Ipsos UK Financial Wellbeing Tracker

UK Financial & Personal Wellbeing During the Cost of Living Crisis

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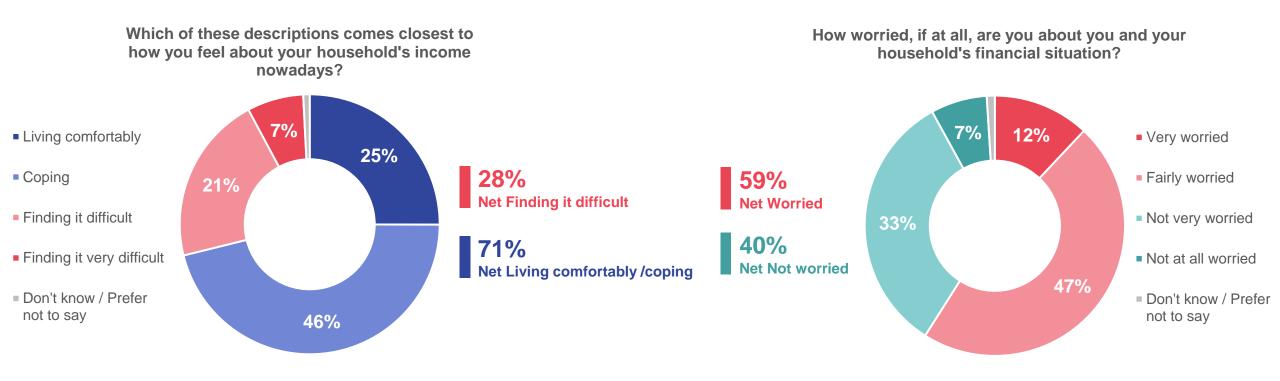


Personal and financial wellbeing

Current situation and trends



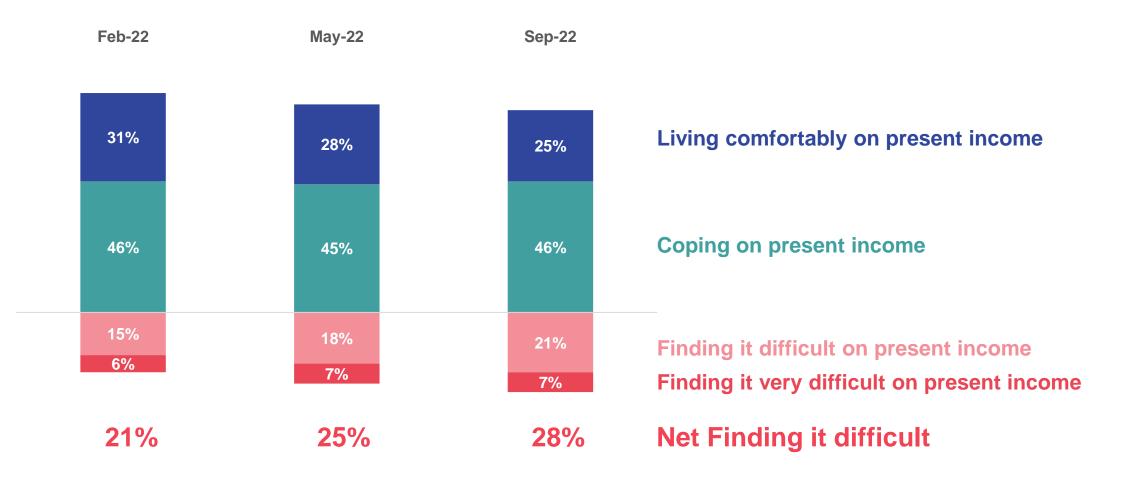
Although most UK adults say they are living comfortably or coping on their household's income, a majority are worried about their financial situation



ECON1. Which of these descriptions comes closest to how you feel about your household's income nowadays? / ECON2. How worried, if at all, are you about you and your household's financial situation? Base: All adults aged 16+ (5983)



The number of people who are finding it difficult on their household's income continues to increase

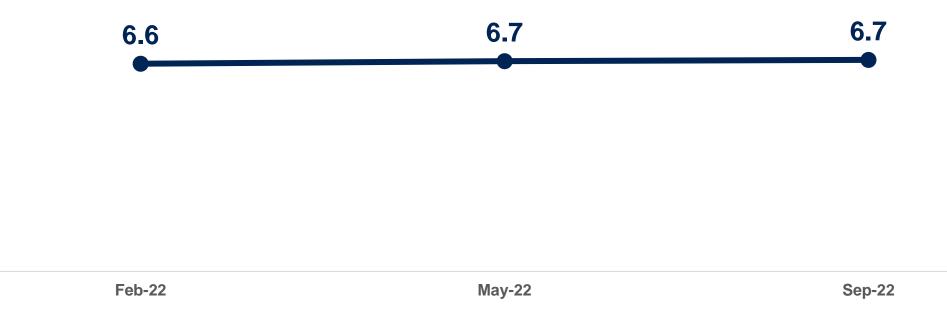


ECON1. Which of these descriptions comes closest to how you feel about your household's income nowadays? Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (February n= 4162; May n=12088; September n= 5983)

