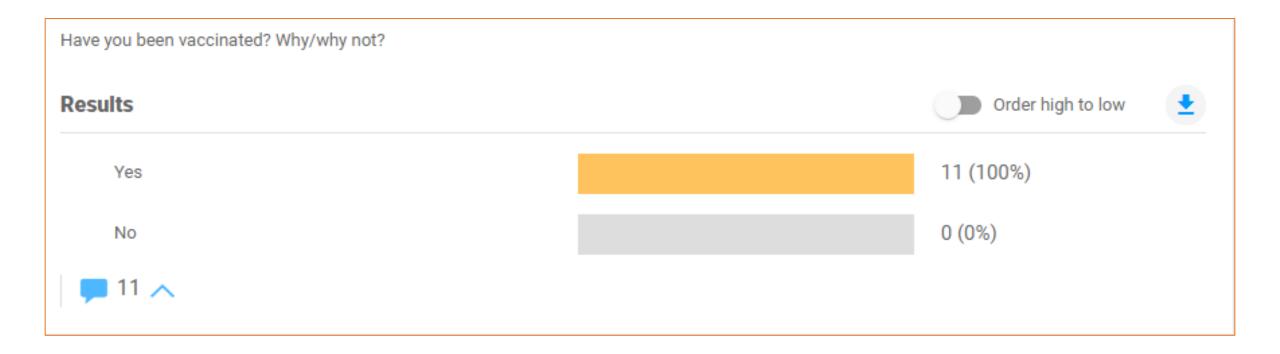
- Some express trust in the vaccine, believing it can prevent the spread and the harm caused by COVID as other vaccines have done with other pandemics throughout history. These individuals also express trust in medical authorities and in the scientific method, referring to fears over the vaccine as "myths"
- Others, however, do not trust the vaccine and cite the many rumors and "shenanigans" they feel have discredited the vaccine. Many of these individuals, however, still claim to have been vaccinated because they "had to"





MANY KENYANS CLAIM TO HAVE BEEN VACCINATED – THOUGH NATIONAL STATISTICS SUGGEST OTHERWISE

Feedback suggests vaccine truthers will still get vaccinated due to societal pressures





ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES





CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES SEEMS TO HAVE DECREASED

Lack of social occasions which tend to be the main drinking occasions

Would you say that you drink more / the same / less amount of alcoholic beverages than before the pandemic? If your habits have changed, why?

Results

Order high to low

1 (9%)

Same

4 (36%)

Less

6 (55%)



WE SEE LITTLE TO NO CHANGES IN BEVERAGE PREFERENCES

This suggests that the changes revolve around the quantity drunk rather than the specifics of the beverage

	Changed	Not changed
Beer Control of the C	4 (36%)	7 (64%)
Spirits	3 (27%)	8 (73%)
Wine	2 (18%)	9 (82%)
Pre-mixes/ready-to-drink	2 (18%)	9 (82%)

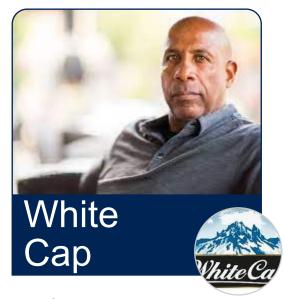


BEER BRAND PERSONAS

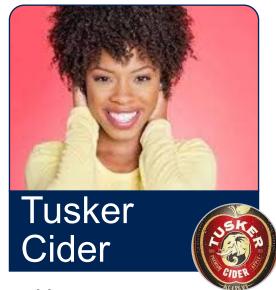
Guinness and White Cap are both older sophisticates while Tusker Cider is younger and more adventurous



- Older
- Wealthy and famous
- Humble and supportive



- Older
- Established yet accessible
- Fun, good sense of humor



- Young woman
- Independent and free spirited



SPIRIT BRAND PERSONAS

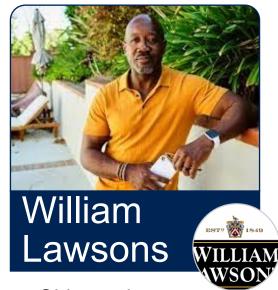
Value proposition spirits tend to be personified as hustlers and rebellious troublemakers



- Well known
- Stubborn and rebellious, known to cause trouble



- Uneducated but hard working hustler
- Underdog who is passionate about his trade



- Older and established
- A family man earning good money



FLAVORS AND STIMULATIONS





YOUNG KENYANS SHOW A PREFERENCE FOR AFRICAN COOKING FLAVORS IN FOOD AND FRESH FRUIT IN DRINKS

Little to no feedback on cigarettes and alcohol

Food flavors

- Chicken
- Fish
- Ginger
- Garlic
- Mint
- Rosemary
- Onion

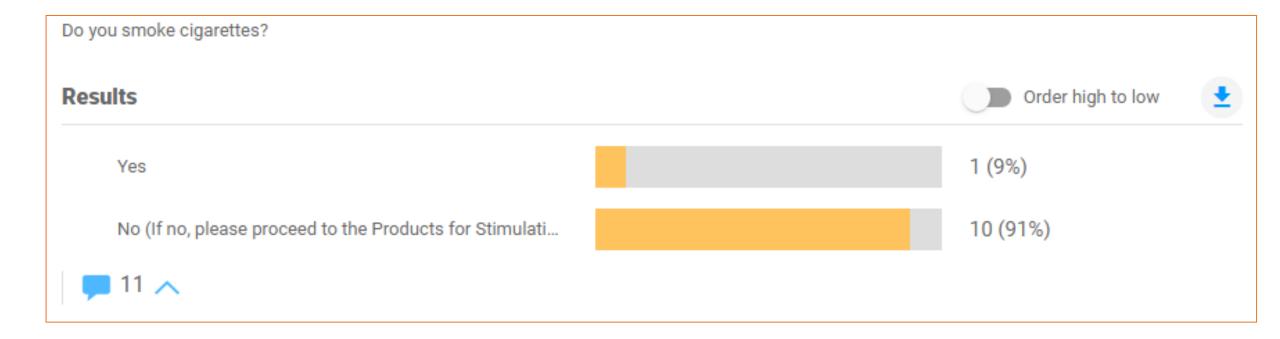
Drink flavors

- Coffee
- Apple
- Pineapple
- Mango
- Orange
- Strawberry
- Vanilla
- Mint



LITTLE TO NO CIGARETTE USAGE

Mostly due to health concerns





AVENUES TO STIMULATION

Young Kenyans seem to rely on beverages to achieve a sense of stimulation

Herbal tea

Coffee

Fruit juice

Alcoholic
beverage of
choice



THANK YOU

GAME CHANGERS

