

METHODOLOGY

APPROACH

CATI Interviews

SAMPLE

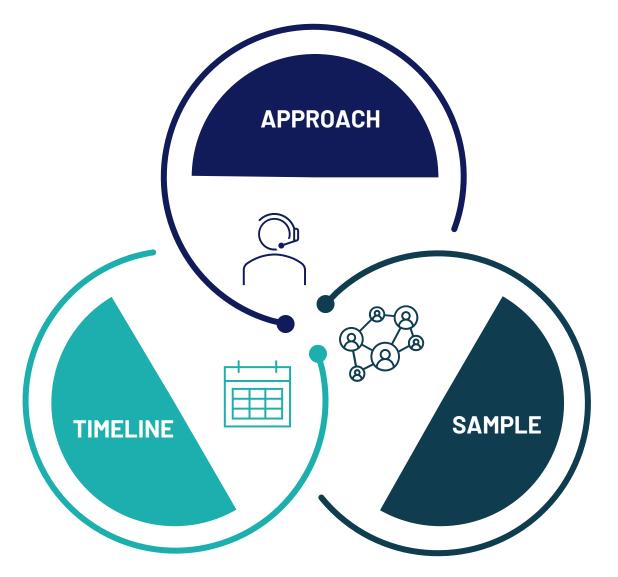
N=1000+

From all 4 provinces of Pakistan, ICT, GB & AJK Post-stratification survey weights for provinces, gender and SECs applied to align survey data with population distributions

TIMELINE

Data collection done from 20th to 29th May 2024

This study had no external sponsors or partners. It was initiated and run by Ipsos with the intention to share our understanding about the world we live in and how citizens around the globe think & feel about their world.





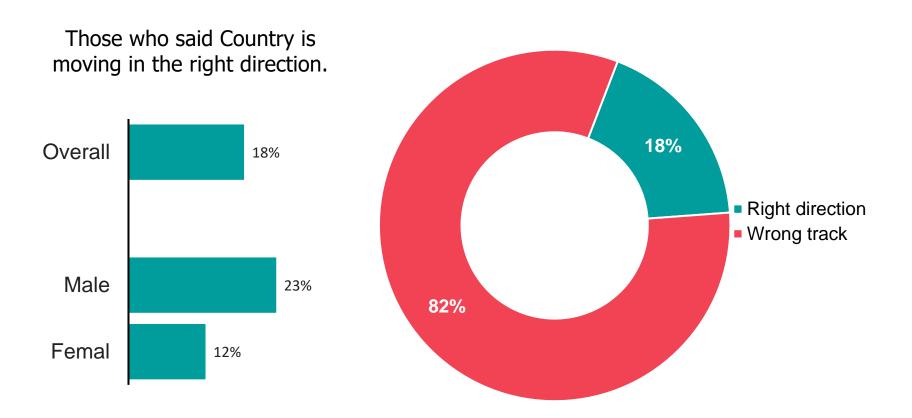


2 in 10 Pakistanis believe that country is headed in the right direction. Males are 2x more optimistic than females.

Q

Generally speaking, would you say things in this country are heading in the right direction, or are they off on the wrong track?

یہ بتائیے کہ آپ کے خیال میں کیاپاکستان کے حالات درست سمت میں جارہے ہیں یا غلط سمت میں جارہے ہیں؟



