







Mental Health In The Canadian Workplace

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The presentation today follows on a cursory exploration of attitudes and conditions related to depression in North America presented in February 15, 2007...

- Today we are profiling highlights of what is the largest in-depth survey of Canadian workers and their workplaces on mental health and depression
- We specifically used an on-line study because our experience shows that engagement is higher on personal matters, such as mental health, when the respondent is in a more private, deliberative mode
- The study was carried out between October 29th and November 6th, 2007 in Canada and involved a total Canadian full/part-time worker sample of 4122 (1334 managers and 2788 non-managers)
- The survey instrument was approximately 20 minutes in length





Phase 2 was to explore the workplace in depth...

- Notably, the findings are more positive and consistent than some would perhaps expect...
- There is much more analysis and segmentation to be conducted...





So, how is the Canadian workplace today?



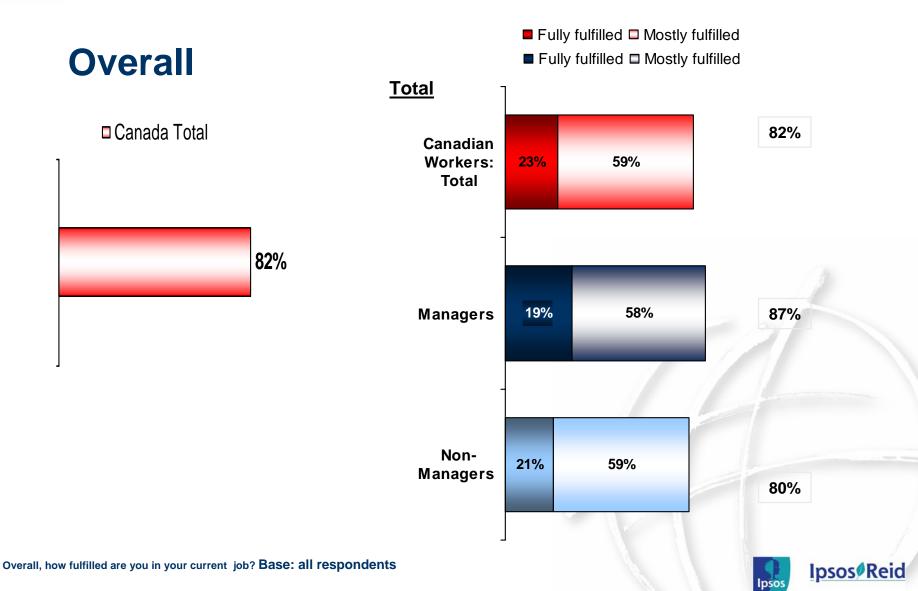


Perhaps a lot better than some make it out to be...



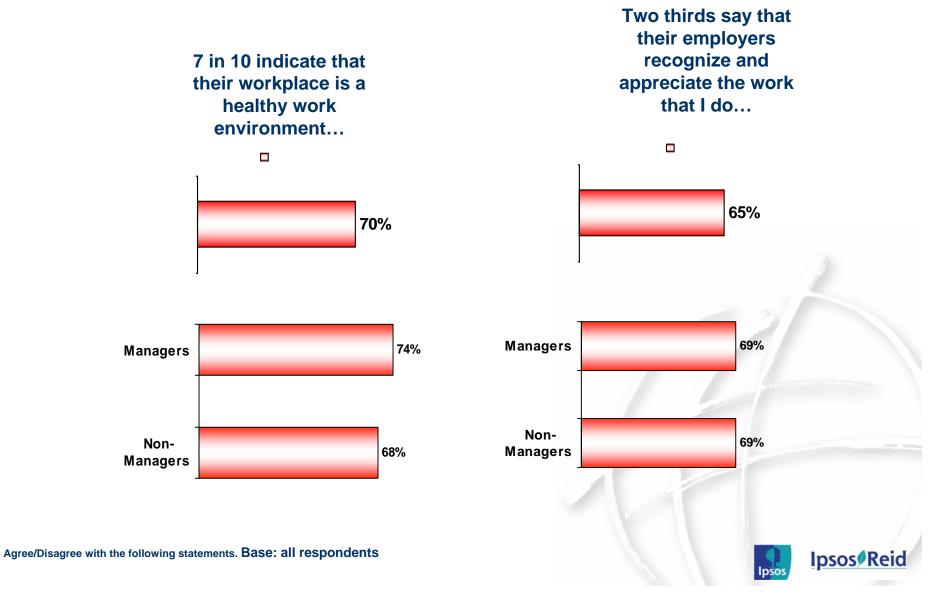


Overall, a full majority of employees in Canada are "fulfilled" in their jobs – approximately one quarter fully fulfilled...





