

Ipsos Core Political Data

These are findings from an Ipsos poll conducted <u>September 6-7, 2022.</u> A sample of <u>1,003</u> Americans ages 18+ were interviewed online for this survey.

This included 411 Democrats, 397 Republicans, and 120 independents

The precision of the Reuters/Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus the following percentage points:

3.8 for All Adults, 5.9 for Democrats, 6.0 for Republicans, and 11.0 for independents

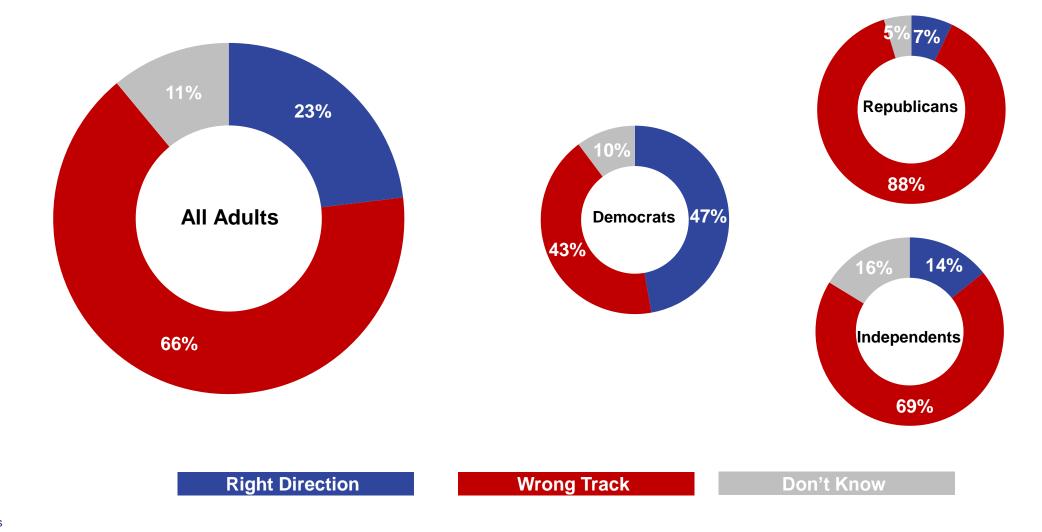
The data from this survey was weighted to the U.S. current population data using Gender, Age, Education, Ethnicity, and Region

- Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online polls
- All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error
- Figures marked by an asterisk (*) indicate a percentage value of greater than zero but less than one half of one percent
 Where figures do not sum to 100, this is because of rounding



Right Direction/Wrong Track

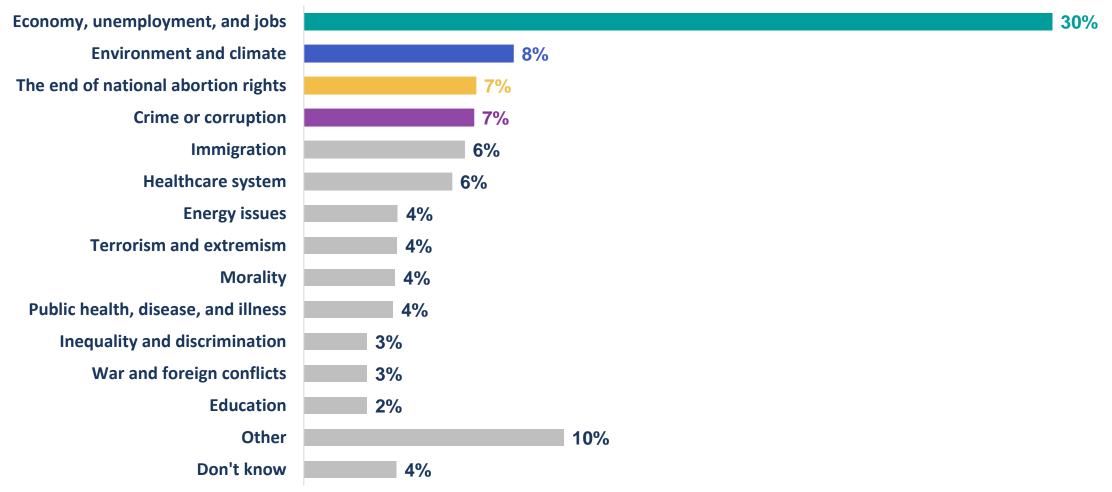
Generally speaking, would you say things in this country are heading in the right direction, or are they off on the wrong track?