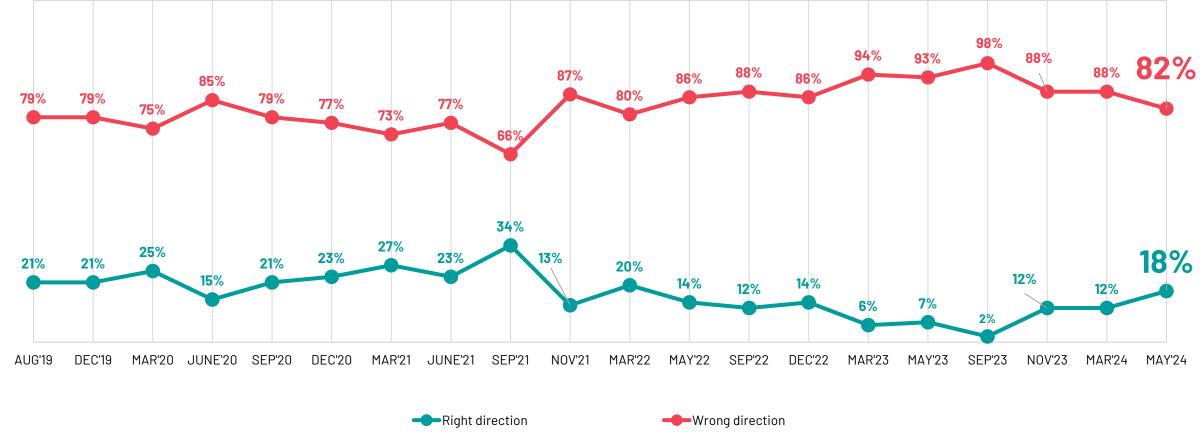




Optimism has significantly increased from 12% to 18% in Q2, marking the highest in last two years.

Q

Generally speaking, would you say things in this country are heading in the right direction, or are they off on the wrong track?
یه بتائیے که آپ کے خیال میں کیاپاکستان کے حالات درست سمت میں جارہے ہیں یا غلط سمت میں جارہے ہیں؟

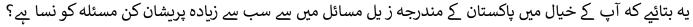


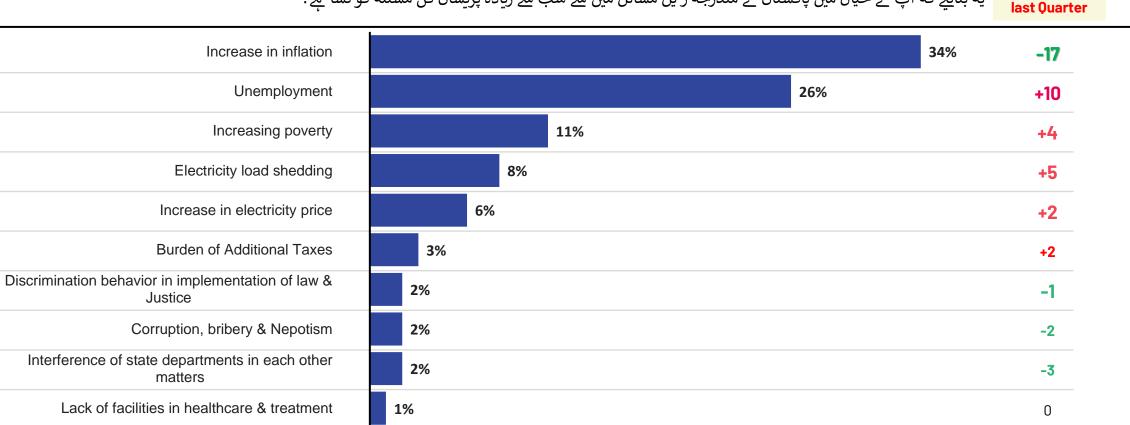


Economic problems continue to top the list of worrying issues for Pakistanis. However, a significant decrease can be seen in the perception of inflation as the most worrying issue since Q1 '24.



According to you, which of the following is the MOST worrying issue in Pakistan?







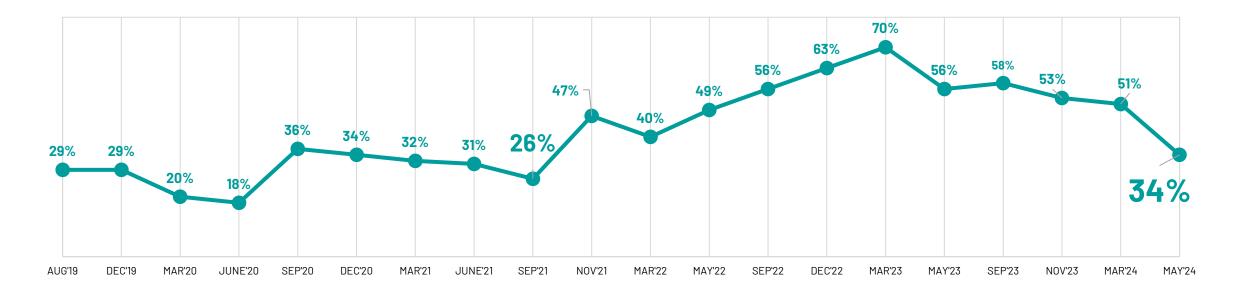
Change vs.