Is it a healthy and appreciative workplace? Yes.



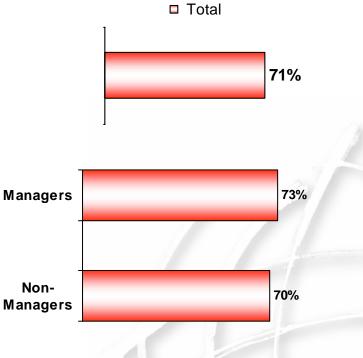


And most say that they are benefits are sufficient and that their employer respects their work/life balance...

Two thirds say their employer provides sufficient benefits such as health/dental plans...



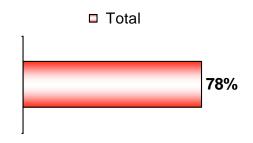
And 7 in 10 say their employer respects their work/life balance...

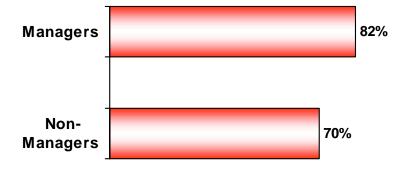




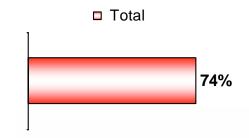
Further, 8 in 10 say their employer provides them with flexibility, and almost as many say they are supportive...

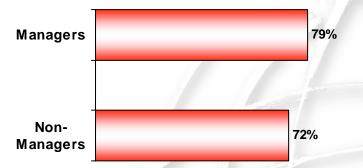






Is supportive of my personal needs...







What about awareness of employee stress and depression in their workplace?





Almost half of Canadian workers are aware of co-workers in the workplace facing mental health challenges ...

Aware of at co-worker/self stressed to the point of reduced productivity or requiring time off...

Aware of a co-worker/self coping with bouts of depression that may require days off...

■ Total

37%











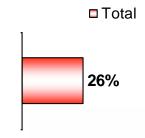
And, similarly...

Aware of a co-worker/self having anxiety or panic disorders...





Aware of a co-worker/self taking an extended leave of absence (3 months or more) to deal with a mental health issue...



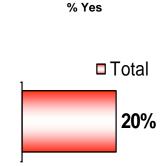


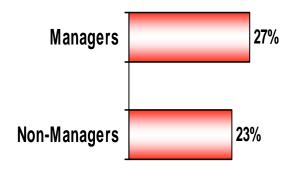






But few are aware of any specific guidelines or policies in their workplace for dealing with or accommodating employees with mental health conditions...

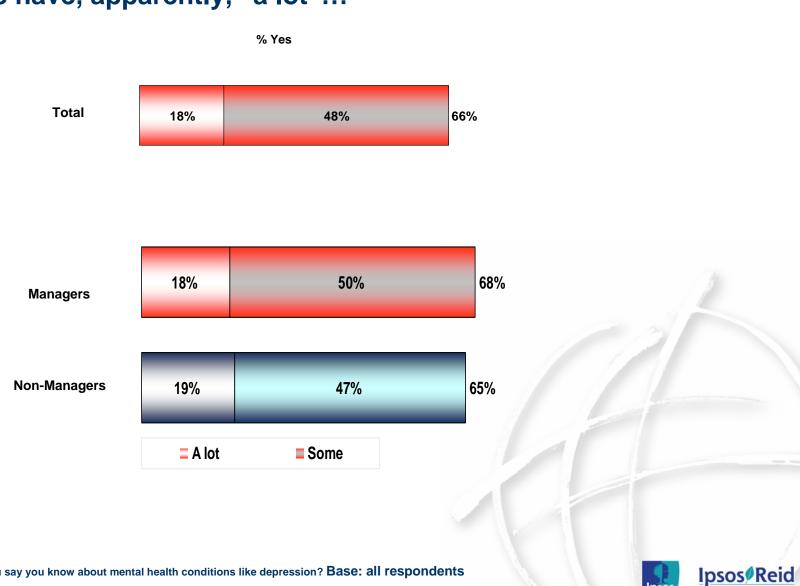








Most indicate that they have "some understanding" about mental health conditions like depression – 1 in five have, apparently, "a lot"...