Most Important Problem Facing America

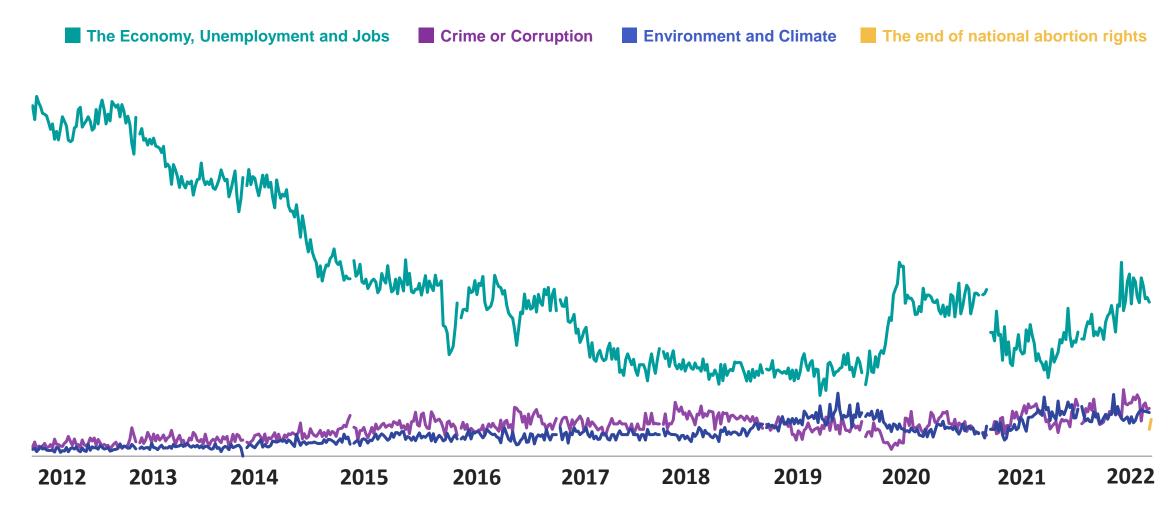
In your opinion, what is the most important problem facing the U.S. today?





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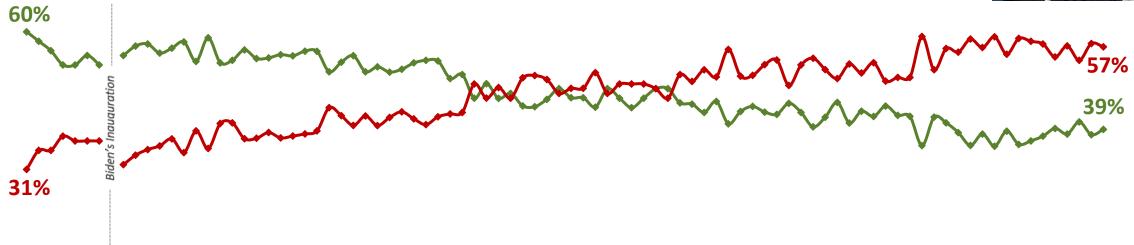
	All Americans	Democrats	Republicans	Independents
Economy, unemployment, and jobs	30%	23%	36%	33%
War and foreign conflicts	3%	3%	3%	1%
Immigration	6%	3%	13%	2%
Terrorism and extremism	4%	6%	3%	1%
Healthcare system	6%	6%	3%	9%
Public health, disease, and illness	4%	5%	3%	3%
Energy issues	4%	3%	5%	3%
Morality	4%	3%	4%	2%
Education	2%	3%	2%	4%
Crime or corruption	7%	7%	9%	5%
Environment and climate	8%	14%	4%	7%
Inequality and discrimination	3%	4%	2%	1%
The end of national abortion rights	7%	8%	4%	10%
Other	10%	11%	9%	12%
Don't know	4%	1%	1%	7%