3 out 10 Pakistanis consider inflation as most worrying issue, which is lowest in last 3 years.

Q

According to you, which of the following is the MOST worrying issue in Pakistan?

یه بتائیے که آپ کے خیال میں پاکستان کے مندرجه زیل مسائل میں سے سب سے زیادہ پریشان کن مسئله کو نسا ہے؟



-%age of Pakistanis who called "Inflation" the most worrying Issue



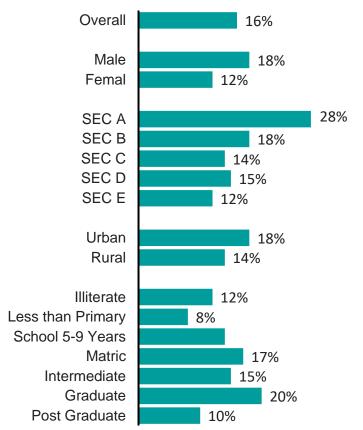
16% Pakistanis believe that economic condition of the country is strong. Males, urbanites, graduates and upper class are more optimistic.

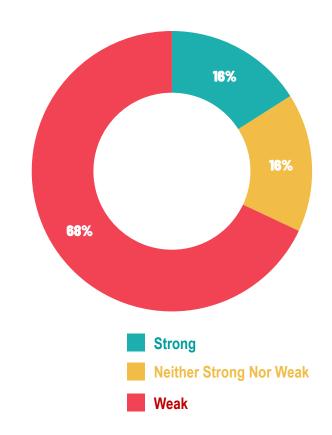
Q

Rate the current state of the economy in Pakistan. Using a scale from 1 to 7, where 7 means a very strong economy today and 1 means a very weak economy.

یہ بتائیے کہ آپ ملک کی معاشی صورتحال کے بارے میں کیا کہیں گے/گی؟ آپ اپنا جواب 1 سے 7 کے اسکیل کی مدد سے دیں جہاں 1 کا مطلب بہت کمزور مع یشت جبکہ 7 کا مطلب بہت مضبوط معیشت ہے؟

Those who said country's state of economy is strong





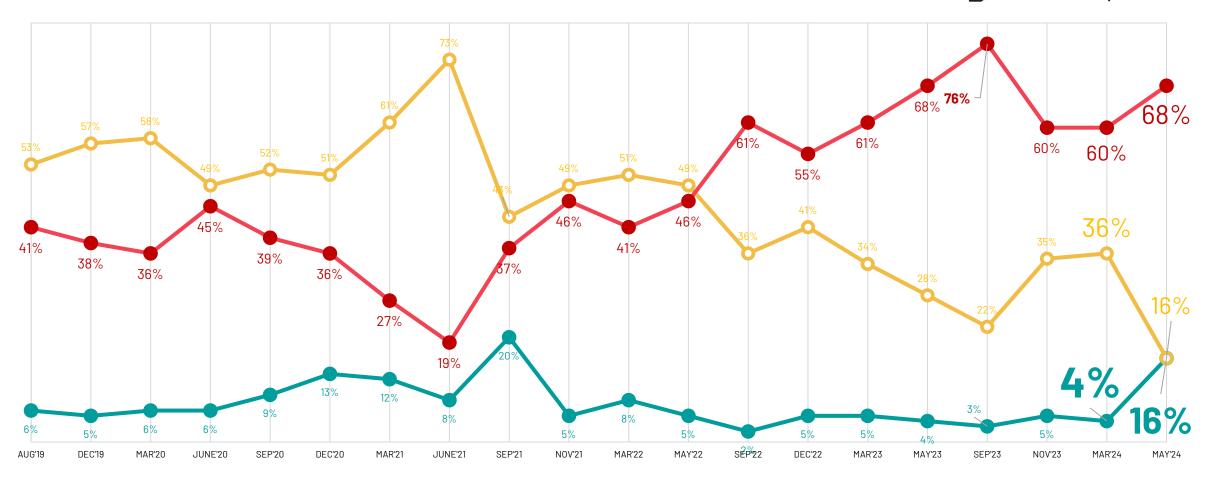




Pakistanis calling country's current state of economy as 'strong' has increased four times in this Quarter, whereas those call it 'neither strong not weak' are reduced by 20%.

