

THE HUMAN SIDE OF ELECTRIFICATION

Why the **Future of Mobility** will be decided **Less** by **Batteries** and **More** by **Human Behaviour**



Executive Summary

As the automotive industry accelerates towards electrification, consumers are making powertrain choices based less on technology and more on how each option fits their lifestyle, aspirations and comfort with change. This article explores three distinct mobility mindsets – The Pioneer, The Balancer and The Optimiser – and introduces

the **Human Readiness Matrix** to explain why BEVs, PHEVs and Hybrids appeal to different consumers. It argues that the next competitive advantage for OEMs will lie in understanding human behaviour as deeply as they understand engineering.

Automotive industry's narrative is evolving strongly over the past decade

Governments are investing heavily in charging infrastructure, OEMs are accelerating electrification strategies, and advances in battery technology continue to redefine the future of mobility. Yet, amidst this technological revolution, a quieter transformation is taking place, one that has received far less attention.

While manufacturers focus on batteries, charging speeds, platforms and range, consumers are evaluating electrification through a very different lens. Their questions are far more personal:



Will this fit my lifestyle?



Will it make my life **easier**?



How much will I have to **change**?

Above questions reveal an important truth:



Consumers` do not evaluate technologies the way engineers do. They evaluate them through the lens of their daily lives

They want to understand how comfortably technology can fit into the lives they already lead. Also, electrification is not a linear journey where consumers graduate from one technology to another.

They make deliberate choices between Hybrids, Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEVs) and Battery Electric Vehicles (BEVs), based on how each technology fits their lifestyle. Particularly in India, powertrain choice becomes a reflection of lifestyle, aspirations and behavioural readiness rather than engineering alone. Imagine three consumers walking into the same dealership on the same afternoon.

They belong to similar income groups, live in metropolitan India, are environmentally conscious and are equally excited by the future of mobility.

Yet, by the end of the day, one chooses a BEV, another opts for a PHEV, while the third confidently selects a Hybrid. **Not because one technology is objectively superior, but because each one solves a different human need.** The industry therefore needs to shift the conversation. Consumers are not simply choosing powertrains. They are choosing the version of the future that best aligns with who they are.



Three Mindsets. One market

The Pioneer: "The Future is Worth Adapting For."

Digitally savvy and well-informed, this consumer is comfortable embracing new technologies and adapting existing routines. While concerns around charging infrastructure, long-distance travel and battery longevity do exist, they are viewed as challenges that can be overcome through planning rather than barriers to adoption. The emotional reward of being at the forefront of a mobility transformation

outweighs the effort of behavioural change. For this consumer, purchasing a BEV is as much about expressing identity and values as it is about functionality. For OEMs, success lies beyond range and performance, in creating an ecosystem of connected experiences, seamless charging and sustainability that reinforces this consumer's aspirations.



*The Pioneer is an **early adopter** who views a BEV not merely as a vehicle, but as a symbol of progress and participation in the future.*

The Balancer: "Technology Should Fit My Life, Not Redefine It."

With predictable weekday commutes and spontaneous weekend travel, a PHEV offers the ideal blend of electric mobility for daily use and the reassurance of an internal combustion engine for longer journeys. Rather than viewing the dual powertrain as a compromise, this consumer values it as a source of confidence and optionality.

For the Balancer, technology should adapt to life. Not the other way around. OEMs therefore, need to position PHEVs not as transitional technologies or the "best of both worlds," but as a distinct mobility solution that delivers flexibility, confidence and the freedom to choose the right mode of travel for every journey.



*The Balancer embraces electrification but is **unwilling to compromise the flexibility that their lifestyle demands.***

The Optimiser: “The Smartest Technology is the One That Works Effortlessly.”

The Optimiser values innovation only when it simplifies life rather than adding complexity. For this consumer, a Hybrid represents intelligent progress, delivering better fuel efficiency and lower emissions without requiring changes to established driving habits or ownership routines. Their choice is guided not by resistance to change but by pragmatism; progress is defined by relevance and ease of integration

rather than novelty. Hybrid buyers are not reluctant adopters; they are discerning decision-makers who value dependable engineering and practical innovation. For OEMs, the opportunity lies in positioning Hybrids around effortless efficiency, engineering maturity and intelligent practicality, rather than as merely an alternative to full electrification.



*The Optimiser values innovation only when it **simplifies life** rather than **adding complexity**.*

The Common Thread

Despite similar demographics and purchasing power, consumers make very different powertrain choices because they **differ in their readiness to embrace change**.