At the same time, overall life satisfaction is stable

10 = Completely satisfied

0 – Not at all satisfied



Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays? Please can you give an answer on a scale of '0' to '10' where '0' is 'not at all' and '10' is 'completely'. Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (February n= 4162; May n=12088; September n= 5983);



Personal and financial wellbeing

Segments



Five key segments are identifiable based on people's financial concerns

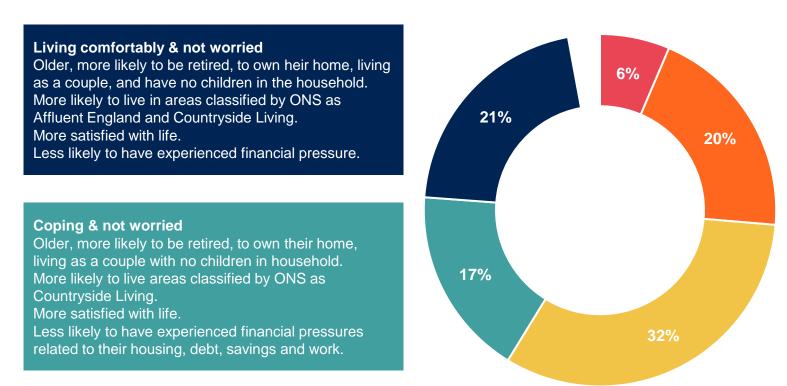
Most vulnerable Least vulnerable Living comfortably & Living comfortably / Finding it difficult & Finding it very difficult **Coping & not worried** not worried coping but worried worried & worried Living comfortably on their Coping on their household's Finding it very difficult on their Finding it difficult on their household's income nowadays income nowadays and are not household income nowadays, household income nowadays, and are not very or not at all very or not at all worried about and are very or fairly worried and are very or fairly worried worried about their household's their household's financial about their household's financial about their household's financial worried about their household's financial situation situation situation situation

ECON1. Which of these descriptions comes closest to how you feel about your household's income nowadays? / ECON2. How worried, if at all, are you about you and your household's financial situation? Base: All adults aged 16+ (5983)



Five key segments are identifiable based on people's financial concerns

The sociodemographic characteristics, life satisfaction and financial experiences of these segments differ significantly



Finding it very difficult & worried

Working age, much more likely to be renting, not working, claiming benefits. More likely to have children and to be in a single adult household. More likely to live in areas classified by ONS as Ethnically diverse metro living, and services as industrial. Much lower life satisfaction. More likely to have experienced financial pressures related to housing, debt, savings and work.

Finding it difficult & worried

Working age, more likely to be working, more likely to be working in the public sector, claiming benefits, renting and to have children. More likely to live in areas classified by ONS as Services & industrial, and urban settlements. Lower life satisfaction.

More likely to have experienced almost all forms of financial pressure.

Living comfortably / coping but worried

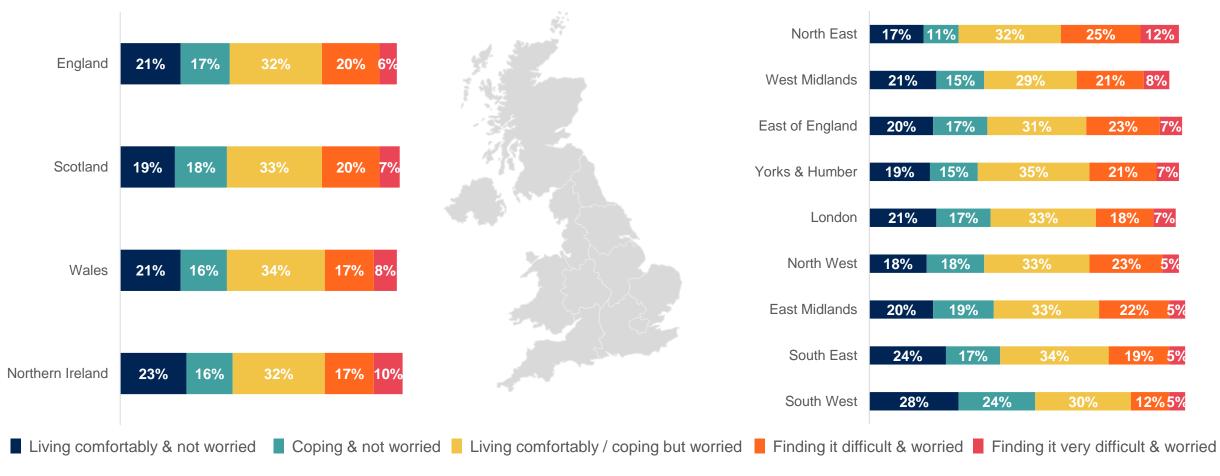
More likely to be buying their home on a mortgage, to be in work, more likely to be working in the public sector. Average life satisfaction.