Joe Biden's Weekly Job Approval

Overall, do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling his job as president? (previously 'president-elect')

Total Approve



Total Disapprove

Dec 2-8

Nov 13-17

Nov 30-Dec 1-14

Dec 18-22

Dec 18-22

Dec 18-22

Dec 18-22

Jan 19-20

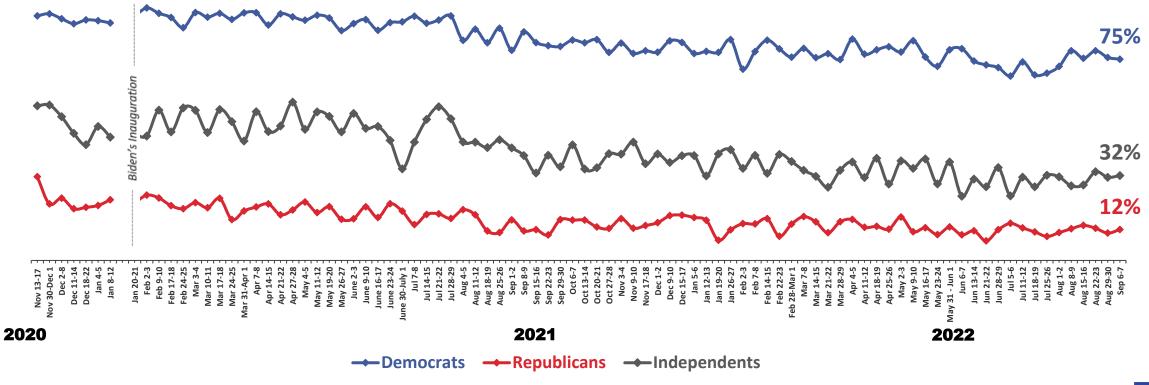
Jan 19-



Joe Biden's Weekly Job Approval by Partisanship

Overall, do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling his job as president? (previously 'president-elect')