And, how accommodating was their workplace to this specific situation?





For the most part, employers are "accommodating"...

7 in 10 aware of a circumstance indicate their employer was accommodating for employees being stressed to the point of reduced productivity or requiring time off...

Almost 3/4 of those aware of a circumstance indicate their employer was accommodating for employees coping with bouts of depression that may require days off...



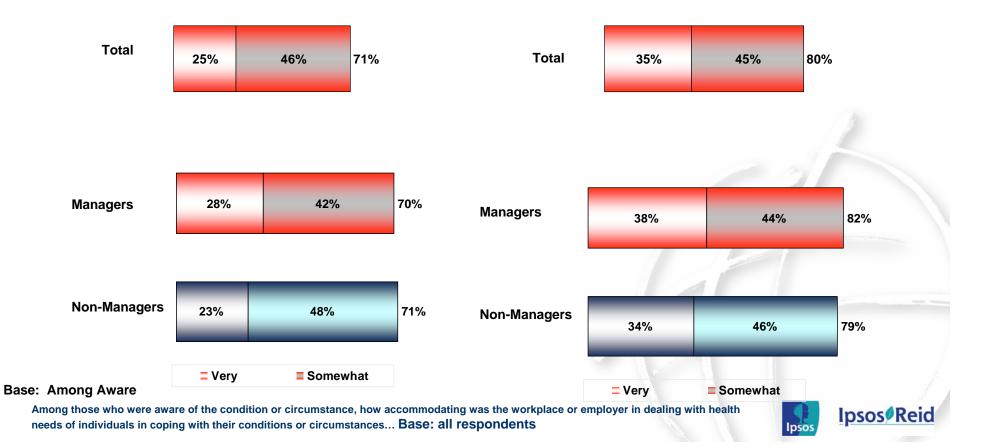
Base: Those Aware





And even more so here...

Almost three quarters of those aware of the circumstance say their employer was accommodating of an employee having anxiety or panic disorders... 8 in 10 of those aware of the circumstance say their employer was accommodating of an employee taking an extended leave of absence (3 months or more) to deal with a mental health issue...





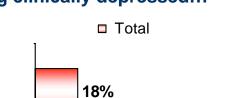
So what is the incidence of depression among workers in the workplace?

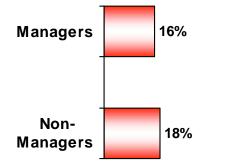




Approximately 1 in 6 of all employees say they have been diagnosed as being clinically depressed and 1 in 10 are currently taking medication for the condition...







I am currently taking prescription medication for depression...

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8% more think they suffer from depression but have not seen a doctor to be diagnosed...This suggests 26% of the entire Canadian Workforce either has (18%) diagnosed depression or undiagnosed self reported depression...

Base: all respondents



Of all workers...6% are currently under the care of a physician for depression...



And 3% are currently undergoing counseling or therapy for depression...and 3% have been hospitalized because of it...

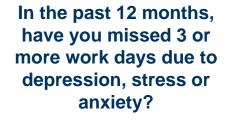


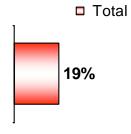
Base Diagnosed/believe they suffer from depression...





Of the 26% with diagnosed/self reported depression, 19% took days off due to depression, stress or anxiety in the past year...







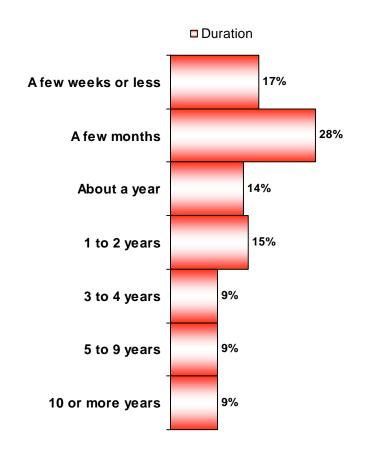
And how much time was missed?