More likely to have experienced financial pressures related to dayto-day expenditures, savings, taxation and pay.

ECON1. Which of these descriptions comes closest to how you feel about your household's income nowadays? / ECON2. How worried, if at all, are you about you and your household's financial situation? Base: All adults aged 16+ (5983)



Those living in the South West & South East of England are less concerned about their financial situation; concern is strongest in the North East



Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (5983); England (4289); Scotland (597); Wales (477); Northern Ireland (620); North East (210); North West (558); Yorkshire & Humberside (431); East Midlands (427); West Midlands (411); East of England (518 South East (762); South West (516); London (456).



There is a strong link between financial concern and personal wellbeing

The segments who are finding it difficult and worried about their household finances are significantly less satisfied with life than the population average

 7.8
 7.3
 6.7
 5.9
 4.3

 Living comfortably & not worried
 Coping & not worried
 Living comfortably/coping but
 Finding it difficult & worried
 Finding it very difficult & worried

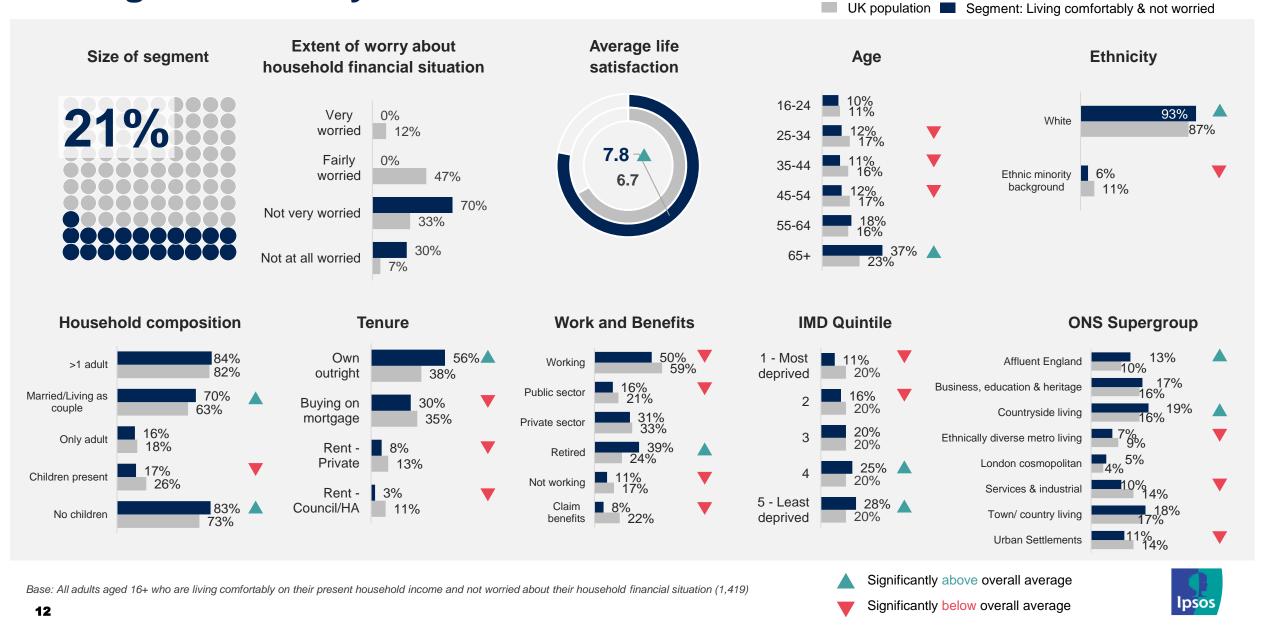
worried

Average life satisfaction (0 = not at all, 10 = completely satisfied with life)