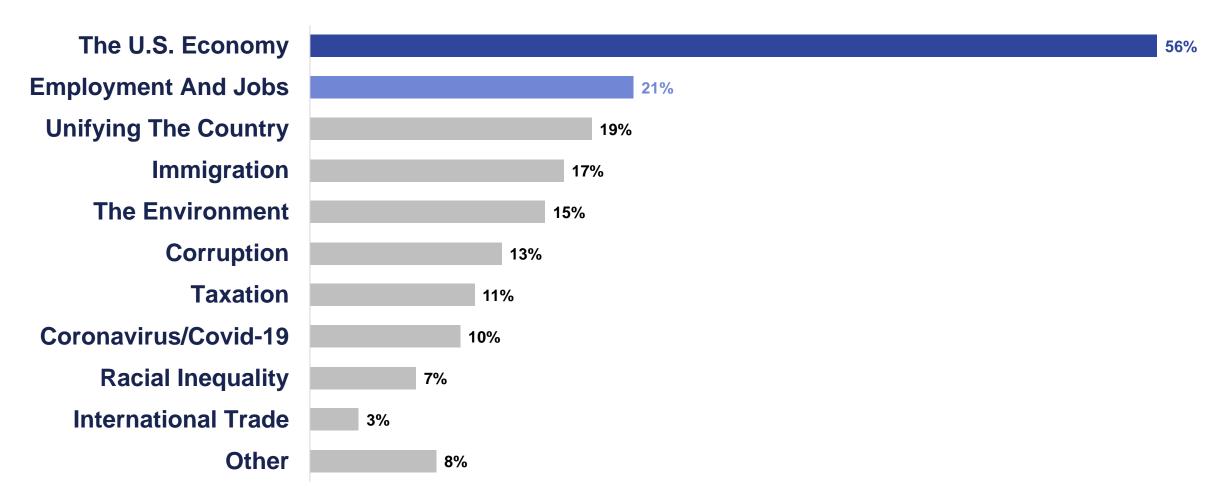






The White House's Top Priorities

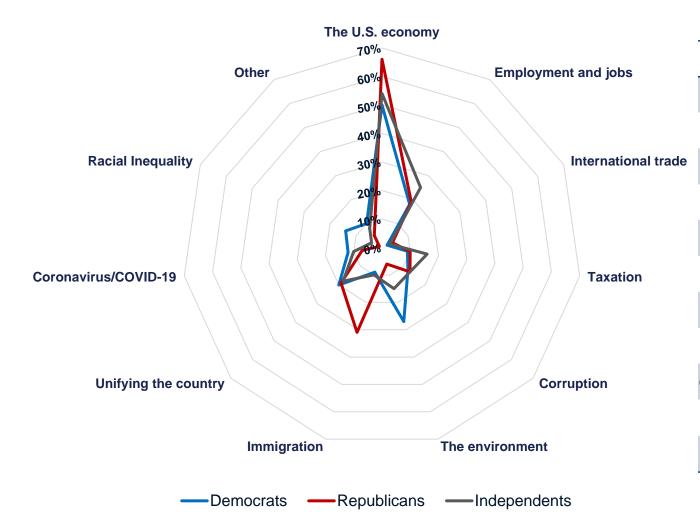
What do you want Joe Biden to prioritize? Choose the top 2 issues that are most important to you.





The White House's Top Priorities by Partisanship

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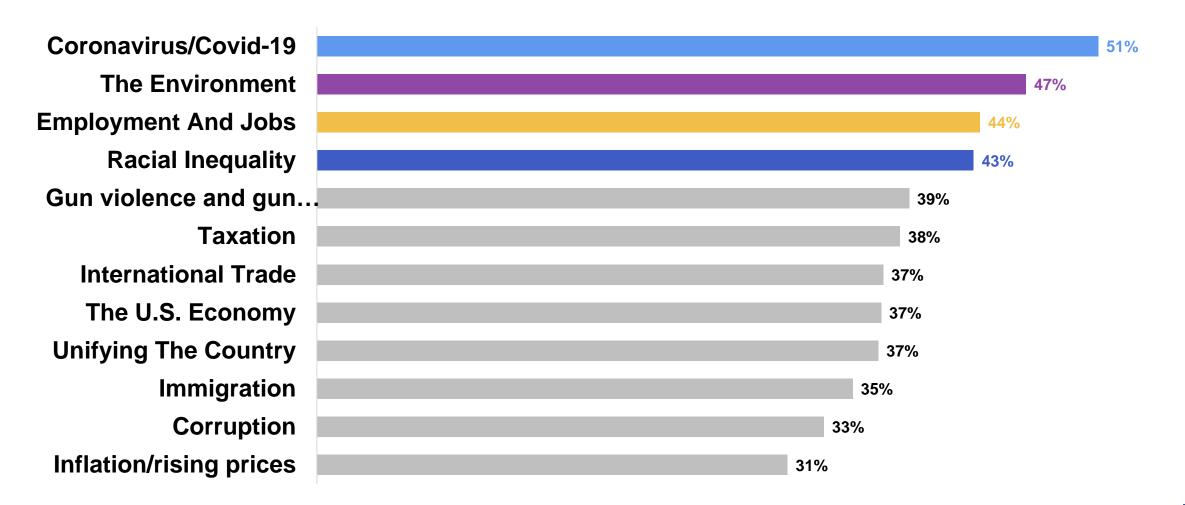