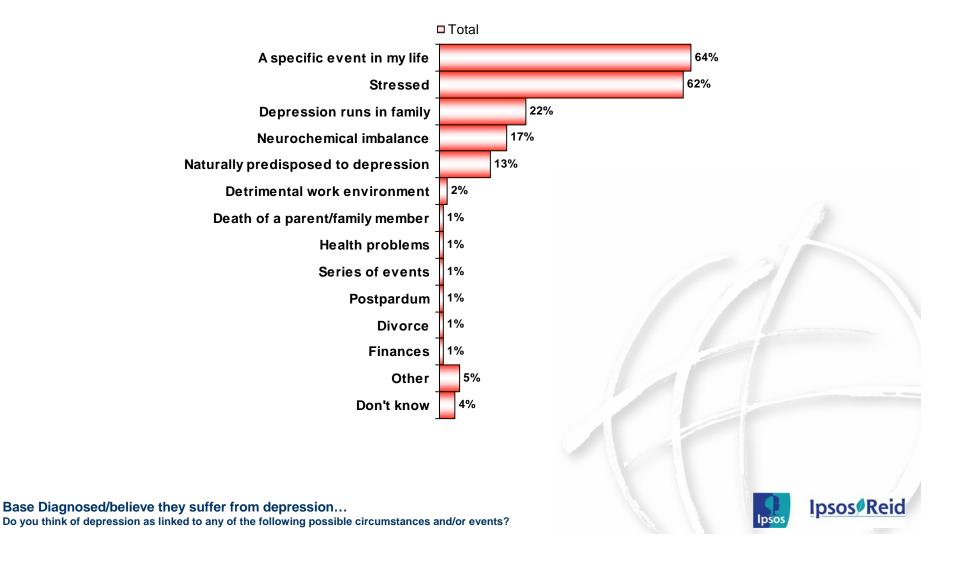
Duration of depression: 59% of these workers indicate it lasts from a few weeks to a year...9% of these workers say it has gone on for 10 years or more...







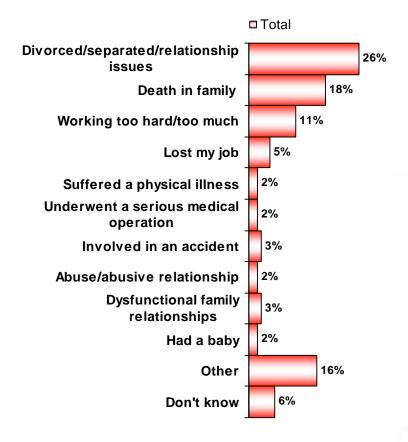
Of the 26% depressed (diagnosed/believed) they believe it is linked to the following, with 2/3rds pointing to a specific event/stress:





And of the 2/3'rds who said a specific event was linked to their depression: relationship issues (26%), Death in the family (18%) and work (11%) were top cited...

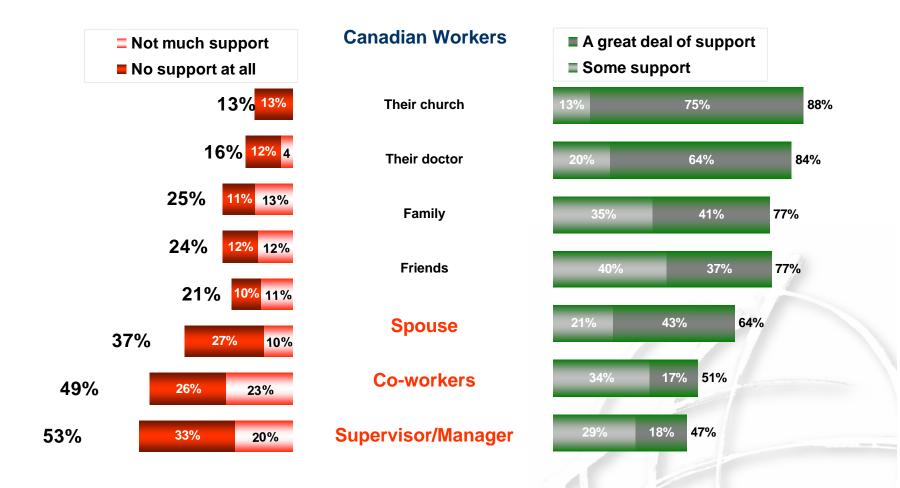
17% of all diagnosed with/believe have depression say specific link to relationship issues...