Q

Rate the current state of the economy in Pakistan. Using a scale from 1 to 7, where 7 means a very strong economy today and 1 means a very weak economy. یہ بتائیے کہ آپ ملک کی معاشی صورتحال کے بارے میں کیا کہیں گے/گی؟ آپ اپنا جواب 1 سے 7 کے اس کیل کی مدد سے دیں جہاں 1 کا مطلب بہت کمزور معیشت ہے؟ کا مطلب بہت مضبوط معیشت ہے؟

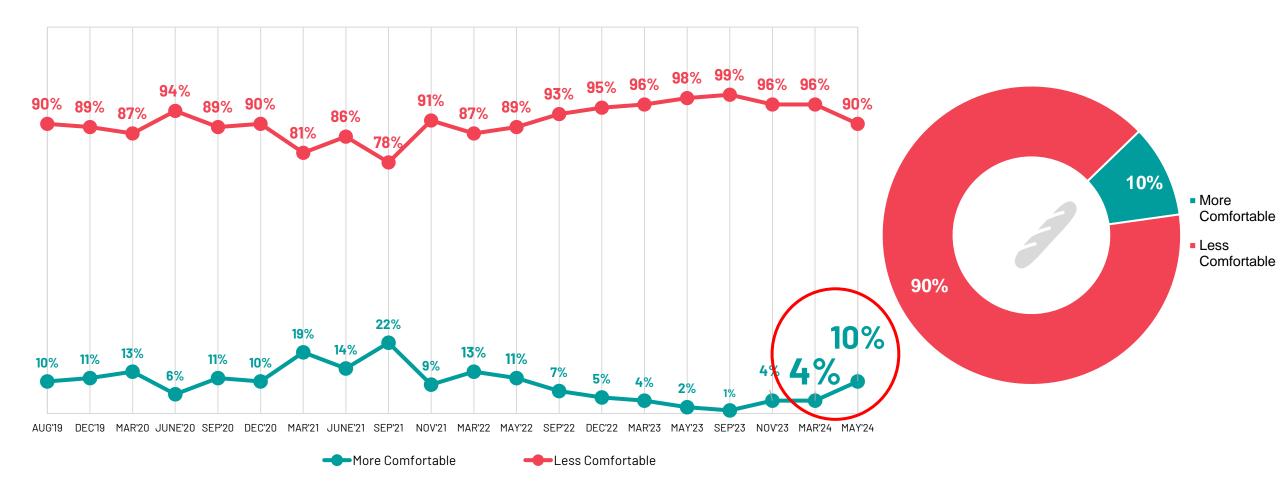




Since Q1, 2.5x. Increase in %age of Pakistanis who are comfortable in making daily purchases.

Compared to 1 year ago, are you now more or less comfortable making other household purchases?

یہ بتائیے کہ گذشتہ ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ کے لئے عام گھریلو یا ذاتی استعمال کی اشیاء کی خریداری کرنا آسان ہوگیا ہے یا مشکل ہوگیا ہے؟





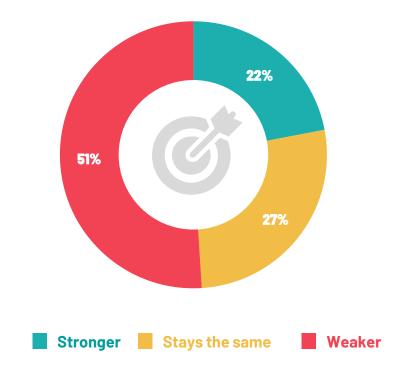


2 in 10 Pakistanis expect their local economic situations, while 3 in 10 expect personal financial situations to get better in next 6 months.