This suggests that behavioural readiness, rather than traditional demographic segmentation, is becoming a far stronger predictor of technology adoption.



The Human Readiness Matrix allows us to use the human lens to decode powertrain choice

What explains these different choices?
Two behavioural dimensions that shape technology adoption:

- The first is **Behavioural Readiness**: the willingness to adapt existing habits, such as charging, journey planning and energy management, to embrace new technologies.
- The second is the **Need for Predictability**: the desire for confidence that the vehicle will perform reliably across all situations without disrupting established routines. Together, these dimensions provide a more meaningful lens for understanding powertrain preferences than demographics alone.

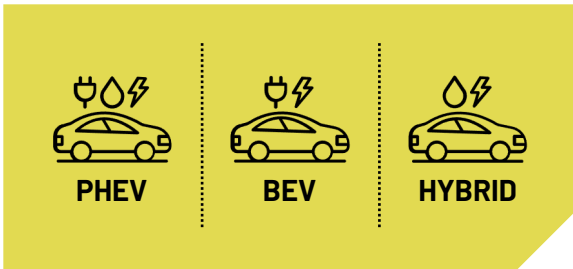
Together, these two dimensions create what we call the Human Readiness Matrix.

	Low Need for Predictability	High Need for Predictability
High Behavioural Readiness	The Pioneer (BEV) comfortable embracing change and adapting behaviours to experience the future.	The Balancer (PHEV) welcomes electrification but seeks the reassurance of flexibility and back-up.
Low Behavioural Readiness	The Traditionalist (ICE) prefers familiar technologies and established routines.	The Optimiser (Hybrid) values efficiency and innovation without changing existing habits.

The implication is profound: consumers are not progressing through technologies. They are selecting the technology that best fits who they are today. This distinction has significant strategic implications. If powertrain choice is fundamentally behavioural rather than purely technological, then success will depend not only on engineering excellence but also on understanding the emotional and psychological needs that different technologies fulfil.

The Cultural Meaning of Powertrains

As functional differences between powertrains continue to narrow, consumers are increasingly choosing them for what they represent rather than what they do.



- A **BEV** increasingly signals **Progress**, reflecting innovation and a willingness to embrace the future.
- A **PHEV** represents **Freedom**, the flexibility to enjoy electrification without compromising mobility.
- A **Hybrid** embodies **Wisdom**, signalling intelligent, practical and efficient decision-making.

Recognising these cultural meanings enables OEMs to move beyond feature-led communication towards emotionally resonant positioning. The competitive advantage will increasingly lie in understanding people, not just engineering.

BEVs should be positioned around aspiration and innovation, PHEVs around flexibility and confidence, and Hybrids around effortless efficiency and intelligent practicality.

Ultimately, consumers buy not just technology, but what that technology says about who they are.

The Next Decade Will Be Won in the Mind

As battery technologies evolve, charging infrastructure expands and functional differences between powertrains narrow, human behaviour will remain the true differentiator. Consumers will continue to balance innovation, flexibility, convenience and confidence in different ways, making no single powertrain universally superior. The future of mobility will therefore be shaped not by one winning technology, but by OEMs’

ability to understand the distinct behavioural needs each technology fulfils. The brands that succeed will design products, experiences and ecosystems that adapt to consumers’ lives. Because ultimately, consumers don’t simply choose BEVs, PHEVs or Hybrids. They choose the future that feels right for them. And that future will be shaped as much by human behaviour as by technological innovation.

How can we uncover these mindsets?

These can be understood deeply by applying Ipsos’ Behavioural Science framework MAPPS, Ethnographic Immersions (guided by Ipsos’ global Center of Excellence), in combination with making sense of consumer chatter on social media. This framework can also be applied for a new category or sub-category to look for the right behavioural cues. In case you want to explore this further, please speak to our experts for this and more.

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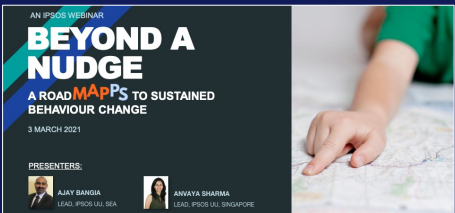
Further reading:



[Ethnography Centre of Excellence](#)



[AI-Enabled Consumer Intelligence Platform](#)



[Beyond a Nudge](#)