	Democrats	Republicans	Independents
The U.S. economy	50%	66%	54%
Employment and jobs	18%	19%	25%
International trade	2%	4%	3%
Taxation	9%	10%	16%
Corruption	12%	13%	13%
The environment	27%	6%	15%
Immigration	9%	31%	10%
Unifying the country	20%	19%	18%
Coronavirus/COVID-19	12%	7%	10%
Racial Inequality	14%	1%	4%
Other	10%	5%	8%



Approval of Biden's Handling of the Country's Issues

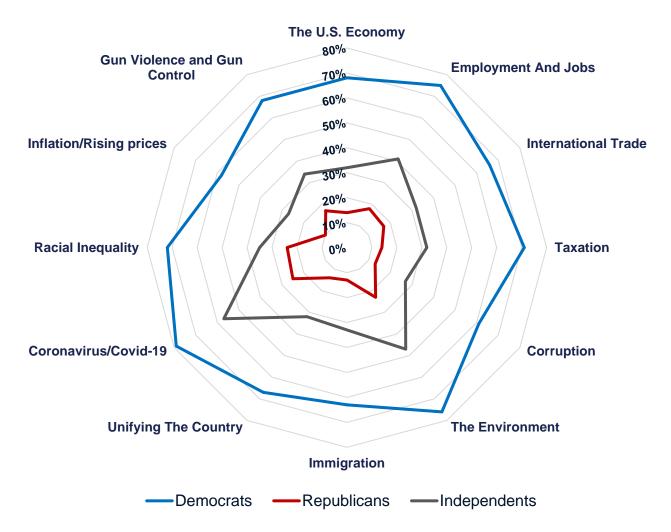
Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling the following issues? (% total approve)





Partisan Approval of Biden's Handling of the Country's Issues

Do you approve or disapprove of the way Joe Biden is handling the following issues? (% total approve)