Q

Looking ahead six months from now, do you expect the economy in your local area to be much stronger, somewhat stronger, about the same, somewhat weaker, or much weaker than it is now?

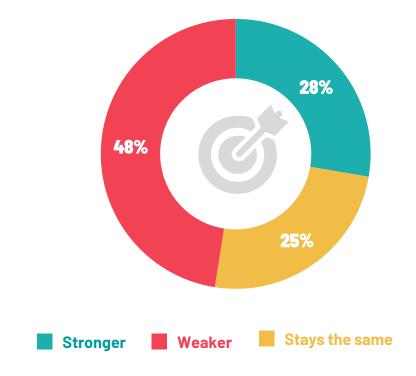
آنندہ چھ ماہ کے بارے میں سوچتے ہوئے یہ بتائیے کہ آپ کے خیال میں آنندہ چھ ماہ کے دوران آپ کے علاقے کے معاشی صورتحال کیسی ہوگی؟



Q

Looking ahead six months from now, do you expect your personal financial situation to be much stronger, somewhat stronger, about the same, somewhat weaker, or much weaker than it is now?

آئندہ چھ ماہ کے بارے میں سوچت ہوئے یہ بتائیے کہ آپ کے خیال میں آئندہ چھ ماہ کے دوران آپ کی اپنی معاشی صورتحال کیسی ہوگی؟





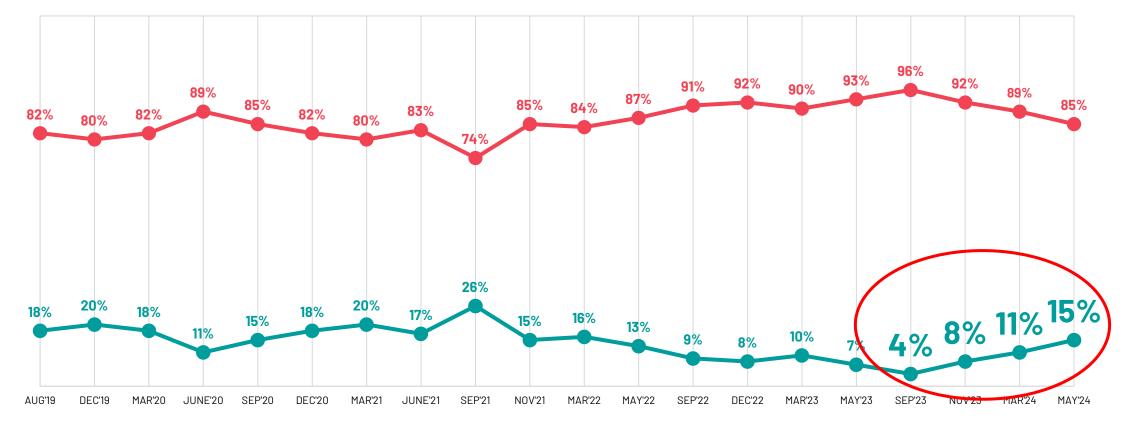


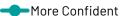
Since Sep'23, There is a constant growth in %age of Pakistanis who are confident in their ability to save for future, showing signs of steady but stable growth.

Q

Compared to 1 year ago, are you NOW more or less confident to invest in the future, including your ability to save money for your retirement or your children's education?

یہ بتائیے کہ گذشتہ ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ اس حوالے سے کس حد تک کم یا زیادہ پراعتما د ہیں کہ آپ میں مستقبل مثالً ریٹائر منٹ کے بعد یا اپن ے بچوں کی تعلیم، شادی و غیرہ کے اخراجات کے لئے پیسہ بچانے کی صالحیت موجود ہے؟