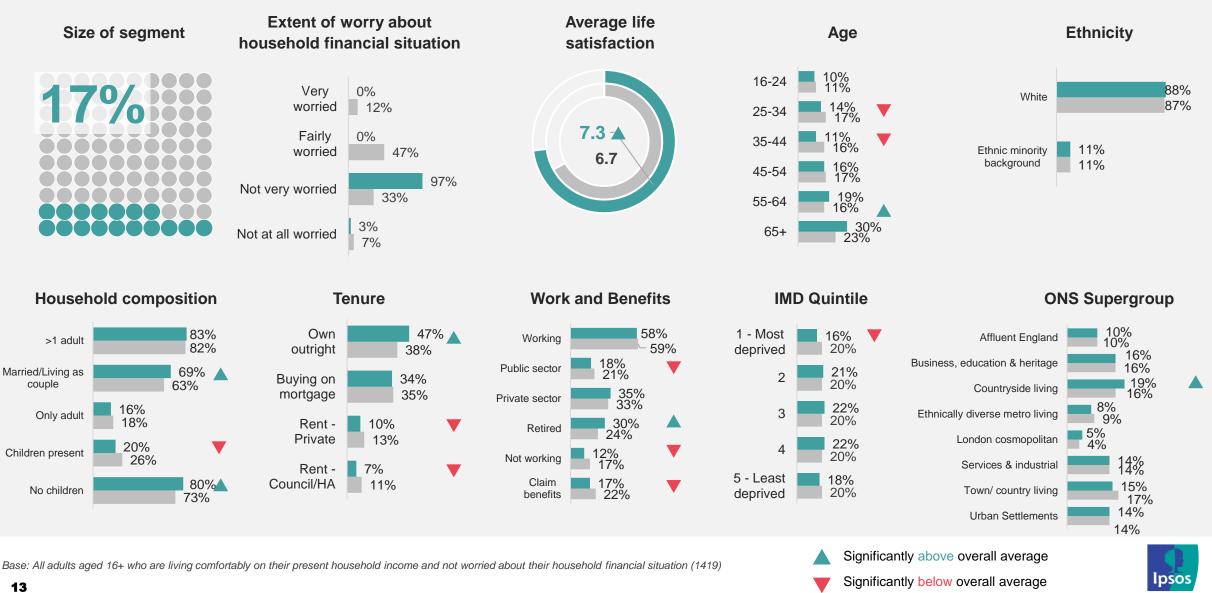
Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays? Please can you give an answer on a scale of '0' to '10' where '0' is 'not at all' and '10' is 'completely'.

Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (5983).; Living comfortably on present income and not worried about financial situation (1419); Coping on present income and not worried about financial situation (1139); Living comfortably/coping on present income but worried about financial situation (1015); Finding it very difficult on present income & worried about financial situation (372)