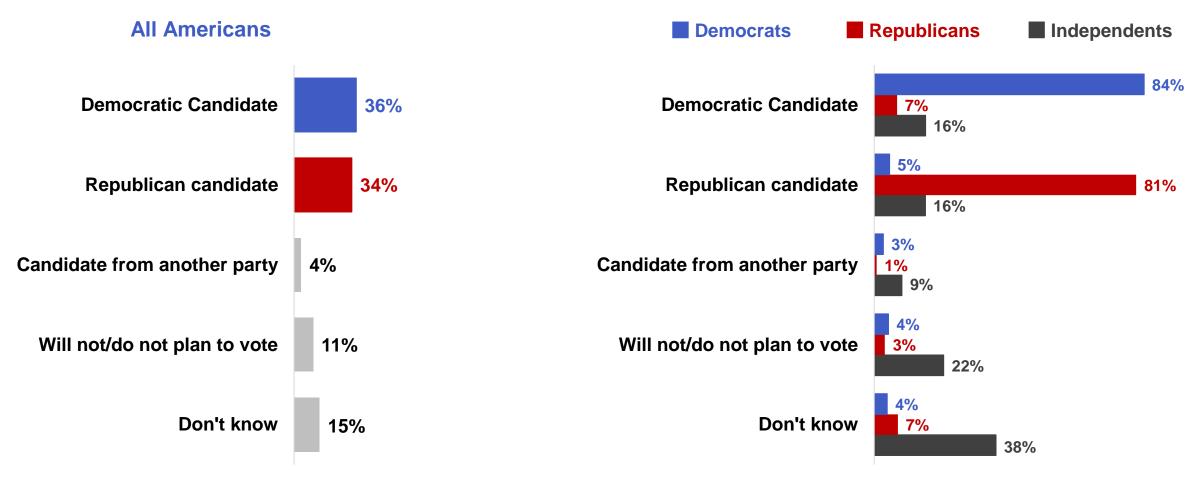


	Democrats	Republicans	Independents
The U.S. Economy	68%	14%	32%
Employment And Jobs	75%	18%	41%
International Trade	66%	17%	32%
Taxation	71%	14%	32%
Corruption	61%	13%	27%
The Environment	76%	23%	47%
Immigration	63%	13%	33%
Unifying The Country	67%	14%	32%
Coronavirus/Covid-19	79%	25%	57%
Racial Inequality	72%	24%	35%
Inflation/Rising prices	58%	10%	27%
Gun Violence and Gun Control	68%	17%	34%



2022 Generic Congressional Ballot

Thinking about the elections in 2022, if the election for U.S. Congress were held today, would you vote for the Democratic or Republican candidate in your district where you live?





How to Calculate Bayesian Credibility Intervals

The calculation of credibility intervals assumes that Y has a binomial distribution conditioned on the parameter θ \, i.E., Y| θ ~bin(n, θ), where n is the size of our sample. In this setting, Y counts the number

of "yes", or "1", observed in the sample, so that the sample mean (\overline{Y}) is a natural estimate of the true population proportion θ . This model is often called the likelihood function, and it is a standard concept in both the bayesian and the classical framework. The bayesian statistics combines both the prior distribution and the likelihood function to create a posterior distribution.

The posterior distribution represents our opinion about which are the plausible values for θ adjusted after observing the sample data. In reality, the posterior distribution is one's knowledge base updated using the latest survey information. For the prior and likelihood functions specified here, the posterior distribution is also a beta distribution $(\pi(\frac{\theta}{v}) \sim \beta(y+a,n-y+b))$, but with updated hyper-parameters.

Our credibility interval for θ is based on this posterior distribution. As mentioned above, these intervals represent our belief about which are the most plausible values for θ given our updated knowledge base. There are different ways to calculate these intervals based on π ($\frac{\theta}{y}$). Since we want only one measure of precision for all variables in the survey, analogous to what is done within the classical framework, we will compute the largest possible credibility interval for any observed sample. The worst case occurs when we assume that a=1 and b=1 and y=n/2. Using a simple approximation of the posterior by the normal distribution, the 95% credibility interval is given by, approximately: $\overline{Y} \mp \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$

For this poll, the Bayesian credibility interval was adjusted using standard weighting design effect 1+L=1.5 to account for complex weighting²

Examples of credibility intervals for different base sizes are below:

SAMPLE SIZE	CREDIBILITY INTERVALS
2,000	2.7
500	5.4
100	12.0



ABOUT IPSOS

Ipsos ranks third in the global research industry. With a strong presence in 87 countries, Ipsos employs more than 16,000 people and has the ability to conduct research programs in more than 100 countries. Founded in France in 1975, Ipsos is controlled and managed by research professionals. They have built a solid Group around a multi-specialist positioning – Media and advertising research; Marketing research; Client and employee relationship management; Opinion & social research; Mobile, Online, Offline data collection and delivery.

Ipsos is listed on Eurolist – NYSE – Euronext. The company is part of the SBF 120 and the Mid-60 index and is eligible for the Deferred Settlement Service (SRD).

ISIN code FR0000073298, Reuters ISOS.PA, Bloomberg IPS:FP www.ipsos.com

GAME CHANGERS

At Ipsos we are passionately curious about people, markets, brands and society. We deliver information and analysis that makes our complex world easier and faster to navigate and inspires our clients to make smarter decisions.

We believe that our work is important. Security, simplicity, speed and substance applies to everything we do.

Through specialisation, we offer our clients a unique depth of knowledge and expertise. Learning from different experiences gives us perspective and inspires us to boldly call things into question, to be creative.

By nurturing a culture of collaboration and curiosity, we attract the highest calibre of people who have the ability and desire to influence and shape the future.

"GAME CHANGERS" – our tagline – summarises our ambition.