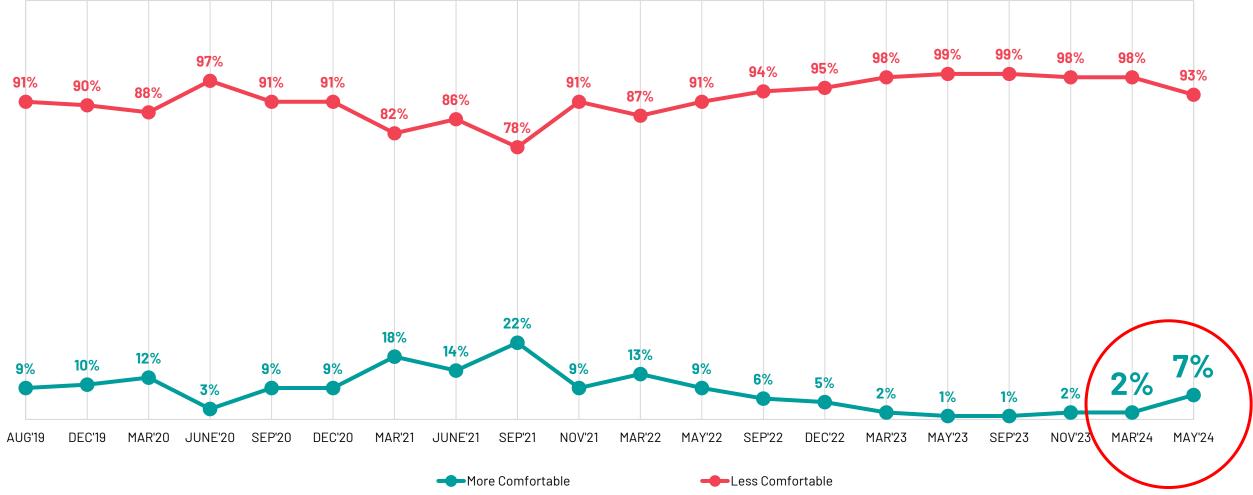


Less Confident



Since Q1, 3.5x increase in %age of Pakistanis who are comfortable in making major purchases.

Compared to 1 year ago, are you NOW more or less comfortable making a major purchase, like a home or car?
یہ بتائیے کہ گذشتہ ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ کے لئے کوئی بڑی خریداری کرنا مثال جائیداد، گاڑی یا نئے کپڑے وغیرہ خریدنا آسان ہوگیا ہے یا مش کل ہوگیا ہے؟



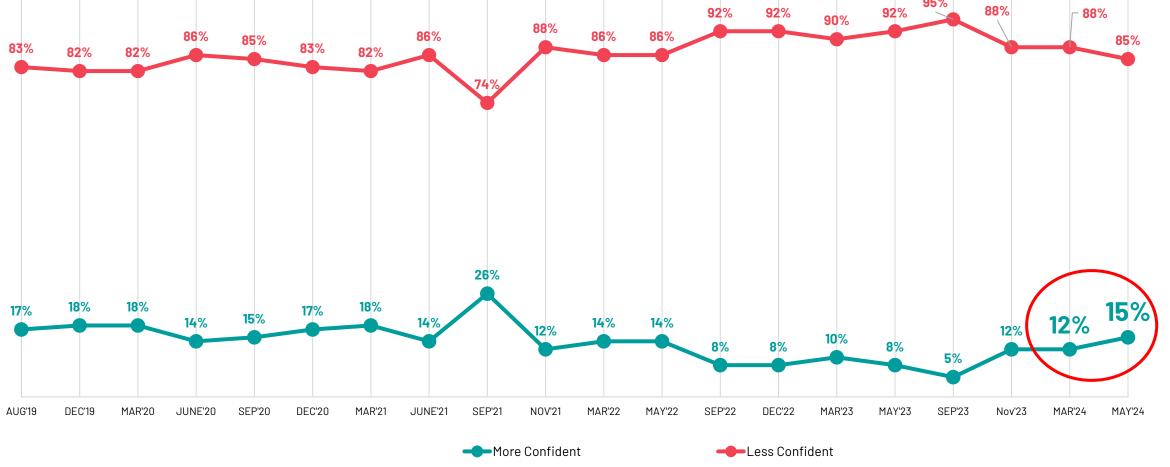




Confidence in job security has slightly increased (15%) since the last quarter (12%)

Compared to 1 year ago, are you NOW more or less confident about job security for yourself, your family and other people you know personally?

