



PUBLIC POLL FINDINGS AND METHODOLOGY

Majority support expanding Fairness for 9/11 Victims Act to include Beirut Marine Barracks Bombing victims

New poll finds Americans would rather legislators take their time with the bill and “get it right” then rush to a decision

Topline Findings

Washington DC, December 16, 2022 – A new poll commissioned by a group of 1983 Marines Barracks Bombing survivors, with data collection by Ipsos, explores support for the Fairness for 9/11 Victims Act and its expansion under the Fairness for American Victims of State-Sponsored Terrorism Act.

These are the findings of poll commissioned by a group of 1983 Marines Barracks Bombing survivors, with data collection by Ipsos, conducted online from Dec 9-12, 2022. For this survey, a sample of 1,005 adults age 18+ from the continental U.S., Alaska, and Hawaii was interviewed online in English. The poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus 3.8 percentage points for all respondents.

For full results, please refer to the following annotated questionnaire:



PUBLIC POLL FINDINGS AND METHODOLOGY

Full Annotated Questionnaire

1. The Senate is currently considering a bill that is meant to help compensate families of Americans who have been the victims of terrorism, such as those killed on 9/11, by creating a fund from pandemic-relief aid that was never spent. What is your reaction to this bill?

	Total (N=1,005)
Strongly support	28%
Somewhat support	34%
Somewhat oppose	14%
Strongly oppose	8%
Don't know	16%
<i>Support (Net)</i>	62%
<i>Oppose (Net)</i>	22%

2. There is a proposal to expand the list of who would be covered by this fund to additional victims of state-sponsored terrorism, including the families of 241 service members who were killed in an Iranian attack on a Marine base in Lebanon in 1983. This proposal would increase the amount of money available to 9/11 victims while also including funds to help other U.S. victims of terrorism. What is your reaction to this proposal?

	Total
Strongly support	24%
Somewhat support	36%
Somewhat oppose	12%
Strongly oppose	9%
Don't know	19%
<i>Support (Net)</i>	61%
<i>Oppose (Net)</i>	21%



PUBLIC POLL FINDINGS AND METHODOLOGY

3. Below are two statements that some people have made about the legislation being considered by the Senate. Please read the statements below and select the one that comes closer to your point of view.

Statement A: Changing the bill to include more victims could slow it down by a few weeks. The Senate should not wait and should get this bill passed immediately without compensation for additional victims.

Statement B: It's more important to get this right and to make sure this bill is fair by including all victims of state sponsored terrorism, even if that means a little more work and a few extra weeks before it passes.

	Total
Agree more with Statement A	21%
Agree more with Statement B	79%



PUBLIC POLL FINDINGS AND METHODOLOGY

About the Study

These are the findings of poll commissioned by a group of 1983 Marines Barracks Bombing survivors, with data collection by Ipsos, conducted online from Dec 9-12, 2022. For this survey, a sample of 1,005 adults age 18+ from the continental U.S., Alaska, and Hawaii was interviewed online in English.

The sample was randomly drawn from [Ipsos' online panel, partner online panel sources, and "river" sampling](#) and does not rely on a population frame in the traditional sense. Ipsos uses fixed sample targets, unique to each study, in drawing a sample. After a sample has been obtained from the Ipsos panel, Ipsos calibrates respondent characteristics to be representative of the U.S. Population using standard procedures such as raking-ratio adjustments. The source of these population targets is U.S. Census 2019 American Community Survey data. The sample drawn for this study reflects fixed sample targets on demographics. Post-hoc weights were made to the population characteristics on gender, age, race/ethnicity, and region.

Statistical margins of error are not applicable to online non-probability polls. All sample surveys and polls may be subject to other sources of error, including, but not limited to coverage error and measurement error. Where figures do not sum to 100, this is due to the effects of rounding. The precision of Ipsos online polls is measured using a credibility interval. In this case, the poll has a credibility interval of plus or minus 3.8 percentage points for all respondents. Ipsos calculates a design effect (DEFF) for each study based on the variation of the weights, following the formula of Kish (1965). This study had a credibility interval adjusted for design effect of the following (n=1,005, DEFF=1.5, adjusted Confidence Interval=+/- 5.3 percentage points).



PUBLIC POLL FINDINGS AND METHODOLOGY

About Ipsos

Ipsos is one of the largest market research and polling companies globally, operating in 90 markets and employing over 18,000 people.

Our passionately curious research professionals, analysts and scientists have built unique multi-specialist capabilities that provide true understanding and powerful insights into the actions, opinions and motivations of citizens, consumers, patients, customers or employees. Our 75 solutions are based on primary data from our surveys, social media monitoring, and qualitative or observational techniques.

Our tagline "Game Changers" sums up our ambition to help our 5,000 customers move confidently through a rapidly changing world.

Founded in France in 1975, Ipsos has been listed on the Euronext Paris since July 1, 1999. The company is part of the SBF 120 and Mid-60 indices and is eligible for the Deferred Settlement Service (SRD). ISIN code FR0000073298, Reuters ISOS.PA, Bloomberg IPS:FP www.ipsos.com