Where the 26% get their support...and where they don't...



Base: Those diagnosed/believe they suffer from depression

Of those who have been diagnosed by a doctor as being clinically depressed or believe that they suffer from depression without diagnosis...In terms of coping with depression at work, how much support do they get from...(ranked)





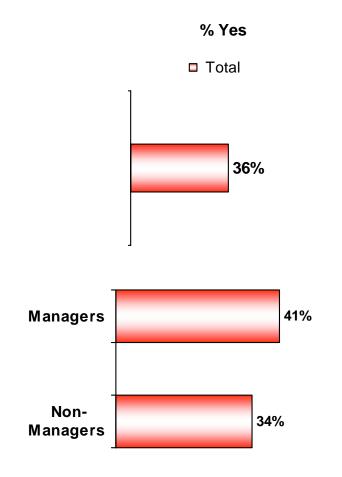


Letting people in the workplace know...





Of the 26% less than 4 in 10 are likely to have told someone at the workplace...





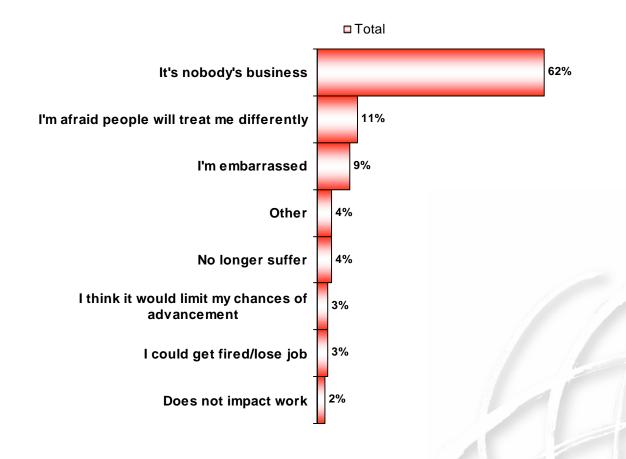






Primarily, because they don't think it's anybody's business...

Reasons:



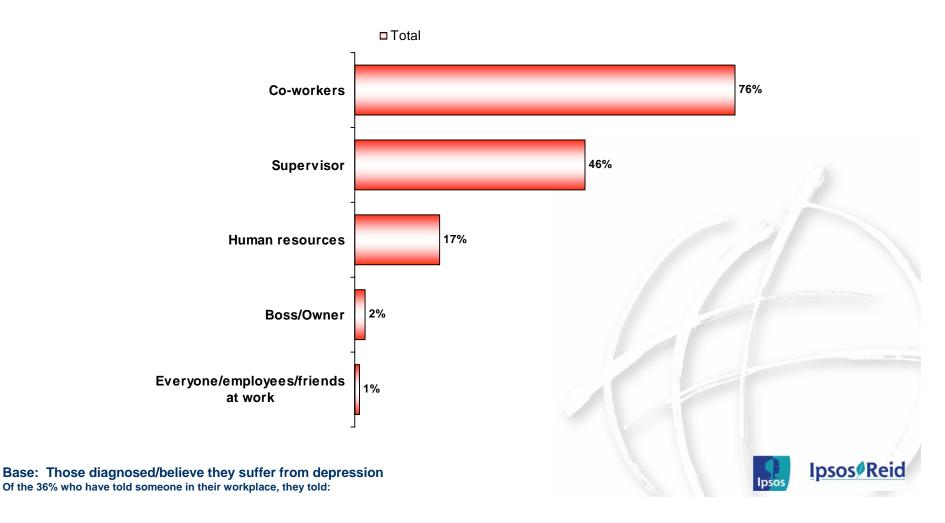






Of the roughly 36% who have actually told someone in their workplace, it's co-workers and then supervisors who are told, far less likely those in human resources and hardly ever "the boss"...

Workplace people who have been informed about a worker being diagnosed clinically with depression...





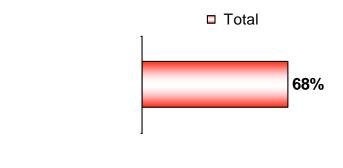
If co-workers discovered that an employee had depression, what would they expect?