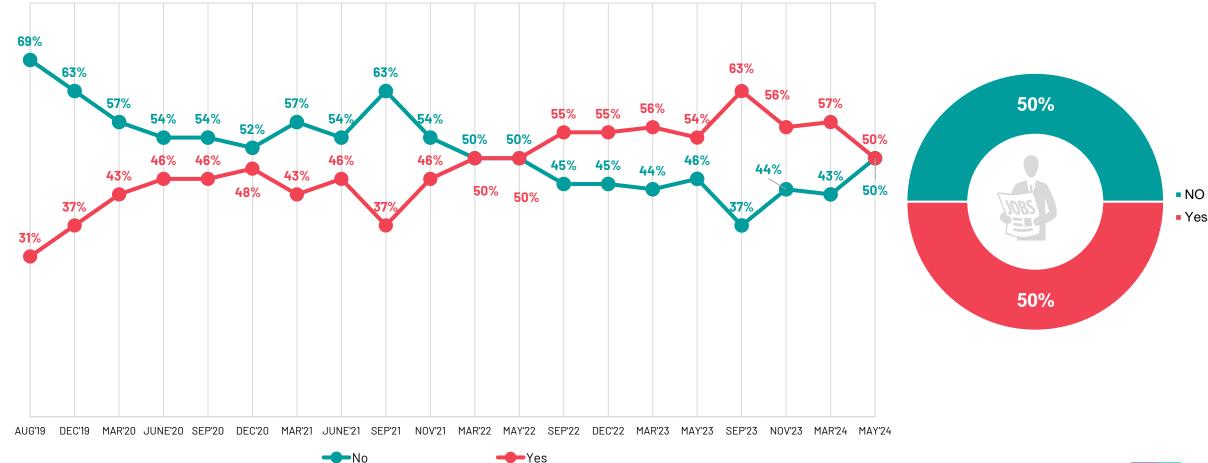
یہ بتائیے کہ گذشتہ ایک سال پہلے کے مقابلے میں آج کل آپ اپنی یا اپنے گھرانے کے افراد یا جان پہچان وا لے افراد کے ذریعہ معاش مثال مالزمت، کاروبار وغیر ہ کے باقی رہنے کے حوالہ سے مجموعی طور پر ک س حد تک کم یا زیادہ پر اعتماد ہیں؟



1 in 2 Pakistanis claim to personally know someone who lost their job as a result of economic conditions.

Q

Thinking of the last 1 year, have you, someone in your family or someone else you know personally lost their job as a result of economic conditions? یہ بتائیے کہ کیا گذشتہ ایک سال کے دوران آپ یا آپ ک ے گھرانے کے کسی فرد یا آپ کے کسی جاننے والے کو معاشی صورتحال کے باعث اپنے ذریعہ معاش مثال م الزمت، کاروبار وغیرہ سے ہاتھ دھونا پڑا؟







INTRODUCING THE GLOBAL CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX (GCCI)*

GLOBAL CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX (GCCI)*

Ipsos Global Consumer Confidence Index (GCCI) is a national survey of consumer at titudes on the current and future state of the local economy, personal financial situation, as well as confidence to make large investments and ability to save.

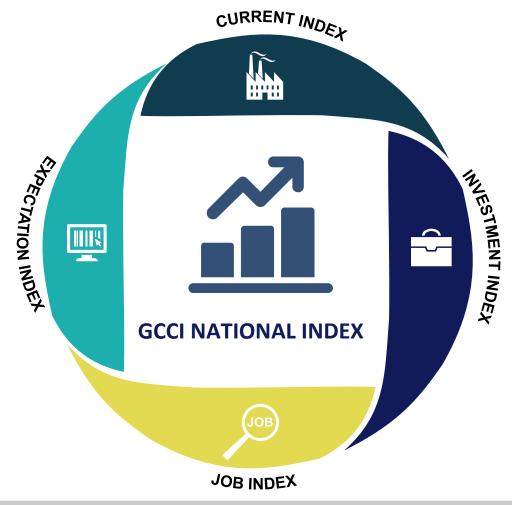
Consumer sentiment is a key predictor of purchase trends in the market. Despite it being a lagging indicator, if consumer confidence is high, people will make more purchases and the economy will expand.