Living comfortably & not worried

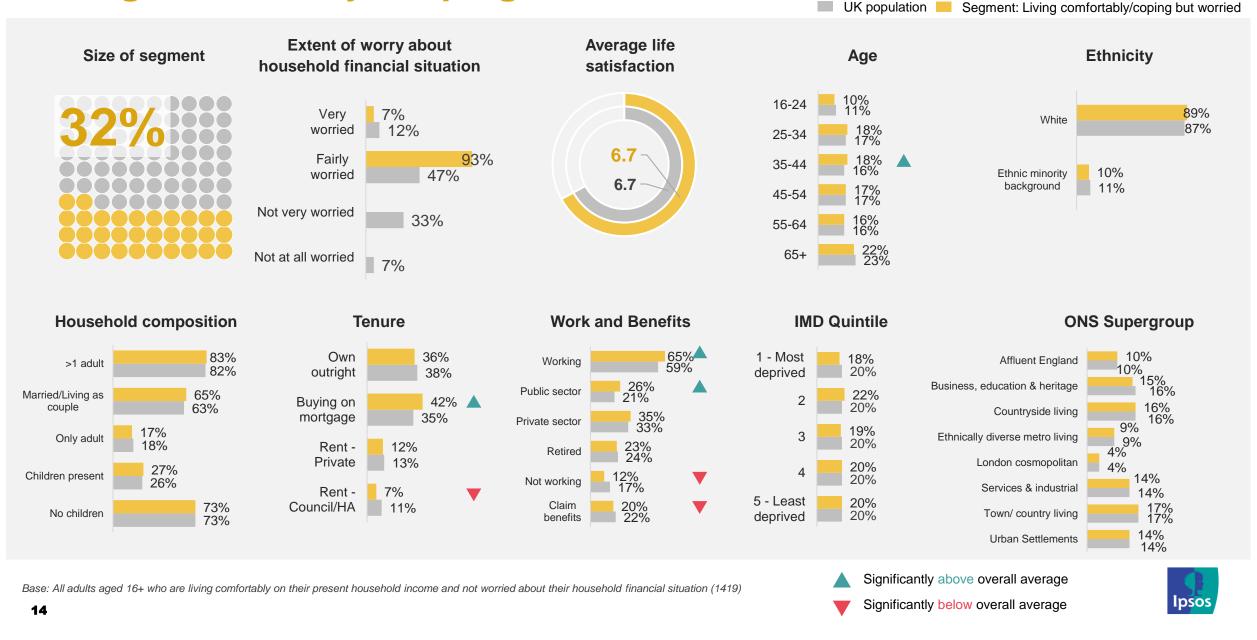


Coping & not worried

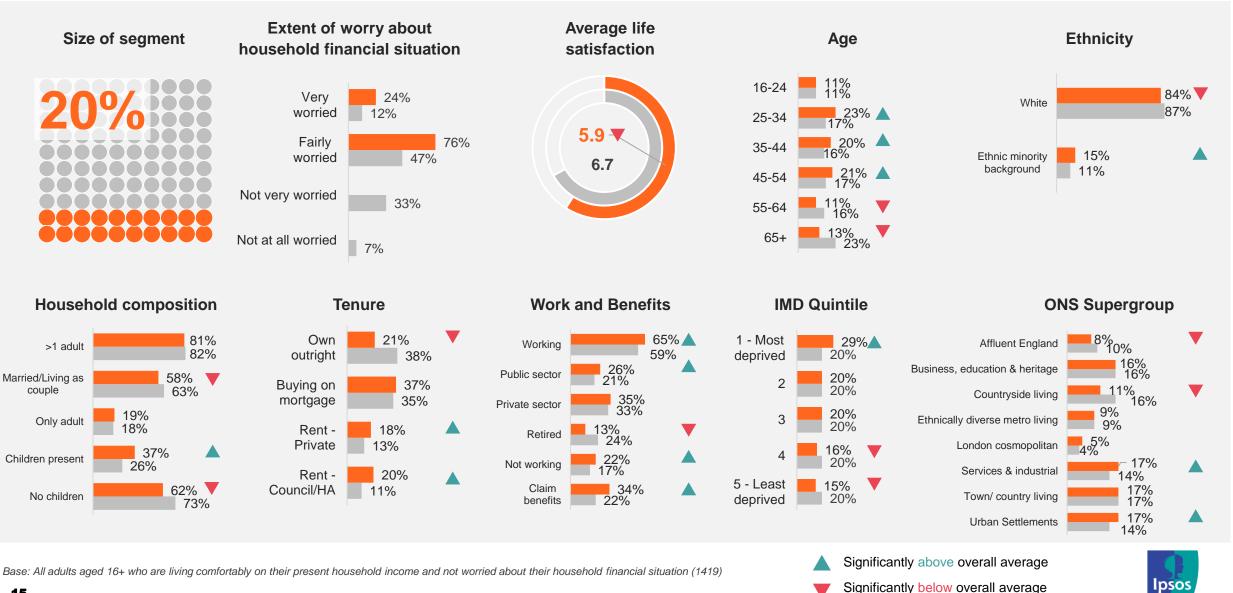


UK population Segment: Coping & not worried

Living comfortably / coping but worried



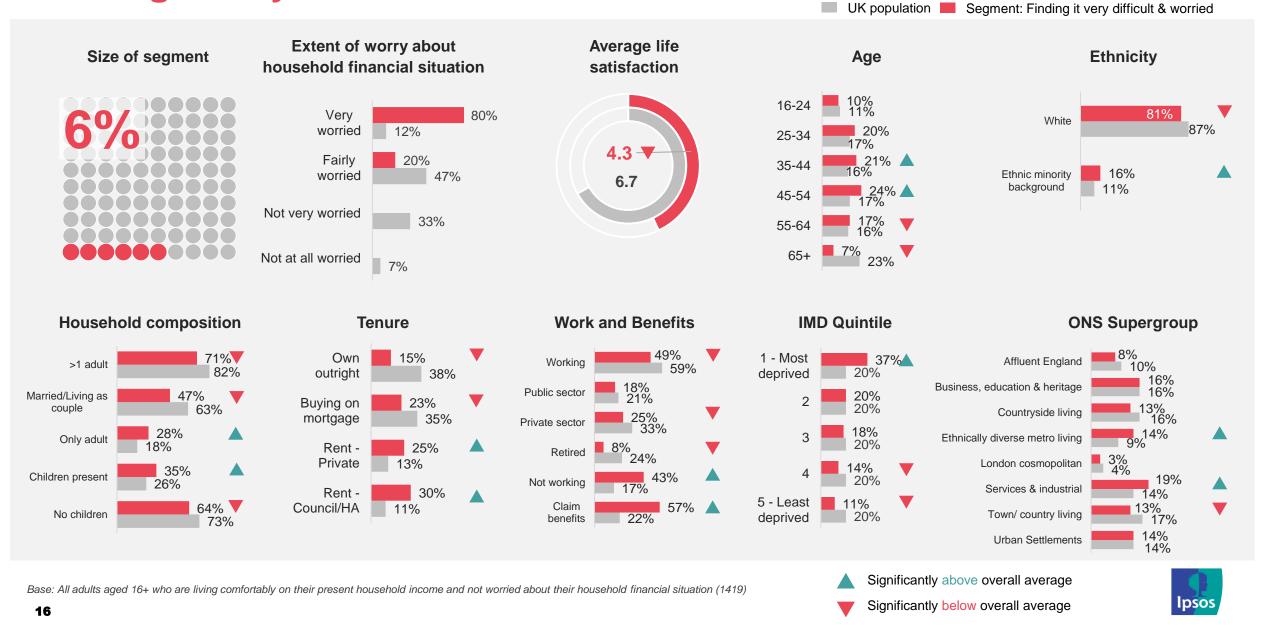
Finding it difficult & worried



UK population

Segment: Finding it difficult & worried

Finding it very difficult & worried





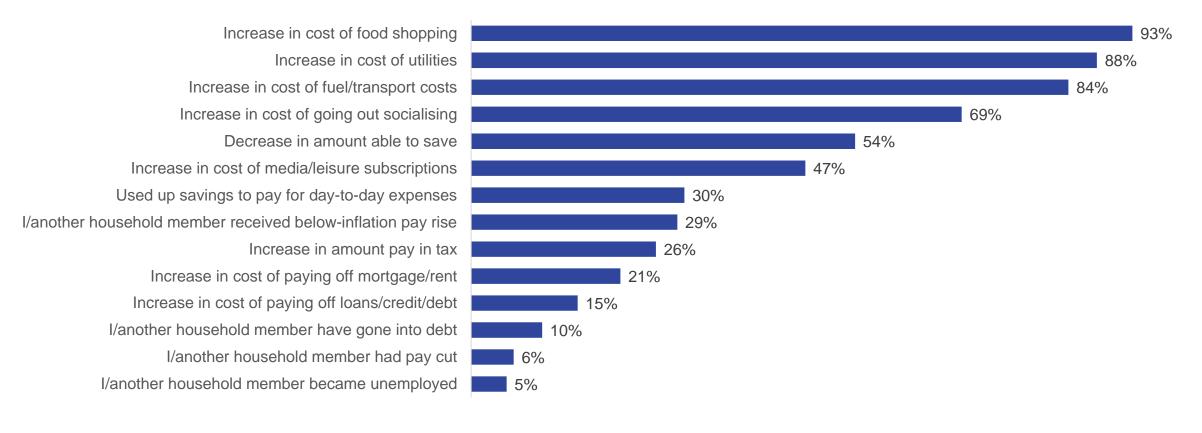
Household financial pressures

Experiences in the last 12 months & how would deal with an unexpected expense



Experiences of cost of living increases have been experienced by almost all, and a majority have seen a decrease in their ability to save

However, over the past 12 months household financial pressures have <u>not</u> been experienced in a uniform manner



ECON3. Which of the following, if any, have you experienced over the past 12 months? Base: All adults aged 16+ (5983)

Vulnerable groups are more likely to have experienced increases in cost of utilities, leisure, housing & servicing debt

	Total	Living comfortably & not worried	Coping & not worried	Living comfortably/ coping but worried	Finding it difficult & worried	Finding it very difficult & worried
Increase in cost of food shopping	93%	90% 🔻	95%	95% 🔺	95% 🔺	94%
Increase in cost of utilities	88%	84% 🔻	88%	90% 🔺	91% 🔺	92%
Increase in cost of fuel / transport	84%	85%	83%	87%	84%	81%
Increase in cost of socialising	69%	65% 🗸	67%	73%	69%	70%
Increase in cost of media / leisure subscriptions	47%	36% 🔻	39% 🔻	51% 🔺	56% 🔺	58%
Increase in cost of mortgage / rent	21%	10% 🔻	15% 🔻	23%	32%	36% 🔺
Increase in cost of paying off loans / debt	15%	4%▼	8% 🗸	14%	29%	38%

Significantly above overall average

Significantly below overall average

ECON3. Which of the following, if any, have you experienced over the past 12 months?

Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (5983).; Living comfortably on present income and not worried about financial situation (1419); Coping on present income and not worried about financial situation (1139); Living comfortably/coping on present income but worried about financial situation (1918); Finding it difficult on present income and worried about financial situation (1015); Finding it very difficult on present income & worried about financial situation (372)



They are also more likely to have gone into debt and experience pressures related to their savings and work

	Total	Living comfortably & not worried	Coping & not worried	Living comfortably/ coping but worried	Finding it difficult & worried	Finding it very difficult & worried
Gone into debt	10%	1% 🔻	3% 🗸	6% 🗸	24%	42%
Decrease in amount able to save	54%	31% 🔻	50% 🔻	63%	67%	61% 🔺
Used savings for day-to-day spending	30%	5% 🔻	19% 🔻	29%	59% 🔺	63% 🔺
Increase in amount pay in tax	26%	22% 🗸	22% 🗸	29%	31%	25%
Below inflation pay rise	29%	25% 🗸	27%	34%	31%	21% 🔻
Had pay cut	6%	2% 🔻	3% 🔻	5%	10% 🔺	16% 🔺
Became unemployed	5%	1% 🔻	3% 🔻	3% 🔻	8% 🔺	14% 🔺

Significantly above overall average

Significantly below overall average

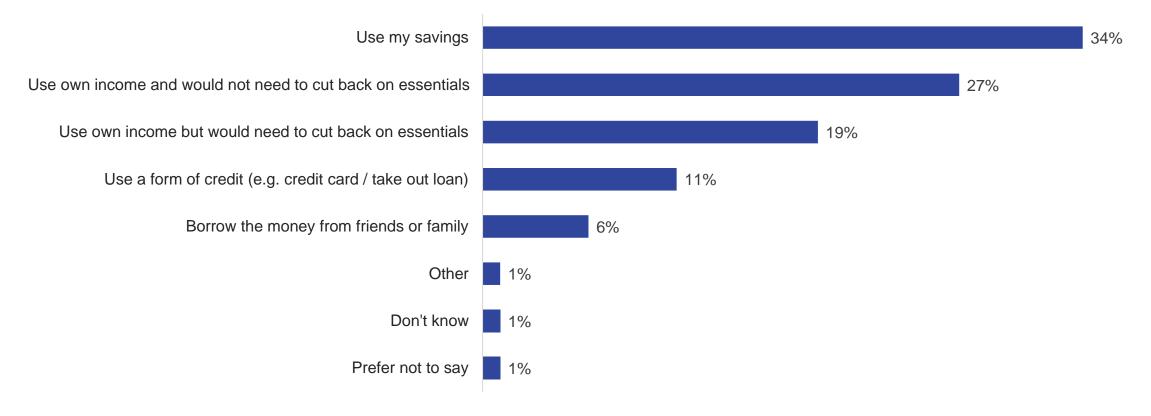
ECON3. Which of the following, if any, have you experienced over the past 12 months?

Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (5983).; Living comfortably on present income and not worried about financial situation (1419); Coping on present income and not worried about financial situation (1139); Living comfortably/coping on present income but worried about financial situation (1918); Finding it difficult on present income and worried about financial situation (1015); Finding it very difficult on present income & worried about financial situation (372)



If faced with an unexpected expense of £200, 1 in 3 would use their savings, while 1 in 4 would use their own income and not have to cut back on essentials

However, there are stark differences in how each segment of society would pay such an expense



ECON6. How would you pay an unexpected expense of £200? Base: All adults aged 16+ (5983)



More vulnerable groups are more likely to have to borrow or use their own income and cut back on essentials

	Total	Living comfortably & not worried	Coping & not worried	Living comfortably/ coping but worried	Finding it difficult & worried	Finding it very difficult & worried
Use savings	34%	22% 🔻	39% 🔺	44% 🔺	31%	16% 🔻
Use own income & would NOT need to cut back on essentials	27%	71% 🔺	36% 🔺	17% 🔻	2% 🔻	2% 🔻
Use own income & would need to cut back on essentials	19%	4% 🔻	16% 🔻	25% 🔺	29% 🔺	17%
Use a form of credit	11%	2% 🔻	7% 🔻	10%	22% 🔺	27% 🔺
Borrow from friends or family	6%	1% 🔻	2%	4%▼	14% 🔺	24% 🔺

Significantly above overall average

Significantly below overall average

ECON6. How would you pay an unexpected expense of £200?

Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (5983).; Living comfortably on present income and not worried about financial situation (1419); Coping on present income and not worried about financial situation (1139); Living comfortably/coping on present income but worried about financial situation (1918); Finding it difficult on present income and worried about financial situation (1015); Finding it very difficult on present income & worried about financial situation (372)



4

Financial Expectations



Majorities are pessimistic about the prospects for the UK economy, their local economy and their standard of living

However, pessimism about the prospects for the UK economy is much greater



■ Improve a lot ■ Improve somewhat ■ Stay the same ■ Get somewhat worse ■ Get a lot worse ■ Don't know / Prefer not to say

ECON4A/ECON4B. Do you think that the general economic condition of the UK / general economic condition of your local area / will improve, stay the same, or get worse over the next 12 months?; ECON5. Over the next 12 months, do you think your household's standard of living will improve, stay the same or get worse? Base: All adults aged 16+ (5983)



More vulnerable groups are more pessimistic across all measures

This is particularly so when it comes to their own standard of living



Stay the same Get somewhat worse Get a lot worse

ECON4A/ECON4B. Do you think that the general economic condition of the UK / general economic condition of your local area / will improve, stay the same, or get worse over the next 12 months?; ECON5. Over the next 12 months, do you think your household's standard of living will improve, stay the same or get worse?