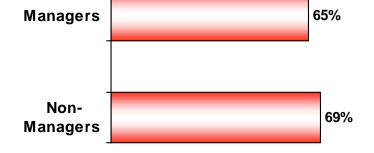




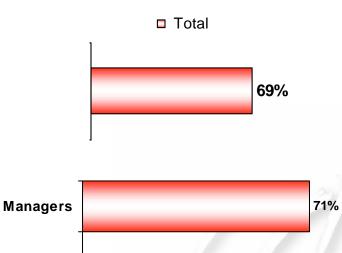
Seven in 10 say they continue to have the same level of confidence in them as before but an average of two thirds would expect them to be less productive than before...







Expect them to be less productive than before...



Non-Managers 69%

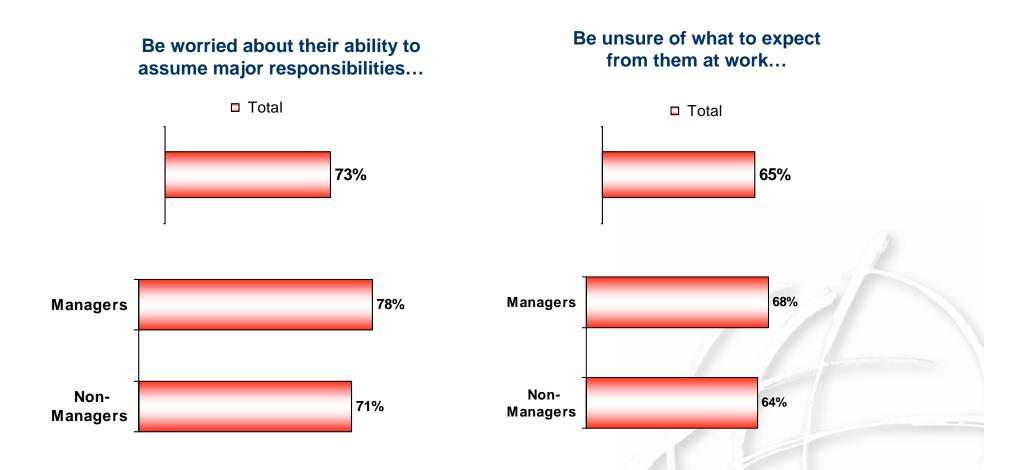
Base: all respondents... If I discovered that someone at your workplace was suffering from depression, I would...







However, there would be some significant angst: at least 7 in 10 would be worried about the ability of co-workers to assume major responsibilities and at least 2/3 would be unsure what to expect from them at work...



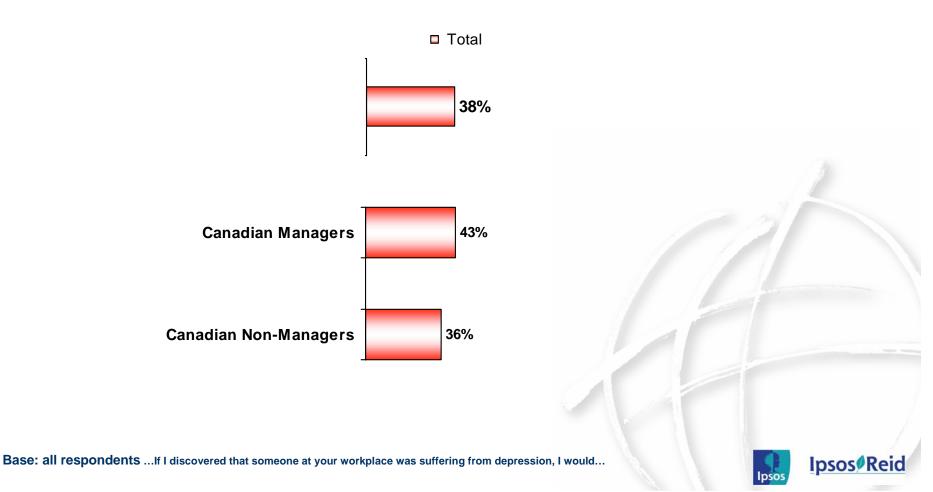






And it least four in 10 would consider them less reliable than before having learned of their depression...on the other hand, 6 in 10 wouldn't consider them less reliable...