Businesses and Policy Makers can monitor changes in the index to factor the data in their decision-making processes. A wave-on-wave decreasing trend suggests consumers have a negative outlook on their ability to spend. Thus, manufacturers may expect consumers to avoid retail purchases, particularly items that require financing. Likewise, banks can anticipate a decrease in lending activity, mortgage applications, and credit card usage.



^{*} GCCI Index is also known as Primary Consumer Sentiments Index (PCSI)

IPSOS GLOBAL CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX (GCCI*)



GCCI NATIONAL INDEX: Reflects respondents perception of current local economy, future local economy, current financial situation, future financial situation, major purchase comfort, household purchase comfort, job security, investment confidence, job loss experience and job loss expectation within their country.

GCCI EXPECTATION INDEX: Reflects respondents attitude regarding the future local economy, future financial situation and job loss expectation within their country.

GCCI CURRENT INDEX:

Reflects respondents perception of current economic climate, ability to make household purchases, job security, and investment confidence within the country.

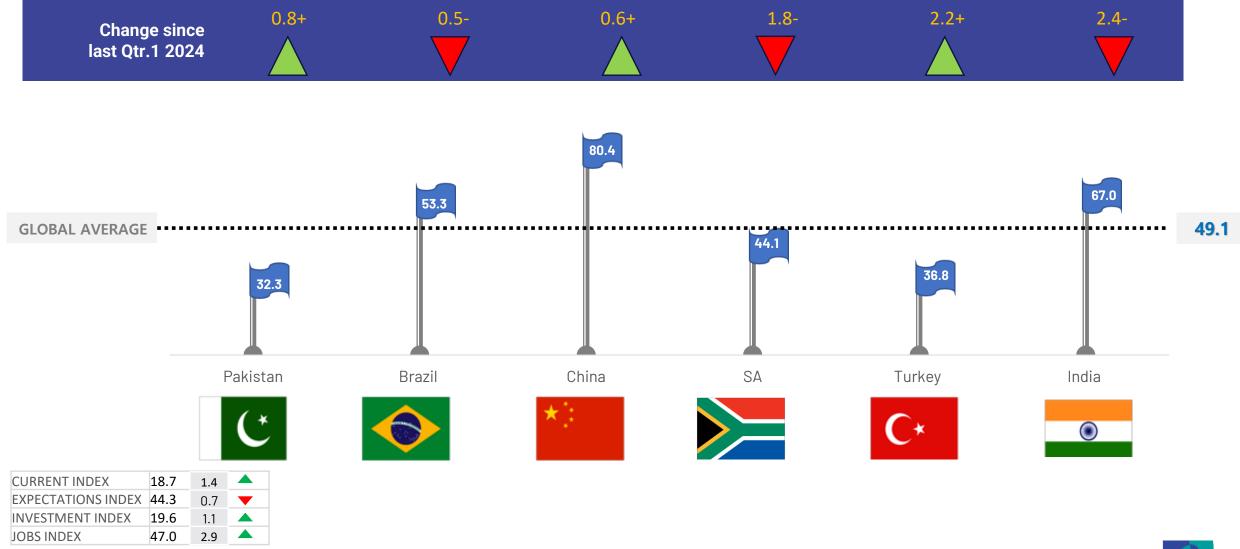
GCCI INVESTMENT INDEX: Reflects respondents perception of current financial situation, future financial situation, major purchase comfort, household purchase confidence within the country.

GCCI JOB INDEX:

Reflects respondents perception regarding Job security, job loss experience, and job less expectation within the country.



Since last quarter, Pakistan shows positive change in 3 out 4 sub-indices, resulting in +0.8 pts change overall consumer confidence index.





However, Pakistan's score remains lowest among comparative emerging markets but shows some signs of recovery.

GLOBAL CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX (GCCI)