Base: All adults aged 16+ in UK (5983).; Living comfortably on present income and not worried about financial situation (1419); Coping on present income and not worried about financial situation (1419); Finding it difficult on present income and worried about financial situation (1015); Finding it very difficult on present income & worried about financial situation (372)



From the most to least deprived areas, there is widespread pessimism about the prospects for the UK economy

However, at a local and household level pessimism is stronger in more deprived areas



Stay the same Get somewhat worse Get a lot worse

ECON4A/ECON4B. Do you think that the general economic condition of the UK / general economic condition of your local area / will improve, stay the same, or get worse over the next 12 months?; ECON5. Over the next 12 months, do you think your household's standard of living will improve, stay the same or get worse?

Base: All adults aged 16+ (5983); Adults living in IMD Quintile 1 (1024), Quintile 2 (1116), Quintile 3 (1170), Quintile 4 (1288), Quintile 5 (1385).



Appendix: technical details



The Ipsos Financial Wellbeing Tracker

Technical Note

- This report presents the findings of the first wave of research for Ipsos UK's Financial Wellbeing Tracker. It is intended to repeat these measurements at regular intervals in the future to track financial and personal wellbeing.
- The first survey was conducted from 22-28 September 2022, using the Ipsos UK KnowledgePanel, a random probability internetbased panel.
- Interviews were conducted online with adults aged 16+ across the United Kingdom. A total of 5,983 participants were interviewed, including 4,289 in England, 597 in Scotland, 477 in Wales and 620 in Northern Ireland. Data were weighted to match the profile of the population.
- Where tracking data is cited, this is taken from the first two waves of Ipsos UK's Levelling Up Index which also featured questions on life satisfaction and household finances. These surveys were also under taken using the Ipsos UK KnowledgePanel in February 2022.



Deprivation

Deprivation

Some of the analysis in this report refers to "most deprived" and "least deprived" groups.

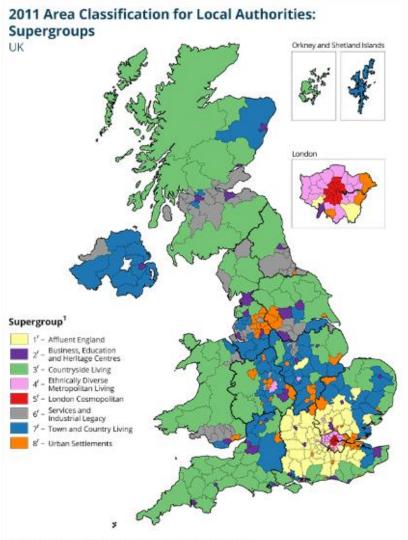
This is based on the ONS mid year population estimates in 2019 Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD), which classifies all neighbourhoods in the country on the basis of a number of criteria and gives them a deprivation score.

Neighbourhoods are classified into five groups, each having an equal total population, on the basis of this IMD score, from lowest to highest.





ONS Area Classifications	Brief description				
Affluent England	Typically live largely in counties in England near to and around London – Buckinghamshire, Hampshire, Hertfordshire, Kent, Oxfordshire and Surrey				
Business, education and heritage centres	Live within larger cities throughout the UK, with either country and/or regional importance.				
Countryside living	Characterised by living in rural areas with a low population density and a higher median age compared with the UK as a whole.				
Ethnically diverse metropolitan living	Tend to live in Inner and Outer London Boroughs. Areas outside London include Birmingham, Leicester, Luton and Slough				
London cosmopolitan	Located within 12 Inner London boroughs, characterised by a very high population density and a relatively low median age				
Services and industrial Legacy	Predominately in the Central Belt in Scotland, northern England and south Wales – all traditional mining areas.				
Town and country living	Represented within all countries of the UK and English regions with the exception of the North East and London. The population density is below the UK as a whole.				
Urban settlements	Confined to the nine English regions and Wales (Newport) only. The areas are characterised by a slightly younger age structure than nationally				



Source: Office for National Statistics licensed under the Open Government Licence v.3.0.

Contains OS data 80 Crown copyright 2017 Contains UPS Intellectual Property 60 Crown copyright and database right (2017). This information is licensed under the terms of the Open Covernment License Aww.maikondiarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-license/version/3).

1 The superscript () indicates that these are the corrected and revised supergroup clusters.

In this deck some of the data is broken down using the Office for National **Statistics Area** Classifications please see the table and map for more details.



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Policy: Key Highlights





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