I would consider them less reliable than before I learned of their depression...





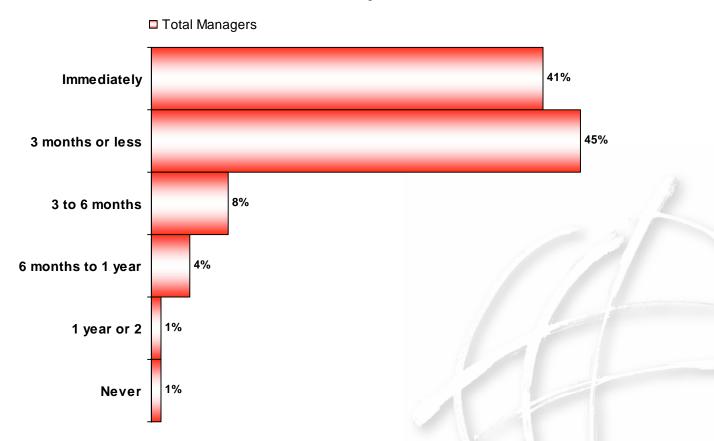
And how would managers react to an employee who had been given time off because of depression and then returns to work?





86% indicated that they would consider this employee "truly reliable" after three months or less...

...Consider them truly reliable?



Base: all managers ... An employee with diagnosed depression, who had left the company with permission fro sick leave, returns after a three month absence and appears to be alright, or for all intents and purposes, normal and productive. Thinking about the type of work employees under your supervision are required to do, how long would it be before you would fully...



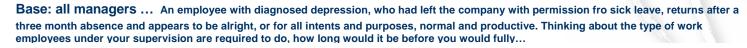




And almost an equal number would let them fully assume the responsibilities they had previously...

...Let them fully assume the responsibilities they had previously?



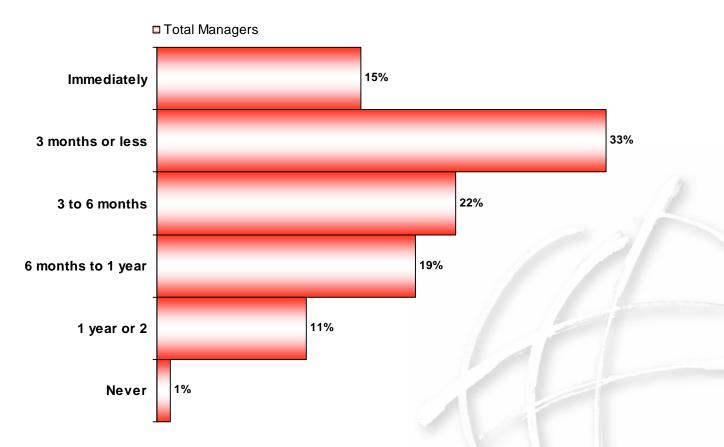






For a promotion, three quarters of managers indicate it could be from somewhere between three months and a year...

...Consider them for a promotion?



Base: all managers ... An employee with diagnosed depression, who had left the company with permission fro sick leave, returns after a three month absence and appears to be alright, or for all intents and purposes, normal and productive. Thinking about the type of work employees under your supervision are required to do, how long would it be before you would fully





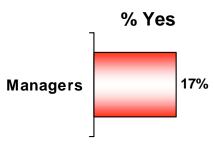


So, what are managers dealing with?

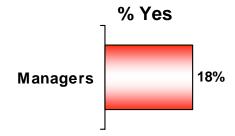




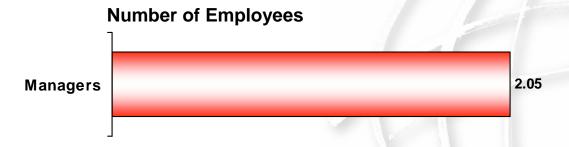
1 in 6 managers know of employee direct reports who have been diagnosed with depression?



1 in 6 managers know of employee direct reports who they suspect have depression but not diagnosed?



2 or more direct reports with diagnosed or suspected depression:



Base: all managers ... Has anyone who reports to you been diagnosed by a doctor as having depression? Is there someone in your workplace you suspect suffers from depression, but who you believe has not been diagnosed by a doctor? Of the employees who report to you, how many overall do you know or believe to be suffering from depression, whether diagnosed or not?







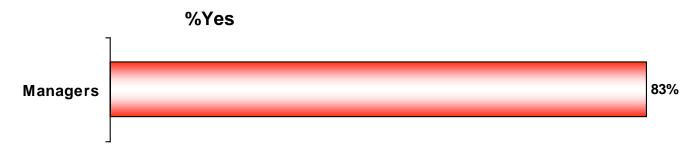
Total costs to the company estimated by managers with direct reports who have been diagnosed or they suspect may have depression without diagnosis:

- Total annual estimated cost for "depressed" Canadian direct reports in reduced efficiency/productivity while at work: \$14,579.74
- Per Canadian employee: \$7,112.07
- Total annual estimated cost for Canadian "depressed" direct reports in absenteeism: \$20,335.56
- Per Canadian employee: \$9,919.79

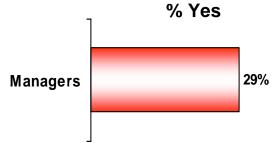




A full majority believe that as a supervisor they consider it a part of their job to intervene with an employee who they believe is showing signs of depression:



In their role as a supervisor, they have personally intervened with an employee who they believe is showing signs of depression:



Base: all managers

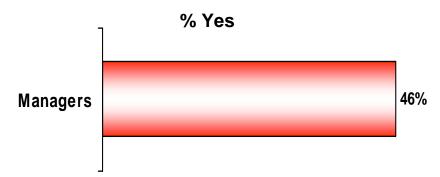




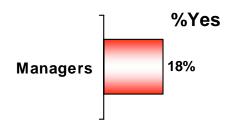
A majority say they know what to do in order to help someone who reports to them who was suffering from depression:



Roughly half indicate they have a strong grasp of the policies at their company regarding mental health:



But very few have received training to help them identify and deal with employees who exhibit signs of depression:



Base: all managers





Managers who have experienced an employee suffering from depression ask for better training, support and the guidelines...







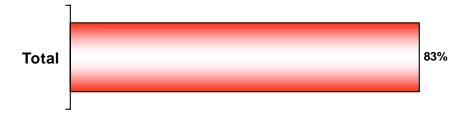


And, some final voices from the workplace...

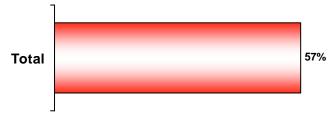




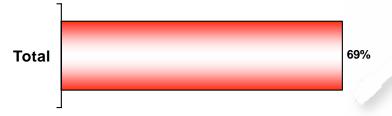
A full majority of all employees believe that workers with mental health conditions can be just as productive as other workers if they have access to the right supports...



6 in 10 say that at their workplace, people can acknowledge that they have depression and still get ahead in their careers...



7 in 10 believe that If they told their direct supervisor that they suffered from depression, they would be understanding and supportive...

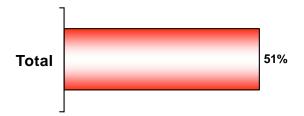


Base: all respondents

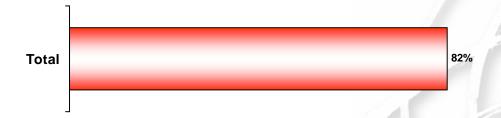




Half of all employees say they would know what to do to help a co-worker who was suffering from depression...



And, 8 in 10 say CEOs should make helping employees with depression a key human resources priority...



Base: all respondents





So what have we learned?





Preliminary Learnings...

- The workplace climate about the awareness, receptivity, accommodation and support of those with depression appears to be fairly positive and prudent
- Over a quarter of the Canadian workforce has either been diagnosed (18%) or believe they suffer from undiagnosed depression (8%)
- While workplaces appear to be doing many of the right things, very few have tangible guidelines to help workers and managers and the Human Resources people are pretty much out of the picture
- The costs of workers in the workplace is significant on an aggregate and extrapolated basis





Preliminary Learnings...

- We should not confuse "stigma" with caution, lack of knowledge as to how to effectively respond...there appears to be a willingness to engage...
- The data SPSS set will be made available within a few weeks
- Special thanks The Great West Life Centre For Mental Health in the Workplace









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